# AMENDED AND RESTATED TRIBAL-STATE COMPACT BETWEEN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA AND THE TULE RIVER INDIAN TRIBE OF CALIFORNIA

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# AMENDED AND RESTATED TRIBAL-STATE COMPACT BETWEEN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA AND THE TULE RIVER INDIAN TRIBE OF CALIFORNIA

The Tule River Indian Tribe of California (Tribe), a federally recognized Indian tribe, and the State of California (State) enter into this tribal-state class III gaming compact pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (IGRA).

### **PREAMBLE**

WHEREAS, the Tribe historically inhabited lands in central California occupying the territory along the rivers and creeks flowing from the Sierras and around Tulare Lake. The Tribe's reservation was established in 1873 and encompasses over 90 square miles of land (Reservation). Today the Tribe has 1,934 members; and

WHEREAS, on August 3, 2020, the Tribe and the State entered into the Tribal-State Compact Between the State of California and the Tule River Indian Tribe of California (2020 Compact), which enabled the Tribe, through revenues generated by its Gaming Operation, to improve the governance, environment, education, health, safety, and general welfare of its citizens, and to promote a strong tribal government, self- sufficiency, and to provide essential government services to its citizens; and

WHEREAS, the 2020 Compact was intended, in part, to permit the Tribe to relocate its Gaming Operation from a remote location with limited water supply to a 40-acre site shown on Appendix A as Tract ST5556 (Relocation Project Site), within the City of Porterville, California (Relocation Project) and which was accepted into trust for the benefit of the Tribe for gaming purposes (292 Application) pursuant to Section 20 of IGRA (codified at 25 U.S.C. § 2719(b)(1)(A)) (Section 20); and

WHEREAS, the Relocation Project Site, which the Tribe has owned since 1990, is within the Tribe's aboriginal territory, located approximately fifteen (15) miles from the current Reservation boundary, and located approximately five (5) miles from the Tribe's original reservation; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 20, in order for a tribe to operate a Gaming Operation on lands acquired after October 17, 1988, the tribe must apply for and receive a determination from the Secretary of the Interior that a gaming establishment on such lands would be in the best interest of the tribe and its members, and would not be detrimental to the surrounding community (Secretarial

Determination), and the governor of the state where the gaming activity is to be conducted concurs in the Secretarial Determination (Governor's Concurrence); and

WHEREAS, in conjunction with the Tribe's 292 Application, the availability of the Final Environmental Impact Statement, Tule River Indian Tribe Fee-to-Trust and Eagle Mountain Casino Relocation Project, dated April 2019, that addressed the potential impacts of the Relocation Project (Relocation Project FEIS), was published in the Federal Register on May 31, 2019, and the Tribe has entered into intergovernmental agreements with the City and the County to mitigate such impacts; and

WHEREAS, in recognition of the significant benefits the Relocation Project would have for the Tribe and its members, the Tribe's commitment to mitigate the impacts of the Relocation Project on the surrounding community, the positive economic impact the Relocation Project would have on the local economy, and recognizing that the Relocation Project is supported by the City, the County, and several local chambers of commerce, the Secretary of the Interior issued a positive Secretarial Determination for the Tribe's 292 Application on October 7, 2019; and

WHEREAS, on October 7, 2019 the Secretary of the Interior, in compliance with Section 20, requested the Governor's Concurrence in its Secretarial Determination; and

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to the Governor's authority under California law, the Governor issued a concurrence in the Secretarial Determination for the Tribe's 292 Application on August 3, 2020; and

WHEREAS, the State and the Tribe entered into negotiation to amend the 2020 Compact sections 2.12, 2.13, 2.14, 2.19, 2.25, 2.28, 4.5(a)(2)(B), 6.4.2(k), 11.0, 12.2, 12.5, and 12.6(e) and Appendix B in conformance with IGRA and to further the Relocation Project; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe is committed to improving the environment, education status, and the health, safety and general welfare of its members and local residents; and

WHEREAS, the State and the Tribe recognize that the exclusive rights that the Tribe enjoys under the State Constitution and those exclusive rights the Tribe will enjoy under this Compact create a unique opportunity for the Tribe to operate a Gaming Facility in an economic environment free of competition from the operation of Gaming Devices on non-Indian lands in California and that this unique economic environment is of great value to the Tribe; and

WHEREAS, in consideration of the exclusive rights enjoyed by the Tribe pursuant to article IV, section 19, subdivision (f) of the State Constitution to operate Gaming Devices and of the exclusive rights the Tribe will enjoy under this Compact to operate the number of Gaming Devices specified herein, and the other meaningful concessions offered by the State in good faith negotiations, and pursuant to IGRA, the Tribe reaffirms its commitment, *inter alia*, to provide to the State, on a sovereign-to-sovereign basis, and to local jurisdictions, fair cost reimbursement and mitigation from revenues from the Gaming Devices operated pursuant to this Compact on a payment schedule; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe and the State share an interest in mitigating the offreservation impacts of the Gaming Facility, affording meaningful consumer and employee protections in connection with the operations of the Gaming Facility, fairly regulating the Gaming Activities conducted at the Gaming Facility, and fostering a good-neighbor relationship; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe and the State share a joint sovereign interest in ensuring that Gaming Activities are free from criminal and other undesirable elements; and

**WHEREAS**, this Compact will afford the Tribe primary responsibility over the regulation of its Gaming Facility and will enhance the Tribe's economic development and self-sufficiency; and

**WHEREAS**, the Gaming Operation will celebrate its twenty-eighth anniversary in 2024, is one of the largest employers in Tulare County, and contributes revenue to fund critical tribal government services including healthcare, education, public safety, public works, social services, cultural, elder, youth and veteran's programs; and

**WHEREAS**, the State and the Tribe have therefore concluded that this Compact protects the interests of the Tribe and its members, the surrounding community, and the California public, and will promote and secure long-term stability, mutual respect, and mutual benefits; and

**WHEREAS**, the State and the Tribe agree that all terms of this Compact are intended to be binding and enforceable.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, the Tribe and the State agree as set forth herein:

### SECTION 1.0. PURPOSES AND OBJECTIVES.

The terms of this Compact are designed and intended to:

- (a) Evidence the goodwill and cooperation of the Tribe and the State in fostering a mutually respectful government-to-government relationship that will serve the mutual interests of the parties.
- (b) Enhance and implement a means of regulating Class III Gaming to ensure its fair and honest operation in a way that protects the interests of the Tribe, the State, its citizens, and local communities in accordance with IGRA, and through that regulated Class III Gaming, enable the Tribe to develop self-sufficiency, promote tribal economic development, and generate jobs and revenues to support the Tribe's government and its governmental services and programs.
- (c) Promote ethical practices in conjunction with Class III Gaming, through the licensing and control of persons and entities employed in, or providing goods and services to, the Gaming Operation, protect against the presence or participation of persons whose criminal backgrounds, reputations, character, or associations make them unsuitable for participation in gaming, thereby maintaining a high level of integrity in tribal government gaming, and protect the patrons and employees of the Gaming Operation.
- (d) Achieve the objectives set forth in the preamble.

### **SECTION 2.0. DEFINITIONS.**

- **Sec. 2.1**. "Applicable Codes" means the California Building Standards Code and the California Public Safety Code applicable to the County, as set forth in titles 19 and 24 of the California Code of Regulations, as those regulations may be amended during the term of this Compact, including, but not limited to, codes for building, electrical, energy, mechanical, plumbing, fire and safety.
- **Sec. 2.2.** "Applicant" means an individual or entity that applies for a tribal gaming license or for a State Gaming Agency determination of suitability.
- Sec. 2.3. "Association" means an association of California tribal and state gaming regulators, the membership of which comprises up to two (2) representatives from each tribal gaming agency of those tribes with whom the State has a Class III Gaming compact or Secretarial Procedures and up to two (2) delegates each from the California Department of Justice, Bureau of Gambling Control and the California Gambling Control Commission.

- **Sec. 2.4.** "City" means the City of Porterville, California, a political subdivision of the State.
- **Sec. 2.5.** "Class III Gaming" means the forms of class III gaming defined as such in 25 U.S.C. § 2703(8) and by the regulations of the National Indian Gaming Commission.
- **Sec. 2.6**. "Commission" means the California Gambling Control Commission, or any successor agency of the State.
- **Sec. 2.7**. "Compact" means this Amended and Restated Tribal-State Compact between the State of California and the Tule River Indian Tribe of California.
- **Sec. 2.8**. "County" means the County of Tulare, California, a political subdivision of the State.
- **Sec. 2.9**. "Financial Source" means any person or entity who, directly or indirectly, extends financing to the Gaming Facility or Gaming Operation.
- **Sec. 2.10**. "Gaming Activity" or "Gaming Activities" means the Class III Gaming activities authorized under this Compact.
- Sec. 2.11. "Gaming Device" means any slot machine within the meaning of article IV, section 19, subdivision (f) of the California Constitution. For purposes of calculating the number of Gaming Devices, each player station or terminal on which a game is played constitutes a separate Gaming Device, irrespective of whether it is part of an interconnected system to such terminals or stations. "Gaming Device" includes, but is not limited to, video poker, but does not include electronic, computer, or other technological aids that qualify as class II gaming (as defined under IGRA).
- Sec. 2.12. "Gaming Employee" means any natural person who is an employee of the Gaming Operation and (a) conducts, operates, maintains, repairs, accounts for, or assists in any Gaming Activities, or is in any way responsible for supervising such Gaming Activities or persons who conduct, operate, maintain, repair, account for, assist, or supervise any such Gaming Activities, (b) is in a category under federal or tribal gaming law requiring licensing, or (c) is a person whose employment duties require or authorize access to areas of the Gaming Facility in which any activities related to Gaming Activities are conducted, but that are not open to the public. The definition of Gaming Employee does not include members or employees of the Tribal Gaming Agency.

