

PROCLAMATION OF A STATE OF EMERGENCY

WHEREAS beginning on September 2, 2020, a significant heat wave struck California, bringing widespread near-record temperatures well in excess of 100 degrees throughout the State (the “Extreme Heat Event”); and

WHEREAS as a result of this Extreme Heat Event, the National Weather Service issued multiple Excessive Heat Warnings within the State; and

WHEREAS the Extreme Heat Event has and will continue to put significant demand and strain on California's energy grid; and

WHEREAS on September 3, 2020, the California Independent Service Operator (CAISO) issued a Flex Alert, calling for voluntary electricity conservation from September 5, 2020 through September 7, 2020 to mitigate impact to energy supplies during this Extreme Heat Event; and

WHEREAS the Extreme Heat Event is expected to last through at least September 7, 2020; and

WHEREAS it is necessary to take action to reduce the strain on the energy infrastructure and increase energy capacity during the Extreme Heat Event; and

WHEREAS it is critical that power plants in the State generate as much power as possible to satisfy the increased demand created by the Extreme Heat Event; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8558, subd. (b), I find that conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property exist due to the Extreme Heat Event throughout California; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8625, subd. (c), I find that local authority is inadequate to cope with the magnitude and impacts of the Extreme Heat Event; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with various statutes and regulations specified in this Order would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the Extreme Heat Event.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes, including the California Emergency Services Act, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567, 8571, 8625, and 8627, **HEREBY PROCLAIM A STATE OF EMERGENCY** to exist in California.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

1. In preparing for and responding to the Extreme Heat Event, all agencies of state government use and employ state personnel, equipment, and facilities or perform any and all activities consistent with the direction of the Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the State Emergency Plan. Also, all residents are to obey the direction of emergency officials with regard to this emergency in order to protect their safety.
2. For purposes of regulations concerning stationary generators, the Extreme Heat Event shall be deemed an "emergency event" under California Code of Regulations (CCR), title 17, section 93116.1, subd. (b)(14), and a loss of electrical service shall be deemed "beyond the reasonable control of the owner or operator" under CCR, title 17, section 93116.2, subd. 2(a)(12)(A)(2). In addition, use of stationary generators during the Extreme Heat Event shall be deemed an "emergency use" under CCR, title 17, section 93115.4, subd. (a)(30).
3. In regulations concerning portable generators, the Extreme Heat Event shall be deemed an "emergency event" under CCR, title 13, section 2452, subd. (j), and interruptions caused by the Extreme Heat Event shall be deemed an "unforeseen interruption of electrical power from the serving utility" under CCR, title 13, section 2453, subd. (m)(4)(E)(i).
4. In regulations concerning the use of auxiliary engines by ocean-going vessels berthed in California ports, the Extreme Heat Event shall be deemed an "emergency event" under CCR, title 17, section 93118.3, subd. (c)(14).
5. This Order shall be deemed to provide notice to reduce use of grid-based electrical power under CCR, title 17, section 93118.3, subd. (c)(14)(C), and notice under that same section that reduction is no longer necessary at 11:59 p.m. on September 8, 2020. Ships that initially berthed at California ports between September 4, 2020 and September 8, 2020 shall not be required to use shore power until September 11, 2020.
6. A ship operating on auxiliary engines pursuant to an "emergency event" under Paragraph 4 of this Order shall be deemed to qualify for an exemption under CCR, title 17, section 93118.3, subd. (d)(1)(E)(1)(a), and any visit occurring during the period described in Paragraph 5 of this Order shall be counted towards compliance under CCR, title 17, section 93118.3, subd. (d)(1)(F)(1).
7. The Air Resources Board shall exercise maximum discretion to permit the use of stationary and portable generators or auxiliary ship engines to reduce the strain on the energy infrastructure and increase energy capacity during the Extreme Heat Event.
8. The provisions of Water Code section 13385, subdivision (i)(1)(A) as they pertain to daily average and instantaneous temperature

limitations in waste discharge requirements for thermal power plants are suspended for any thermal power plant that maintains operations to abate the effects of the Extreme Heat Event. Any exceedance of the daily average or instantaneous temperature limitations resulting from maintaining operations during this time shall not constitute a violation for purposes of calculating mandatory minimum penalties under Water Code section 13385, subdivision (i).

9. Permitting requirements or conditions of certification adopted by the Energy Commission pursuant to section 25216.5, subd. (a), and sections 25500 et seq. of the Public Resources Code, as well as related permitting requirements adopted by local air quality management districts, that restrict the amount of power that a facility may generate, restrict the amount of fuel that a facility may use, or impose air quality requirements that prevent the facility from generating additional power during peak demand hours, from 3:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. or as otherwise needed to respond to the Extreme Heat Event, are suspended.
10. Any facility that operates in violation of permitting requirements or conditions of a certificate suspended by Paragraph 8 shall:
 - (i) notify the relevant local air quality management district, the Energy Commission, and the Air Resources Board of its actions within 48 hours; and
 - (ii) report additional fuel use, additional hours of operation, and energy produced by that additional use and operation to the relevant local air quality management district, the Energy Commission, and the Air Resources Board within 30 days of this Order.
11. Any permit, regulation or law prohibiting, restricting or penalizing the use of stationary or portable generators or auxiliary ship engines or other conduct allowed by this Order during the Extreme Heat Event is suspended.
12. The provisions in Paragraphs 2-9 of this Order shall expire at 11:59 p.m. on September 8, 2020, with the exception that, as provided in Paragraph 5, ships that initially berthed at California ports between September 4, 2020 and September 8, 2020 shall not be required to use shore power until September 11, 2020.

I FURTHER DIRECT that as soon as hereafter possible, this proclamation be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this proclamation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 3rd day of September 2020.

GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State