- **Sec. 2.13**. "Gaming Facility" or "Facility" means the buildings or structures in which Gaming Activities are conducted.
- **Sec. 2.14.** "Gaming Operation" means the business enterprise that offers and operates Gaming Activities, whether exclusively or otherwise, but does not include the Tribe's governmental or other business activities unrelated to the operation of Gaming Activities.
- **Sec. 2.15.** "Gaming Ordinance" means a tribal ordinance or resolution duly authorizing the conduct of Gaming Activities on the Tribe's Indian lands in California and approved under IGRA.
- **Sec. 2.16.** "Gaming Resources" means any goods or services provided or used in connection with Gaming Activities, whether exclusively or otherwise, including, but not limited to, equipment, furniture, Gaming Devices and ancillary equipment, implements of Gaming Activities such as playing cards, furniture designed primarily for Gaming Activities, maintenance or security equipment and services, and Class III Gaming management or consulting services. "Gaming Resources" does not include professional accounting and legal services.
- Sec. 2.17. "Gaming Resource Supplier" means any person or entity who, directly or indirectly, does, or is deemed likely to, manufacture, distribute, supply, vend, lease, purvey, or otherwise provide to the Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility at least twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in Gaming Resources in any twelve (12)-month period, or who, directly or indirectly, receives, or is deemed likely to receive, in connection with the Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility, at least twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in any consecutive twelve (12)-month period, provided that the Tribal Gaming Agency may exclude a purveyor of equipment or furniture that is not specifically designed for, and is distributed generally for use other than in connection with, Gaming Activities, if, but for the purveyance, the purveyor is not otherwise a Gaming Resource Supplier as described herein, the compensation received by the purveyor is not grossly disproportionate to the value of the goods or services provided, and the purveyor is not otherwise a person who exercises a significant influence over the Gaming Operation.
- **Sec. 2.18.** "IGRA" means the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-497, 18 U.S.C. §§ 1166-1168 and 25 U.S.C. § 2701 et seq.), and any amendments thereto, as interpreted by all regulations promulgated thereunder.

- Sec. 2.19. "Limited Gaming Tribe" is a federally-recognized tribe in California that has a Class III gaming compact with the State but is operating fewer than a combined total of three hundred fifty (350) Gaming Devices in all of its gaming operations wherever located, or does not have a Class III gaming compact but is engaged in Class II gaming, whether within or without California, during the immediately preceding three hundred sixty-five (365) days.
- **Sec. 2.20**. "Management Contractor" means any Gaming Resource Supplier with whom the Tribe has contracted for the management of any Gaming Activity or Gaming Facility, including, but not limited to, any person who would be regarded as a management contractor under IGRA.
- **Sec. 2.21.** "Net Win" means drop from Gaming Devices, plus the redemption value of expired tickets, less fills, less payouts, less that portion of the Gaming Operation's payments to a third-party wide-area progressive jackpot system provider that is contributed only to the progressive jackpot amount.
  - Sec. 2.22. "NIGC" means the National Indian Gaming Commission.
- Sec. 2.23. "Non-Gaming Tribe" is a federally-recognized tribe in California, with or without a Class III Gaming compact with the State, that has not engaged in, or offered, class II gaming or Class III Gaming in any location whether within or without California, as of the date of distribution to such tribe from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund, or during the immediately preceding three hundred sixty-five (365) days.
- Sec. 2.24. "Revenue Sharing Trust Fund" is a fund created by the Legislature and administered by the State Gaming Agency, that as limited trustee, is not a trustee subject to the duties and liabilities contained in the California Probate Code, similar state or federal statutes, rules or regulations, or under state or federal common law or equitable principles, and has no duties, responsibilities, or obligations hereunder except for the receipt, deposit, and distribution of monies paid by gaming tribes for the benefit of Non-Gaming Tribes and Limited-Gaming Tribes.
- Sec. 2.25. "Secretarial Procedures" are procedures prescribed by the Secretary of the Department of the Interior pursuant to 25 U.S.C. § 2710(d)(7)(B)(vii) of IGRA.
- **Sec. 2.26**. "State" means the State of California or an authorized official or agency thereof designated by this Compact or by the Governor.

- Sec. 2.27. "State Designated Agency" means the entity or entities designated or to be designated by the Governor to exercise rights and fulfill responsibilities established by this Compact.
- Sec. 2.28. "State Gaming Agency" means the entities authorized to investigate, approve, regulate and license gaming pursuant to the Gambling Control Act (chapter 5 (commencing with section 19800) of division 8 of the California Business and Professions Code), or any successor statutory scheme, and any entity or entities in which that authority may hereafter be vested.
- **Sec. 2.29**. "Tribal Chair" or "Tribal Chairperson" means the person duly elected or selected under the Tribe's constitution or governing documents to perform the duties specified therein, including serving as the Tribe's official representative.
- **Sec. 2.30.** "Tribal Gaming Agency" means the person, agency, board, committee, commission, or council designated under tribal law, including, but not limited to, an intertribal gaming regulatory agency approved to fulfill those functions by the NIGC, primarily responsible for carrying out the Tribe's regulatory responsibilities under IGRA and the Tribe's Gaming Ordinance. No person employed in, or in connection with, the management, supervision, or conduct of any Gaming Activity may be a member or employee of the Tribal Gaming Agency.
- **Sec. 2.31.** "Tribal Nation Grant Fund" is a fund created by the Legislature to make discretionary distribution of funds to Non-Gaming Tribes and Limited-Gaming Tribes upon application of such tribes for purposes related to effective self-governance, self-determined community, and economic development.
- **Sec. 2.32.** "Tribe" means the Tule River Indian Tribe of California, a federally recognized Indian tribe listed in the Federal Register or an authorized official or agency thereof.

### SECTION 3.0. SCOPE OF CLASS III GAMING AUTHORIZED.

- (a) The Tribe is hereby authorized and permitted to operate only the following Gaming Activities under the terms and conditions set forth in the Compact:
  - (1) Gaming Devices.
  - (2) Any banking or percentage card games.

- (3) Any devices or games that are authorized under state law to the California State Lottery, provided that the Tribe will not offer such games through use of the Internet unless others in the state not affiliated with or licensed by the California State Lottery are permitted to do so under state and federal law.
- (4) Off-track wagering on horse races at a satellite wagering facility pursuant to the requirements in the document attached hereto as Appendix D.
- (b) Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the Tribe from offering class II gaming.
- (c) Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize or permit the operation of any Class III Gaming that the State lacks the power to authorize or permit under article IV, section 19, subdivision (f), of the California Constitution.
- (d) The Tribe shall not engage in Class III Gaming that is not expressly authorized in this Compact.

# SECTION 4.0. AUTHORIZED NUMBER OF GAMING DEVICES AND FACILITIES, LOCATION OF GAMING FACILITIES AND COST REIMBURSEMENT.

### Sec. 4.1. Authorized Number of Gaming Devices.

The Tribe is entitled to operate up to a total of two thousand five hundred (2,500) Gaming Devices pursuant to the conditions set forth in section 3.1 and sections 4.2 through and including section 5.3.

### Sec. 4.2. Authorized Gaming Facilities.

The Tribe may establish and operate not more than two Gaming Facilities and engage in Class III Gaming only on lands that are, as of the execution date of this Compact, in trust and eligible for gaming under IGRA as legally described in and represented on the map at Appendix A hereto, including the Relocation Project Site. If the Tribe chooses to operate more than one (1) Gaming Facility, then one (1) of the two (2) Gaming Facilities shall have no more than five hundred (500) Gaming Devices.

### Sec. 4.3. Special Distribution Fund.

The Tribe shall pay to the State on a pro rata basis the State's 25 (a) U.S.C. § 2710(d)(3)(C) costs incurred for purposes consistent with IGRA, including the performance of all its duties under this Compact, the administration and implementation of tribal-state Class III Gaming compacts and Secretarial Procedures, and funding for the Office of Problem Gambling, as determined by the monies appropriated in the annual Budget Act each fiscal year to carry out those purposes (Appropriation). The Appropriation and the maximum number of Gaming Devices operated by all federally recognized tribes in California pursuant to tribal-state Class III Gaming compacts determined to be in operation during the previous State fiscal year shall be reported annually by the State Gaming Agency to the Tribe on or before December 15. The term "operated" or "operation" as used in this Compact in relation to Gaming Devices describes each and every Gaming Device available to patrons (including slot tournament contestants) for play at any given time. For purposes of this section 4.3, "tribal-state gaming compacts" refers to tribal-state Class III Gaming compacts and Secretarial Procedures for which the State has assumed regulatory responsibilities for the conduct of Class III Gaming. The Tribe's pro rata share of the State's 25 U.S.C. § 2710(d)(3)(C) regulatory costs in any given year this Compact is in effect shall be calculated by the following equation:

The maximum number of Gaming Devices operated in the Tribe's Gaming Facility during the previous State fiscal year as determined by the State Gaming Agency, divided by the maximum number of Gaming Devices operated by all federally recognized tribes in California pursuant to tribal-state gaming compacts during the previous State fiscal year, multiplied by the Appropriation, equals the Tribe's pro rata share.

(1) Beginning the first full quarter after the effective date of this Compact, the Tribe shall pay its pro rata share to the State Gaming Agency for deposit into the Indian Gaming Special Distribution Fund established by the Legislature (Special Distribution Fund). The payment shall be made in four (4) equal quarterly installments due on the thirtieth (30th) day following the end of each calendar quarter (i.e., by April 30 for the first quarter, July 30 for the second quarter, October 30 for

the third quarter, and January 30 for the fourth quarter): provided, however, that in the event this Compact becomes effective during a calendar quarter, payment shall be prorated for the number of days remaining in that initial quarter, in addition to any remaining full quarters in the first calendar year of operation to obtain a full year of full quarterly payments of the Tribe's pro rata share specified above. A payment year will run from January through December. If any portion of the Tribe's quarterly pro rata share payment is overdue, the Tribe shall pay to the State for purposes of deposit into the appropriate fund, the amount overdue plus interest accrued thereon at the rate of one percent (1.0%) per month or the maximum rate permitted by state law for delinquent payments owed to the State, whichever is less. All quarterly payments shall be accompanied by the Quarterly Contribution Report specified in section 4.4.

- (2) If the Tribe objects to the State's determination of the Tribe's pro rata share, or to the amount of the Appropriation as including matters not consistent with IGRA, the matter shall be resolved in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions of section 13.0. Any State determination of the Tribe's adjusted pro rata share challenged by the Tribe shall govern and must be paid by the Tribe to the State when due, and the Tribe's payment is a condition precedent to invoking the section 13.0 dispute resolution provisions.
- (3) Only for purposes of calculating the Tribe's annual pro rata share under section 4.3, subdivision (a), any increase in the Appropriation for the current year shall be capped at an amount equal to five percent (5%) from the Appropriation used to calculate the Tribe's pro rata share in the immediately preceding year. The Appropriation, so capped, will be used to calculate the Tribe's pro rata share under the equation set forth in section 4.3, subdivision (a).
- (4) The foregoing payments have been negotiated between the parties as a fair and reasonable contribution, based upon the State's costs of regulating and mitigating certain impacts of tribal Class III Gaming Activities, including problem gambling,

as well as the Tribe's market conditions, its circumstances, and the rights afforded and consideration provided by this Compact.

(b) In any given State fiscal year, to the extent permissible and only as may be provided under State law, the State Gaming Agency may reduce, or eliminate the Tribe's pro rata share payment obligation to the Special Distribution Fund.

### Sec. 4.3.1. Use of Special Distribution Funds.

Revenue placed in the Special Distribution Fund shall be available for appropriation by the Legislature for the following purposes:

- (a) Grants, including any administrative costs, for programs designed to address and treat gambling addiction;
- (b) Grants, including any administrative costs and environmental review costs, for the support of State and local government agencies impacted by tribal government gaming;
- (c) Compensation for regulatory costs incurred by the State including, but not limited to, the State Gaming Agency, the California Department of Justice, the Office of Problem Gambling, and State Designated Agencies in connection with the implementation and administration of Class III Gaming compacts and Secretarial Procedures in California;
- (d) Compensation to state and local governments for law enforcement, fire, public safety, and other emergency response services provided in response to or arising from any threat to the health, welfare and safety of Gaming Facility patrons, employees, tribal members or the public generally, attributable to, or as a consequence of, intra-tribal government disputes; and
- (e) Any other purposes specified by the Legislature that are consistent with IGRA, including funds necessary to ensure adequate funding to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund as that term is defined in this Compact.

### Sec. 4.4. Quarterly Payments and Quarterly Contribution Report.

(a) (1) The Tribe shall remit quarterly to the State Gaming Agency (i) the payments described in section 4.3, for deposit into the

- Special Distribution Fund and (ii) the payments described in section 5.2, for deposit into the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or the Tribal Nation Grant Fund.
- (2) If the Gaming Activities authorized by this Compact commence during a calendar quarter, the first payment shall be due on the thirtieth (30th) day following the end of the first full calendar quarter of the Gaming Activities and shall cover the period from the commencement of the Gaming Activities to the end of the first full calendar quarter.
- (3) All quarterly payments shall be accompanied by the certification specified in subdivision (b).
- (b) At the time each quarterly payment is due, regardless of whether any monies are owed, the Tribe shall submit to the State Gaming Agency a certification (the "Quarterly Contribution Report") that specifies the following:
  - (1) calculation of the maximum number of Gaming Devices operated in the Gaming Facility for each day during the given quarter;
  - (2) the Net Win calculation reflecting the quarterly Net Win from the operation of all Gaming Devices in the Gaming Facility;
  - (3) the amount due pursuant to section 4.3;
  - (4) calculation of the amount due pursuant to section 5.2; and
  - (5) the total amount of the quarterly payment paid to the State.

The Quarterly Contribution Report shall be prepared by the chief financial officer of the Gaming Operation.

(c) At any time after the fourth quarter, but in no event later than April 30 of the following calendar year, the Tribe shall provide to the State Gaming Agency an audited annual certification of its Net Win calculation from the operation of Gaming Devices. The audit shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, as applied to audits for the gaming industry, by an independent certified public accountant who is

not employed by the Tribe, the Tribal Gaming Agency, the Management Contractor, or the Gaming Operation, is only otherwise retained by any of these entities to conduct regulatory audits or independent audits of the Gaming Operation, and has no financial interest in any of these entities. The auditor used by the Tribe for this purpose shall hold a valid license issued by the California Accountancy Board.

- (2) If the audit shows that the Tribe made an overpayment from its Net Win to the State during the year covered by the audit, the Tribe's next quarterly payment may be reduced by the amount of the overage. If the audit shows that the Tribe made an underpayment to the State during the year covered by the audit, the Tribe's next quarterly payment shall be increased by the amount of the underpayment.
- (3) The State Gaming Agency shall be authorized to confer with the auditor at the conclusion of the audit process and to review all of the independent certified public accountant's final work papers and documentation relating to the audit. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall be notified of and provided the opportunity to participate in and attend any such conference or document review.
- (d) The State Gaming Agency may audit the calculations in subdivision (b) and Net Win calculations specified in the audit provided pursuant to subdivision (c). The State Gaming Agency shall have access to all records deemed necessary by the State Gaming Agency to verify the calculations in subdivision (b) and Net Win calculations, including access to the Gaming Device accounting systems and server-based systems and software, and to the data contained therein on a read only basis. If the State Gaming Agency determines that the Net Win is understated or the deductions overstated, it will promptly notify the Tribe and provide a copy of the audit. The Tribe within twenty (20) days will either accept the difference or provide a reconciliation satisfactory to the State Gaming Agency. If the Tribe accepts the difference or does not provide a reconciliation satisfactory to the State Gaming Agency, the Tribe must immediately pay the amount of the resulting deficiency, plus accrued interest thereon at the rate of one percent (1.0%) per month or the maximum rate permitted by state law for delinquent payments owed to the State, whichever is less. If the

Tribe does not accept the difference but does not provide a reconciliation satisfactory to the State Gaming Agency, the Tribe, once payment is made, may commence dispute resolution under section 13.0. The parties expressly acknowledge that the certifications provided for in subdivision (b) are subject to section 8.4, subdivision (h).

- (e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section 13.0, any failure of the Tribe to remit the payments required under section 4.3 referenced in subdivision (a), will entitle the State to immediately seek injunctive relief in federal or state court, at the State's election, to compel the payments, plus accrued interest thereon at the rate of one percent (1.0%) per month, or the maximum rate permitted by State law for delinquent payments owed to the State, whichever is less; and further, the Tribe expressly consents to be sued in either court and waives its right to assert sovereign immunity against the State in any such proceeding. Failure to make timely payment shall be deemed a material breach of this Compact.
- (f) If any portion of the payments required under section 4.3, as referenced in subdivision (a), is overdue after the State Gaming Agency has provided written notice to the Tribe of the overdue amount with an opportunity to cure of at least fifteen (15) business days, and if more than sixty (60) calendar days have passed from the due date, then the Tribe shall cease operating all of its Gaming Devices until full payment is made.
- (g) Any failure of the Tribe to remit the payments required under section 5.2 referenced in this subdivision (a), will entitle the State to immediately seek injunctive relief in federal or state court to compel the payments, plus accrued interest thereon at the rate of one percent (1.0%) per month, or the maximum rate permitted by State law for delinquent payments owed to the State, whichever is less. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section 4.4, subdivision (g), the State shall not be entitled to bring a claim under this section 4.4, subdivision (g) if the Tribe commences dispute resolution under section 13.0.
- (h) If any portion of the payments required under section 5.2, as referenced in this subdivision (a), is overdue after the State Gaming Agency has provided written notice to the Tribe of the overdue

amount with an opportunity to cure of at least fifteen (15) business days, and if more than sixty (60) calendar days have passed from the due date, then the Tribe shall cease operating all of its Gaming Devices until full payment is made unless the Tribe commences dispute resolution under section 13.0.

### Sec. 4.5. Exclusivity.

In recognition of the Tribe's agreement to make the payments specified in sections 4.3 and 5.2, the Tribe shall have the following rights:

- (a) In the event the exclusive right of Indian tribes to operate Gaming Devices in California is abrogated by the enactment, amendment, or repeal of a State statute or constitutional provision, or the conclusive and dispositive judicial construction of a statute or the State Constitution by a California appellate court after the effective date of this Compact, that Gaming Devices may lawfully be operated by another person, organization, or entity (other than an Indian tribe operating pursuant to a Class III Gaming compact or Secretarial Procedures) within California, the Tribe shall have the right to exercise one (1) of the following options:
  - (1) Terminate this Compact, in which case the Tribe will lose the right to operate Gaming Devices and other Class III Gaming authorized by this Compact; or
  - (2) Continue under this Compact with an entitlement to a reduction of the rates specified in section 5.2 following the conclusion of negotiations, to provide for: (A) compensation to the State for the costs of regulation, as set forth in section 4.3; (B) distributions to local governments under section 11.0; (C) grants for programs designed to address and treat gambling addiction; and (D) such assessments as authorized or permitted at such time under federal law. Such negotiations shall commence within thirty (30) days after receipt of a written request by a party to enter into the negotiations, unless both parties agree in writing to an extension of time. If the Tribe and the State fail to reach agreement on the amount of reduction of such payments within sixty (60) days following commencement of the negotiations specified in this section, the amount shall be determined by arbitration pursuant to section 13.2.

- (b) Nothing in this section is intended to preclude the California State Lottery from offering any lottery games or devices that are currently or may hereafter be authorized by state law.
- (c) Nothing in this section precludes the Tribe from discussing with the State the issue of whether any person or entity (other than an Indian tribe with an approved Class III Gaming compact or Secretarial Procedures) is engaging in the Gaming Activities specified in subdivisions (a) or (b) of section 3.1 of this Compact.

# SECTION 5.0. REVENUE SHARING WITH NON-GAMING AND LIMITED-GAMING TRIBES.

# Sec. 5.1. Administration of the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund and the Tribal Nations Grant Fund.

(a) The State Gaming Agency shall allocate and disburse the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund monies on a quarterly basis as specified by the Legislature. Each eligible Non-Gaming Tribe and Limited-Gaming Tribe in the State shall receive the sum of one million one hundred thousand dollars (\$1,100,000) per year from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund. In the event there are insufficient monies in the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund to pay one million one hundred thousand dollars (\$1,100,000) per year to each eligible Non-Gaming Tribe and Limited-Gaming Tribe, any available monies in that fund shall be distributed to eligible Non-Gaming Tribes and Limited-Gaming Tribes in equal shares. Monies deposited into the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund in excess of the amount necessary to distribute one million one hundred thousand dollars (\$1,100,000) to each eligible Non-Gaming Tribe and Limited-Gaming Tribe shall remain in the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund available for disbursement in future years, or be deposited in the Tribal Nation Grant Fund, but shall not be diverted to any non-Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or any non-Tribal Nation Grant Fund use or purpose. In no event shall the State's general fund be obligated to make up any shortfall in the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or to pay any unpaid claims connected therewith, and, notwithstanding any provision of law, including any existing provision of law implementing the State Gaming Agency's obligations related to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund under any Class III Gaming compact or Secretarial Procedures, Non-Gaming Tribes and Limited-Gaming Tribes are not third-party beneficiaries of

- this Compact and shall have no right to seek any judicial order compelling disbursement of any Revenue Sharing Trust Fund monies to them.
- The fiscal operations of the Tribal Nation Grant Fund are (b) administered by the State Gaming Agency, which acts as a limited trustee, not subject to the duties and liabilities contained in the California Probate Code, similar state or federal statutes, rules or regulations, or under state or federal common law or equitable principles, and with no duties or obligations hereunder except for the receipt, deposit, and distribution of monies paid by gaming tribes for the benefit of Non-Gaming Tribes and Limited-Gaming Tribes, as those payments are directed by a State Designated Agency. The State Gaming Agency shall allocate and disburse the Tribal Nation Grant Fund monies as specified by a State Designated Agency to one (1) or more eligible Non-Gaming and Limited-Gaming Tribes upon a competitive application basis. The State Gaming Agency shall exercise no discretion or control over, nor bear any responsibility arising from, the recipient tribes' use or disbursement of Tribal Nation Grant Fund monies. The State Designated Agency shall perform any necessary audits to ensure that monies awarded to any tribe are being used in accordance with their disbursement in relation to the purpose of the Tribal Nation Grant Fund. In no event shall the State's general fund be obligated to pay any monies into the Tribal Nation Grant Fund or to pay any unpaid claims connected therewith, and. notwithstanding any provision of law, including any existing provision of law implementing the State's obligations related to the Tribal Nation Grant Fund or the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund under any Class III Gaming compact or Secretarial Procedures, Non-Gaming Tribes and Limited-Gaming Tribes are not third-party beneficiaries of this Compact and shall have no right to seek any judicial order compelling disbursement of any Tribal Nation Grant Fund monies to them.

# Sec. 5.2. Payments to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or the Tribal Nation Grant Fund.

(a) If the Tribe operates more than three hundred fifty (350) Gaming Devices at any time in a given calendar year, it shall thereafter, including in that calendar year, pay to the State Gaming Agency, for deposit into the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or the Tribal Nation

- Grant Fund, six percent (6.0%) of its Net Win from its operation of Gaming Devices in excess of three hundred fifty (350).
- (b) The Tribe shall remit the payments referenced in subdivision (a) to the State Gaming Agency in quarterly payments, which payments shall be due thirty (30) days following the end of each calendar quarter (i.e., by April 30 for the first quarter, July 30 for the second quarter, October 30 for the third quarter, and January 30 for the fourth quarter). While the confidentiality provisions of section 8.4 apply to the individual amount of the Tribe's payments, the State Gaming Agency may as necessary report the amount in the aggregate combined with contributions of other compact tribes.
- (c) The quarterly payments referenced in subdivision (b) required by subdivision (a) and (b), as appropriate, shall be determined by first determining the total number of all Gaming Devices operated by the Tribe during a given quarter (Quarterly Device Base). The Quarterly Device Base is equal to the sum of the maximum number of Gaming Devices in operation for each day of the calendar quarter divided by the number of days in the calendar quarter that the Gaming Operation operates any Gaming Devices during the given calendar quarter.
- (d) If any portion of the Tribe's payment(s) under subdivision (a) and (b), as appropriate, is overdue, the Tribe shall pay to the State for purposes of deposit into the appropriate fund, the amount overdue plus interest accrued thereon at the rate of one percent (1.0%) per month or the maximum rate permitted by state law for delinquent payments owed to the State, whichever is less.
- (e) All payments made by the Tribe to the State Gaming Agency pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be deposited into the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund and the Tribal Nation Grant Fund in a proportion to be determined by the Legislature, provided that if there are insufficient monies in the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund to pay one million one hundred thousand dollars (\$1,100,000) per year to each eligible Non-Gaming Tribe and Limited-Gaming Tribe, the State Gaming Agency shall deposit all payments into the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund.
- (f) Either party may request a reopening of negotiations, limited exclusively to section 5.2, subdivision (a), if the balance of funds within the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or the Tribal Nation Grant

Fund either exceeds or falls short of the amount reasonably required to meet the long-term obligations of either fund. Neither party is obligated to accept a request to reopen negotiations under this subdivision and either party may decline the request for any reason.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact, in no event shall the State's general fund be obligated to make up any shortfall in the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or the Tribal Nation Grant Fund or to pay any unpaid claims connected therewith. Notwithstanding any provision of law, including any existing provision of law implementing the State Gaming Agency's obligations related to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or the Tribal Nation Grant Fund under any Class III Gaming compact, Non-Gaming Tribes and Limited-Gaming Tribes are not third-party beneficiaries of this Compact and shall have no right to seek any judicial order compelling negotiation under subdivision (f), or disbursement of any Revenue Sharing Trust Fund or Tribal Nation Grant Fund monies to them.

# Sec. 5.3. Provision for Credits Related to Payments Due Under Section 5.2.

- (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Compact, the State agrees to provide the Tribe with: (1) annual credits for up to one hundred percent (100%) of the payments required by section 5.2, subdivision (a), if the Tribe operates greater than or equal to three hundred and fifty (350) and less than or equal to twelve hundred (1,200) Gaming Devices; (2) annual credits for up to eighty percent (80%) of the payments required by section 5.2, subdivision (a), if the Tribe operates greater than twelve hundred (1,200) and less than or equal to one thousand eight hundred (1,800) Gaming Devices; or (3) annual credits for up to sixty percent (60%) of the payments required by section 5.2, subdivision (a), if the Tribe operates greater than one thousand eight hundred (1,800) and less than or equal to two thousand five hundred (2,500) Gaming Devices, for the following; provided such payments are not derived from a direct or indirect state or federal funding source:
  - (1) The cost of payments or in-kind contributions made by the Tribe that (i) are made to Tulare County, cities, other local communities or jurisdictions, or special service districts, or non-profit and civic organizations, that are operating facilities

or providing services within Tulare County for purposes of improved fire, law enforcement, public transit, education, tourism, environmental sustainability, wastewater treatment facilities, healthcare, cultural resource protection, and other services and infrastructure improvements that serve offreservation needs of County residents and of the Tribe, or (ii) support those governmental programs of the Tribe that serve both the Tribe and any members of the local community who are not enrolled members of the Tribe. "In-kind contribution" means a non-monetary contribution, gift, or donation of services or tangible or intangible personal property provided for free or at a discounted, or less than the usual, charge. In-kind contributions shall be valued at the fair market value of the goods or services at the time of the contribution. All in-kind contributions shall be evidenced by a written agreement, invoice, receipt, or similar document that is acceptable for audit purposes. At least twenty percent (20%) of the annual credits authorized by this section 5.3 shall be utilized for the purposes described in this subdivision (a)(1):

- (2) Payments made by the Tribe pursuant to agreements with the County or the City for payment for any loss of tax revenues that would otherwise be due if the Gaming Facility were not located on Indian lands or by virtue of the loss of taxing authority over land subject to a federal trust acquisition, the existence of any tribal operations on federal trust land held for the benefit of the Tribe,
- (3) Investments, expenditures, or payments made by the Tribe to support operating expenses and capital improvements for non-tribal governmental agencies or facilities operating within Tulare County, and tribal governmental agencies or departments that provide services to areas and individuals within Tulare County, but outside of the Reservation;
- (4) Costs, investments, expenditures, or payments made by the Tribe for non-gaming related capital investments and economic development projects by the Tribe that provide mutual benefits to the Tribe and the State, Tulare County, or cities located within Tulare County, for instance, they have particular

- cultural, social or environmental value, or diversify the sources of revenue for the Tribe's general fund;
- Investments and any funds paid by the Tribe to the State, (5) including excise taxes, in connection with any energy conservation or renewable energy project that in whole or in part serves the Tribe, the Gaming Facility, the County or local community, or facilities that incorporate charging stations for electric or other zero-emission vehicles that are available to the Tribe's members, and patrons and employees of the Gaming Facility. For purposes of this subdivision (a)(5), "renewable energy project" means a project that utilizes a technology other than a conventional power source, as defined in section 2805 of the Public Utilities Code, as it may be amended, and instead uses as a power source biomass, geothermal, small hydroelectric, solar, or wind, as those power sources are defined in section 1391, subdivision (c), of title 20 of the California Code of Regulations, as they may be amended. The power source must not utilize more than twenty-five percent (25%) fossil fuel, and "facilities" shall include but not be limited to, parking areas, parking garages, and refueling stations;
- (6) Investments or expenditures made by the Tribe to support air quality improvement programs and initiatives;
- (7) Payments by the Tribe that (i) are made to Tulare County, cities located within Tulare County, or water districts for infrastructure projects in furtherance of making potable water, water treatment, sewer, or conservation services available to the Tribe and the local community, or (ii) are in furtherance of potable water, water treatment, sewer or conservation projects that, in part, serve the Gaming Facility or the local community;
- (8) Payments made by the Tribe to support capital improvements and operating expenses for facilities within California that provide health care services to tribal members, Indians, and non-Indians;
- (9) Investments or expenditures by the Tribe made to preserve, revitalize, or enhance the Tribe's cultural values, practices and traditions, including but not limited to, language revitalization

programs, support for Indian child welfare program costs, or payments to develop, fund or support processes, operations, or agencies, established to protect cultural resources and sacred sites affiliated with Native American people in California, irrespective of whether such efforts exceed the minimum legal requirements for cultural resource protection under existing law;

- (10) Investments or expenditures by the Tribe made to support educational programs and departments that serves tribal members as well as non-tribal members, including the Towanits K-5 Elementary School and the Tule River Education Department;
- (11) Costs and payments to support the preservation of historical buildings, landmarks or objects within California that have cultural significance to the Tribe;
- (12) Costs associated with improving the protection of wildlife and habitat (including forest management programs and initiatives), increasing tourism, establishing or improving highways, roadways, hiking trails, walkways and bike lanes, and other beautification efforts in the community;
- (13) Costs and payments to support and promote homeownership among, and to otherwise meet the housing needs of, members of the Tribe and Indians who are not members of the Tribe who are determined by the Tribe to be financially in need with reference to federal low income guidelines, local conditions, and the specific financial circumstances of such individuals;
- (14) Payments to Indians who are not members of the Tribe, for educational, cultural or vocational purposes, or to other federally-recognized tribes for governmental or general welfare purposes;
- (15) Costs and payments to support the Tribe's USDA Department's food distribution program; and
- (16) Payments to the principal amount of the Tribe's debt services, which are secured by the assets of the Gaming Operation. No more than twenty percent (20%) of the annual credits

authorized by the section shall be utilized for the purposes described in this subdivision.

- On or before January 1 of each year, the Tribe shall provide to the (b) State its annual budget for items eligible for credits under this section 5.3. Upon receipt, the State shall have ninety (90) days within which to review the items proposed and object if they do not meet the purposes set out in this section. If the State does not object to the items proposed within the ninety (90) days, the State shall not later seek to disallow those credits except as provided below. During the year, the Tribe shall take such credits during the first three (3) quarters in prorated amounts based on the annual budget, but during the fourth quarter shall take an adjusted amount based on actual amounts spent. At the end of each year, the Tribe shall submit to the State a budget reconciliation, reflecting the actual amounts expended compared to the budgeted numbers. The State shall have the right to review the credits taken and, if necessary, request additional information from the Tribe. If the State determines that the information provided does not substantiate the amount of credits taken, the State may reduce or disallow such credits. Any disputes shall be subject to the dispute resolution procedures set forth in section 13.0 of this Compact. All excess credits that cannot be applied in any one (1) year shall carryforward to all following years until completely exhausted. If in any year during the term of this Compact, the Tribe is unable to take the full amount of the credit and all carry-forward credits have been exhausted, the Tribe may request, and the State shall agree to, a reopening of negotiations, limited to section 5.2, subdivision (a).
- (c) On or before January 31, or other date as otherwise may be agreed to by the parties, of each year, the Tribe shall provide to the State Gaming Agency a report of annual credits taken and contributions made pursuant to sections 5.2 and 5.3. The reporting will include sufficient detail to enable both parties to ensure that the funds are being used in a manner consistent with the purposes set forth above.
- (d) Any excess credits earned under the 2017 Compact shall continue to carry-forward until exhausted in accordance with the provisions of this section 5.3.

### SECTION 6.0. LICENSING.

### Sec. 6.1. Gaming Ordinance and Regulations.

- (a) All Gaming Activities conducted under this Compact shall, at a minimum, comply (i) with a Gaming Ordinance duly adopted by the Tribe and approved in accordance with IGRA, (ii) with all applicable rules, regulations, procedures, specifications, and standards duly adopted by the NIGC, the Tribal Gaming Agency, and the State Gaming Agency, and (iii) with the provisions of this Compact.
- (b) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall make available for inspection by the State Gaming Agency upon request a copy of the Gaming Ordinance, and all of its rules, regulations, procedures, specifications, ordinances, or standards applicable to the Gaming Activities and Gaming Operation, but excluding the Tribal Gaming Agency's internal policies and procedures.
- (c) Within five (5) calendar days of a written request therefor, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall make the following documents available to Gaming Operation patrons or their legal representatives, through electronic means or otherwise in its discretion: the Gaming Ordinance: the rules of each Class III Gaming game operated by the Tribe, to the extent that such rules are not available for display on the Gaming Device or the table on which the game is played; rules governing promotions; rules governing points and the player's club program, including rules regarding confidentiality of the player information, if any; the tort liability ordinance specified in section 12.5, subdivision (b); and, the regulations promulgated by the Tribal Gaming Agency concerning patron disputes pursuant to section 10.0. To the extent that any of the foregoing are available to the public on a website maintained by an agency of the State of California or the federal government, or by the Tribe or the Gaming Operation, the Tribal Gaming Agency may refer requesters to such website(s) for the requested information.

# Sec. 6.2. Tribal Ownership, Management, and Control of Gaming Operation.

The Gaming Operation authorized under this Compact shall be owned solely by the Tribe.

### Sec. 6.3. Prohibitions Regarding Minors.

- (a) The Tribe shall prohibit persons under the age of eighteen (18) years from being present in any room or area in which Gaming Activities are being conducted unless the person is en route to a non-gaming area of the Gaming Facility, or is employed at the Gaming Facility in a capacity other than as a Gaming Employee.
- (b) If the Tribe permits the consumption of alcoholic beverages in the Gaming Facility, the Tribe shall prohibit persons under the age of twenty-one (21) years from purchasing, consuming, or possessing alcoholic beverages. The Tribe shall also prohibit persons under the age of twenty-one (21) years from being present in any room or area in which alcoholic beverages may be consumed, except to the extent permitted by the State Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control for other commercial establishments serving alcoholic beverages.

### Sec. 6.4. Licensing Requirements and Procedures.

### Sec. 6.4.1. Summary of Licensing Principles.

All persons in any way connected with the Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility who are required to be licensed or to submit to a background investigation under IGRA, and any others required to be licensed under this Compact, including, without limitation, all Gaming Employees, Gaming Resource Suppliers, Financial Sources not otherwise exempt from licensing requirements, and any other person having a significant influence over the Gaming Operation, must be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency and, except as otherwise provided, cannot have had any determination of suitability denied or revoked by the State Gaming Agency. The parties intend that the licensing process provided for in this Compact shall involve joint cooperation between the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency, as more particularly described herein.

### Sec. 6.4.2. Gaming Facility.

(a) The Gaming Facility authorized by this Compact shall be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency in conformity with the requirements of this Compact, the Gaming Ordinance, IGRA, and any applicable regulations adopted by the NIGC. The license shall be reviewed and renewed every two (2) years thereafter. Verification that this requirement has been met shall be provided by the Tribal Gaming Agency to the State by sending a copy of the initial license, either

- electronically or by hard copy, and each renewal license to the State Gaming Agency within thirty (30) days after issuance of the license or renewal. The Tribal Gaming Agency's certification that the Gaming Facility is being operated in conformity with these requirements shall be posted in a conspicuous and public place in the Gaming Facility at all times.
- (b) To assure the protection of the health and safety of all Gaming Facility patrons, guests, and employees, the Tribe shall adopt, or has already adopted, and shall maintain throughout the term of this Compact, an ordinance that requires any Gaming Facility construction to meet or exceed the standards in the Applicable Codes. The Gaming Facility and any construction, expansion, improvement, modification, or renovation thereto will also comply with title III of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seg. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Tribe need not comply with any standard that specifically applies in name or in fact only to tribal facilities. Without limiting the rights of the State under this section, reference to Applicable Codes is not intended to confer jurisdiction upon the State or its political subdivisions. For purposes of this section the terms "building official" and "code enforcement agency" as used in titles 19 and 24 of the California Code of Regulations mean the Tribal Gaming Agency, or such other tribal government agency or official as may be designated by the Tribe's law. The "building official" and "code enforcement agency" designated by the Tribe's law may exercise authority granted to such individuals and entities as specified within the Applicable Codes with regard to the Gaming Facility.
- (c) To assure compliance with the Applicable Codes, in all cases where the Applicable Codes would otherwise require a permit, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require inspections and, in connection therewith, shall employ for any Gaming Facility construction, qualified plan checkers or review firms. To be qualified as a plan checker or review firm for purposes of this Compact, plan checkers or review firms must be either California licensed architects or engineers with relevant experience or California licensed architects or engineers on the list, if any, of approved plan checkers or review firms provided by the city or county in which the Gaming Facility is located. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall also employ qualified project inspectors.

To be qualified as a project inspector for purposes of this Compact, project inspectors must possess the same qualifications and certifications as project inspectors utilized by the County. The plan checkers, review firms, and project inspectors shall hereinafter be referred to as "Inspector(s)." The Tribe shall require the Inspectors to maintain contemporaneous records of all inspections and report in writing any failure to comply with the Applicable Codes to the Tribe and the Tribal Gaming Agency and, if the failure is not remedied within thirty (30) days after giving notice of the failure to comply, shall give notice to the State Gaming Agency.

- (d) Upon reasonable request, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall cause the design and construction calculations, and plans and specifications that form the basis for the planned construction (the "Design and Building Plans") to be available to the State Gaming Agency for inspection and copying as soon as practicable.
- (e) In the event that material changes to a structural detail of the Design and Building Plans will result from contract change orders or any other changes in the Design and Building Plans, such changes shall be reviewed and field verified by the Inspectors for compliance with the Applicable Codes.
- (f) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall maintain during construction all other contract change orders for inspection and copying by the State Gaming Agency upon reasonable request and as soon as is practicable.
- (g) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall maintain the Design and Building Plans depicting the as-built Gaming Facility, which shall be available to the State Gaming Agency for inspection and copying upon its reasonable request, for the term of this Compact.
- (h) Upon final certification by the Inspectors that the Gaming Facility meets the Applicable Codes, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall forward the Inspectors' certification to the State Gaming Agency within ten (10) days of issuance. If the State Gaming Agency objects to the certification within sixty (60) days of receipt, the Tribe shall make a good-faith effort to address the State's concerns. If no objection is made within sixty (60) days of receiving the Inspector's certification, the certification will be deemed accepted by the State Gaming

- Agency. If the State Gaming Agency does not withdraw its objection, the matter will be resolved in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions of section 13.0.
- (i) Any failure to remedy within a reasonable period of time any material and timely raised deficiency shall be deemed a violation of this Compact and, furthermore, any deficiency that poses a serious or significant risk to the health or safety of any occupant shall be grounds for the State Gaming Agency to prohibit occupancy of the affected portion of the Gaming Facility pursuant to a court order until the deficiency is corrected. The Tribe shall not allow occupancy of any portion of the Gaming Facility that is constructed or maintained in a manner that endangers the health or safety of the occupants.
- (j) The Tribe shall also take all necessary steps to reasonably ensure the ongoing availability of sufficient and qualified fire suppression services to the Gaming Facility, and to reasonably ensure that the Gaming Facility satisfies all substantive safety and construction requirements of titles 19 and 24 of the California Code of Regulations applicable to similar facilities in the County as set forth below:
  - (1) Not less than sixty (60) days after the effective date of the Compact, and not less than biennially thereafter, and upon at least ten (10) days' notice to the State Gaming Agency, the Tribe shall ensure the Gaming Facility is inspected, at the Tribe's expense, by a qualified tribal inspection official, if any, who is responsible for fire protection on the Tribe's lands, or by an independent expert for purposes of certifying that the Gaming Facility meets a reasonable standard of fire safety and life safety.
  - (2) The State Gaming Agency shall be entitled to designate and have a qualified representative or representatives, which may include local fire suppression entities, present during the inspection. During such inspection, the State's representative(s) shall specify to the tribal inspection official or independent expert any condition which the representative(s) reasonably believes would preclude certification of the Gaming Facility as meeting a reasonable standard of fire safety and life safety. The State's representative shall not unreasonably delay the inspections.

- (3) The tribal inspection official or independent expert shall issue to the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency a report on the inspection within fifteen (15) days after its completion, or within thirty (30) days after commencement of the inspection, whichever first occurs, identifying any deficiency in fire safety or life safety at the Gaming Facility or in the ability of the Tribe to meet reasonably expected fire-suppression needs of the Gaming Facility.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days after the issuance of the report, the tribal inspection official or the independent expert shall also require and approve a specific plan for correcting deficiencies, whether in fire safety or life safety, at the Gaming Facility or in the Tribe's ability to meet the reasonably expected fire-suppression needs of the Gaming Facility, including those identified by the State Gaming Agency's representatives. A copy of the report shall be delivered to the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency.
- (5) Immediately upon correction of all deficiencies identified in the report, the tribal inspection official or the independent expert shall certify in writing to the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency that all deficiencies have been corrected.
- (6) Any failure to correct all deficiencies identified in the report within a reasonable period of time shall be deemed a violation of this Compact, and any failure to promptly correct those deficiencies that pose a serious or significant risk to the health or safety of any occupants shall be a violation of this Compact and grounds for the State Gaming Agency to prohibit occupancy of the affected portion of the Gaming Facility pursuant to court order until the deficiency is corrected.
- (7) Consistent with its obligation to ensure the safety of those within the Gaming Facility, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall promptly notify the State Gaming Agency of any circumstances that pose a serious and significant risk to the health or safety of occupants and take prompt action to correct such circumstances. Any failure to remedy within a reasonable period of time any serious and significant risk to public safety shall be deemed a violation of this Compact, and any

circumstance that poses a serious or significant risk to the health or safety of any occupant shall be grounds for the State Gaming Agency to prohibit occupancy of the affected portion of the Gaming Facility pursuant to a court order until the deficiency is corrected.

### Sec. 6.4.3. Gaming Employees.

- (a) Every Gaming Employee shall obtain, and thereafter maintain current, a valid tribal gaming license, and except as provided in subdivision (b), shall obtain, and thereafter maintain current, a State Gaming Agency determination of suitability, which license and determination shall be subject to biennial renewal; provided that in accordance with section 6.4.9, those persons may be employed on a temporary or conditional basis pending completion of the licensing process and the State Gaming Agency determination of suitability.
- (b) The State Gaming Agency will consult with the Tribal Gaming Agency to identify those Gaming Employees who, in addition to a tribal gaming license, must also apply for, obtain, and maintain, a finding of suitability from the State Gaming Agency. Gaming Employees who must obtain and maintain a finding of suitability from the State Gaming Agency may be referred to as "Compact Key Employees" and are identified by position on the "Compact Key Employee Position List." The general principles governing those Gaming Employees who must have both a tribal gaming license and a finding of suitability from the State Gaming Agency are set forth below. These principles are consistent with agreements between the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency identifying Gaming Employees who are not required to have a State Gaming Agency determination of suitability, as provided in section 6.5.6. subdivision (a) of the 2000 Compact and are referred to therein as "non-key Gaming Employee[s]" and that are in effect at the time of execution of this Compact and any such agreements shall remain in effect unless and until they are updated or amended through consultations between the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency. A Gaming Employee who is required to obtain and maintain current a valid tribal gaming license under subdivision (a) is not required to obtain or maintain a State Gaming Agency determination of suitability if any of the following applies:

- (1) The Gaming Employee is subject to the licensing requirement of subdivision (a) solely because he or she is a person who conducts, operates, maintains, repairs, or assists in Gaming Activities, provided that this exception shall not apply if he or she supervises Gaming Activities or persons who conduct, operate, maintain, repair, assist, account for or supervise any such Gaming Activity, and is empowered to make discretionary decisions affecting the conduct of the Gaming Activities.
- (2) The Gaming Employee is subject to the licensing requirement of subdivision (a) solely because he or she is a person whose employment duties require or authorize access to areas of the Gaming Facility that are not open to the public, provided that this exception shall not apply if he or she supervises Gaming Activities or supervises persons who conduct, operate, maintain, repair, assist, account for or supervise any such Gaming Activity, and is empowered to make discretionary decisions affecting the conduct of the Gaming Activities.
- (3) The State Gaming Agency, in consultation with the Tribal Gaming Agency, exempts the Gaming Employee from the requirement to obtain or maintain current a State Gaming Agency determination of suitability.
- Notwithstanding subdivision (b), where the State Gaming Agency (c) determines it is reasonably necessary, the State Gaming Agency is authorized to review the tribal license application, and all materials and information received by the Tribal Gaming Agency in connection therewith, for any person whom the Tribal Gaming Agency has licensed, or proposes to license, as a Gaming Employee. If the State Gaming Agency determines that the person would be unsuitable for issuance of a license or permit for a similar level of employment in a gambling establishment subject to the jurisdiction of the State, it shall notify the Tribal Gaming Agency of its determination and the reasons supporting its determination. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall thereafter conduct a hearing, in accordance with tribal law to reconsider issuance of the tribal gaming license and shall immediately notify the State Gaming Agency of its determination within seven (7) business days after the hearing, which shall be final unless made the subject of dispute resolution pursuant to section 13.0 within thirty (30)

days of such notification. In reaching a determination the arbitrator may consider the length of time that the Licensee held the position and the Licensee's job performance while awaiting a determination from the State Gaming Agency.

- (d) Except as provided in subdivisions (e) and (f), the Tribe shall not employ, or continue to employ, any person whose application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability or for a renewal of such a determination has been denied, or whose determination of suitability has expired without renewal.
- (e) Notwithstanding subdivision (d), the Tribe may employ or retain in its employ a person whose application for a determination of suitability, or for a renewal of such a determination, has been denied by the State Gaming Agency, if:
  - (1) The person holds a valid and current license issued by the Tribal Gaming Agency that must be renewed at least biennially;
  - (2) The denial of the application by the State Gaming Agency is based solely on activities, conduct, or associations that antedate the filing of the person's initial application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability;
  - (3) The person is not an employee or agent of any other gaming operation; and
  - (4) The person has been in the continuous employ of the Tribe for at least three (3) years prior to the effective date of the Tribe's 2000 Compact.
- (f) Notwithstanding subdivision (d), the Tribe may employ or retain in its employ a person whose application for a determination of suitability, or for a renewal of such a determination, has been denied by the State Gaming Agency, if the person is an enrolled member of the Tribe, and if:
  - (1) The person holds a valid and current license issued by the Tribal Gaming Agency that must be renewed at least biennially;
  - (2) The denial of the application by the State Gaming Agency is based solely on activities, conduct, or associations that antedate,

by at least ten (10) years, the filing of the person's initial application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability; and

(3) The person is not an employee or agent of any other gaming operation.

For purposes of this subdivision, "enrolled member of the Tribe" means a person who is a member of the Tribe as determined by the Tribe's law.

- (g) At any time after five (5) years following the effective date of this Compact, either party to this Compact may request renegotiation of the scope of coverage of subdivision (b) or (c).
- (h) This Section shall not apply to members of the Tribal Gaming Agency.

### Sec. 6.4.4. Gaming Resource Suppliers.

Every Gaming Resource Supplier shall be licensed by the Tribal (a) Gaming Agency prior to the sale, lease, or distribution, or further sale, lease, or distribution, of any Gaming Resources to or in connection with the Tribe's Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility. Unless the Tribal Gaming Agency licenses the Gaming Resource Supplier pursuant to subdivision (d), the Gaming Resource Supplier shall also apply to, and the Tribe shall require it to apply to, the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability at least thirty (30) days prior to the sale, lease, or distribution, or further sale, lease, or distribution, of any Gaming Resources to or in connection with the Tribe's Gaming Operation or Facility, except that for Gaming Devices the period specified under section 7.1, subdivision (a)(1), shall govern. The period during which a determination of suitability as a Gaming Resource Supplier is valid expires on the earlier of (i) the date two (2) years following the date on which the determination is issued, unless a different expiration date is specified by the State Gaming Agency, or (ii) the date of its revocation by the State Gaming Agency. If the State Gaming Agency denies or revokes a determination of suitability, the State Gaming Agency shall promptly notify the Tribal Gaming Agency and, as of the effective date of the State Gaming Agency's decision, the Gaming Resource Supplier shall no longer be authorized

to perform any work within or provide any goods or services to, in support of, or in connection with, the Gaming Operation or Facility. The license and determination of suitability shall be reviewed at least every two (2) years for continuing compliance. In connection with that review, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require the Gaming Resource Supplier to update all information provided in the previous application. For purposes of section 6.5.2, such a review shall be deemed to constitute an application for renewal.

- (b) Any agreement between the Tribe or the Gaming Operation and a Gaming Resource Supplier shall include and be deemed to include a provision for its termination without further liability on the part of the Tribe or its Gaming Operation, except for the bona fide payment of all outstanding sums (exclusive of interest) owed as of, or payment for services or materials received up to, the date of termination upon revocation or non-renewal of the Gaming Resource Supplier's license by the Tribal Gaming Agency based on a determination of unsuitability by the State Gaming Agency. Except as set forth above, the Tribe shall not enter into, or continue to make payments to a Gaming Resource Supplier pursuant to, any contract or agreement for the provision of Gaming Resources with any person or entity whose application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability has been denied or revoked or whose determination of suitability has expired without renewal.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the Tribal Gaming Agency may license a Management Contractor for a period of no more than seven (7) years, but the Management Contractor must still apply for renewal of a determination of suitability by the State Gaming Agency at least every two (2) years, and where the State Gaming Agency denies or revokes a determination of suitability, the State Gaming Agency shall promptly notify the Tribal Gaming Agency and, as of the effective date of the State Gaming Agency's decision, the Management Contractor shall no longer be authorized to perform any work within or provide any goods or services to, in support of, or in connection with, the Gaming Operation or Facility. Except where the State Gaming Agency has determined a Management Contractor to be unsuitable, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to bar the Tribal Gaming Agency from issuing additional new licenses to the

- same Management Contractor following the expiration of a seven (7)-year license.
- The Tribal Gaming Agency may elect to license a person or entity as a (d) Gaming Resource Supplier without requiring it to apply to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability under subdivision (a) if the Gaming Resource Supplier has already been issued a determination of suitability that is then valid. In that case, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall, within seven (7) days of the issuance of the license, notify the State Gaming Agency of its licensure of the person or entity as a Gaming Resource Supplier, and shall identify in its notification the State Gaming Agency determination of suitability on which the Tribal Gaming Agency has relied in proceeding under this subdivision (d). Subject to the Tribal Gaming Agency's compliance with the requirements of this subdivision, a Gaming Resource Supplier licensed under this subdivision may, during and only during the period in which the determination of suitability remains valid, engage in the sale, lease, or distribution of Gaming Resources to or in connection with the Tribe's Gaming Operation or Facility, without applying to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability. The issuance of a license under this subdivision is in all cases subject to any later determination by the State Gaming Agency that the Gaming Resource Supplier is not suitable or to a tribal gaming license suspension or revocation pursuant to section 6.5.1, and does not extend the time during which the determination of suitability relied on by the Tribal Gaming Agency is valid. In the event the State Gaming Agency later revokes the determination of suitability relied on by the Tribal Gaming Agency, the State Gaming Agency shall promptly notify the Tribal Gaming Agency of such revocation. Nothing in this subdivision affects the obligations of the Tribal Gaming Agency, or of the Gaming Resource Supplier, under section 6.5.2 and section 6.5.6 of this Compact.
- (e) Except where subdivision (d) applies, within twenty-one (21) days of the issuance of a license to a Gaming Resource Supplier, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide to the State Gaming Agency a copy of the license, and a copy of summary reports, including any derogatory information, of the background investigations conducted by the Tribal Gaming Agency and written statements by the Applicant.

#### Sec. 6.4.5. Financial Sources.

- (a) Subject to subdivision (g) of this section 6.4.5, each Financial Source shall be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency prior to the Financial Source extending any financing in connection with the Tribe's Gaming Operation or Facility.
- (b) Every Financial Source required to be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency shall, contemporaneously with the filing of its tribal license application, apply to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability. In the event the State Gaming Agency denies or revokes the determination of suitability, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall deny or revoke the Financial Source's license within thirty (30) days of receiving notice of denial or revocation from the State Gaming Agency.
- (c) A license issued under this section 6.4.5 shall be reviewed at least every two (2) years for continuing compliance. In connection with that review, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require the Financial Source to update all information provided in the Financial Source's previous application. For purposes of section 6.5.2, that review shall be deemed to constitute an application for renewal.
- (d) Any agreement between the Tribe and a Financial Source shall include, and shall be deemed to include, a provision for its termination without further liability on the part of the Tribe, except for the bona fide repayment of all outstanding sums (exclusive of interest) owed as of the date of termination upon revocation or non-renewal of the Financial Source's license by the Tribal Gaming Agency based on a determination of unsuitability by the State Gaming Agency. The Tribe shall not enter into, or continue to make payments to a Financial Source pursuant to, any contract or agreement for the provision of financing with any person whose application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability has been denied or whose determination of suitability has been revoked or has expired without renewal.
- (e) A Gaming Resource Supplier who provides financing exclusively in connection with the provision, sale, or lease of Gaming Resources obtained from that Gaming Resource Supplier may be licensed solely in accordance with the licensing procedures applicable, if at all, to

Gaming Resource Suppliers, and need not be separately licensed as a Financial Source under this section. Any entity that is permitted to be excluded from the licensing requirements of this section 6.4.5 under subdivision (g), may be also excluded from the licensing requirements of a Gaming Resource Supplier with respect to providing to the Gaming Facility or Gaming Operation services generally referred to as treasury management services (including, but not limited to, check cashing, vault services, ATMs, interest rate hedging, and receivables and payables services, whether or not a financing is extended in connection therewith).

- (f) Within twenty-one (21) days of the issuance of a license to a Financial Source, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit to the State Gaming Agency a copy of the license. Upon issuance of a license, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall direct the Financial Source licensee to transmit to the State Gaming Agency within twenty-one (21) days a copy of all license application materials and information submitted to the Tribal Gaming Agency.
- (g) (1) The Tribal Gaming Agency may, at its discretion, exclude from the licensing requirements of this section the following Financial Sources under the circumstances stated:
  - (A) Any federally-regulated or state-regulated bank, savings and loan association, or other federally- or state-regulated lending institution and any fund or other investment vehicle, including, without limitation, a bond indenture or syndicated loan, which is administered or managed by any such entity.
  - (B) Any entity described in the Commission's Uniform Tribal Gaming Regulation CGCC-2, subdivision (f) (as in effect on the date the parties execute this Compact), when that entity is a Financial Source solely by reason of being (i) a purchaser or a holder of debt securities or other forms of indebtedness issued directly or indirectly by the Tribe for a Gaming Facility or for the Gaming Operation or (ii) the owner of a participation interest in any amount of indebtedness for which a Financial Source described in subdivision (g)(l)(A), or any fund or other

- investment vehicle which is administered or managed by any such Financial Source, is the creditor.
- (C) Any investor who, alone or together with any person(s) controlling, controlled by or under common control with such investor, holds less than ten percent (10%) of all outstanding debt securities issued directly or indirectly by the Tribe for a Gaming Facility or for the Gaming Operation.
- (D) An agency of the federal government, or of a tribal, state, or local government providing financing, together with any person purchasing any debt securities or other forms of indebtedness of the agency to provide such financing.
- (E) A real estate investment trust (as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 856(a)) which is publicly traded on a stock exchange, registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and subject to regulatory oversight by the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- (F) An entity or category of entities that the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency jointly determine can be excluded from the licensing requirements of this section without posing a threat to the public interest or the integrity of the Gaming Operation.
- (2) In any case where the Tribal Gaming Agency elects to exclude a Financial Source from the licensing requirements of this section, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall give prompt notice thereof to the State Gaming Agency, shall give reasonable advance notice of any extension of financing by the Financial Source in connection with the Tribe's Gaming Operation or Facility, and upon request of the State Gaming Agency, shall provide it with all documentation supporting the Tribal Gaming Agency's exclusion of the Financial Source from the licensing requirements of this section 6.4.5. The Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency shall confer and make good faith efforts to promptly resolve any dispute regarding the Tribal Gaming Agency's decision to exclude a Financial Source from the licensing requirements of this section. Any dispute

regarding a decision to exclude a Financial Source from the licensing requirements of this section that cannot be promptly resolved by the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency shall be resolved through the dispute resolution provisions in section 13.0.

- (3) Notwithstanding subdivision (g)(1), the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency shall work collaboratively to resolve any reasonable concerns regarding the ongoing excludability of an individual or entity as a Financial Source. Any dispute between the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency pertaining to the excludability of an individual or entity as a Financial Source shall be resolved through the dispute resolution provisions in section 13.0.
- (4) The following are not Financial Sources for purposes of this section:
  - (A) An entity identified by the Commission's Uniform Tribal Gaming Regulation CGCC-2, subdivision (h) (as in effect on the effective date of this Compact).
  - (B) A person or entity whose sole connection with a provision or extension of financing to the Tribe is to provide loan brokerage or debt servicing for a Financial Source at no cost to the Tribe or the Gaming Operation, provided that no portion of any financing provided is an extension of credit to the Tribe or the Gaming Operation by that person or entity.
  - (C) A person or entity that the State Gaming Agency has determined does not require licensure pursuant to any process the State Gaming Agency deems necessary due to the nature of financing services provided, the existence of current and effective federal or state agency oversight or licensure, attenuated interests of the person or entity as passive investors without the ability to exert significant influence over the Gaming Operation, or other grounds that alleviate the need for licensure that, subject to its responsibilities under state law, the State Gaming Agency determines are appropriate.

(h) In recognition of changing financial circumstances, this section shall be subject to good faith renegotiation upon request of either party commencing five (5) years from the effective date of this Compact; provided that such renegotiation shall not retroactively affect transactions that have already taken place where the Financial Source has been excluded or exempted from licensing requirements.

## Sec. 6.4.6. Processing Tribal Gaming License Applications.

- (a) Each Applicant for a tribal gaming license shall submit the completed application along with the required information and an application fee, if required, to the Tribal Gaming Agency in accordance with the rules and regulations of that agency.
- (b) At a minimum, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require submission and consideration of all information required under IGRA, including part 556.4 of title 25 of the Code of Federal Regulations, for licensing primary management officials and key employees.
- For Applicants that are business entities, these licensing provisions (c) shall apply to the entity as well as: (i) each of its officers, limited liability company members, and directors; (ii) each of its principal management employees, including any chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operating officer, and general manager; (iii) each of its owners or partners, if an unincorporated business: (iv) each of its shareholders who owns more than ten percent (10%) of the shares of the corporation, if a corporation, or who has a direct controlling interest in the Applicant; and (v) each person or entity (other than a Financial Source that the Tribal Gaming Agency has determined does not require a license under section 6.4.5) that, alone or in combination with others, has provided financing in connection with any Gaming Operation or Class III Gaming authorized under this Compact, if that person or entity provided more than ten percent (10%) of either the start-up capital or the operating capital, or of a combination thereof, over a twelve (12)-month period. For purposes of this subdivision, where there is any commonality of the characteristics identified in this section 6.4.6, subdivisions (c)(i) through (c)(v), inclusive, between any two (2) or more entities, those entities may be deemed to be a single entity. For purposes of this subdivision, a direct controlling interest in the Applicant referred to in subdivision (c)(iv) excludes any passive investor or anyone who has

- an indirect or only a financial interest and does not have the ability to control, manage, or direct the management decisions of the Applicant.
- (d) Nothing herein precludes the Tribe or Tribal Gaming Agency from requiring more stringent licensing requirements.
- (e) In the event an Institutional Investor, as defined in subdivision (e)(2)(A), directly or indirectly holds shares of a corporation or membership interests in an Applicant or licensee or parent company of an Applicant or licensee through its Affiliates, as defined in subdivision (e)(2)(B), then the Tribal Gaming Agency may excuse such Institutional Investor from the licensing requirements under section 6.0 to provide an application and submit to a background investigation, unless such Institutional Investor indirectly holds, through its Affiliates, more than fifteen (15%) of the issued and outstanding shares or membership interests of an Applicant or licensee, or parent company of an Applicant or licensee.
  - (1) In any case where the Tribal Gaming Agency elects to excuse an Institutional Investor from the licensing requirements of section 6.0, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide the State Gaming Agency with the documentation supporting the Tribal Gaming Agency's determination that the person or entity qualifies as an Institutional Investor and that excusing the entity from the licensing requirements of section 6.0 is in furtherance of the public interest. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall require the Institutional Investor to submit to the State Gaming Agency documentation identifying the persons and entities involved and the facts supporting the determination that the persons or entities qualify as an Institutional Investor, and agreeing to be bound by this Compact, the laws of the Tribe and the California Gambling Control Act. The Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency shall confer and make good-faith efforts to promptly resolve any dispute regarding the Tribal Gaming Agency's decision to exclude an Institutional Investor from the licensing requirements of this section. Any dispute regarding a decision to exclude an Institutional Investor from the licensing requirements of this section that cannot be promptly resolved by the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency shall be resolved through the dispute resolution provisions in section 13.0.

- (2) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
  - (A) "Institutional Investor" means any: (i) bank as defined in section 3(a)(6) of the Federal Securities Exchange Act; (ii) banking, chartered, or licensed lending institution; (iii) insurance company as defined in section 2(a)(17) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; (iv) chartered or licensed life insurance company or property and casualty insurance company; (v) investment company registered under section 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; (vi) investment advisor registered under section 203 of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, as amended; (vii) collective trust funds as defined in section 3(c)(11) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; (viii) closed end investment trust; (ix) employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended; (x) a state or federal government pension plan; or (xi) such other person that the Commission determines is an Institutional Investor that acquires voting or nonvoting units in the ordinary course of its investment business and holds those units for investment purposes only and not for the purpose of causing, directly or indirectly, the election of a majority of the board of directors or any change in the corporate charter, bylaws, management, policies, or operations of the business entity in which it holds those securities; and
  - (B) "Affiliate" means, with respect to any specified person or entity, whether a natural person, trustee, or corporation, general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, trust, the state, business association, commission, instrumentality, firm, joint venture, governmental authority or otherwise (collectively, "Person"), any other Person that directly or indirectly, through one (1) or more intermediaries, controls, is or becomes controlled by, or is or comes under common control with the specified Person. For purposes of this definition, "control" means the

possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities or other interests, by contract, governmental authority or otherwise.

## Sec. 6.4.7. Suitability Standard Regarding Gaming Licenses.

- (a) In reviewing an application for a tribal gaming license, and in addition to any standards set forth in the Gaming Ordinance, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall consider whether issuance of the license is inimical to public health, safety, or welfare, and whether issuance of the license will undermine public trust that the Gaming Operation is free from criminal and dishonest elements and would be conducted honestly.
- (b) A license may not be issued unless, based on all information and documents submitted, the Tribal Gaming Agency is satisfied that the Applicant, and in the case of an entity, each individual identified in section 6.4.6, meets all of the following requirements:
  - (1) The person is of good character, honesty, and integrity.
  - (2) The person's prior activities, criminal record (if any), reputation, habits, and associations do not pose a threat to the public interest or to the effective regulation and control of gaming, or create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of gaming, or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental thereto.
  - (3) The person is in all other respects qualified to be licensed as provided, and meets the criteria established in this Compact, IGRA, NIGC regulations, the Gaming Ordinance, and any other criteria adopted by the Tribal Gaming Agency or the Tribe; provided, however, an Applicant shall not be found to be unsuitable solely on the ground that the Applicant was an employee of a tribal gaming operation in California that was conducted prior to May 16, 2000.

#### Sec. 6.4.8. Background Investigations of Applicants.

- (a) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall conduct or cause to be conducted all necessary background investigations reasonably required to determine that the Applicant is qualified for a gaming license under the standards set forth in section 6.4.7, and to fulfill all applicable requirements for licensing under IGRA, NIGC regulations, the Gaming Ordinance, and this Compact. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall not issue a gaming license, other than a temporary license pursuant to section 6.4.9, until a determination is made that those qualifications have been met.
- (b) In lieu of completing its own background investigation, and to the extent that doing so does not conflict with or violate IGRA or the Gaming Ordinance, the Tribal Gaming Agency may contract with the State Gaming Agency for the conduct of background investigations, may rely on a State determination of suitability previously in effect that was issued under a Class III Gaming compact involving another tribe and the State, or may rely on a State Gaming Agency license previously issued to the Applicant, to fulfill some or all of the Tribal Gaming Agency's background investigation obligations.
- (c) An Applicant for a tribal gaming license shall be required to provide releases to the State Gaming Agency to make available to the Tribal Gaming Agency background information regarding the Applicant. The State Gaming Agency shall cooperate in furnishing to the Tribal Gaming Agency that information, unless doing so would violate state or federal law, would violate any agreement the State Gaming Agency has with a source of the information other than the Applicant, or would impair or impede a criminal investigation, or unless the Tribal Gaming Agency cannot provide sufficient safeguards to assure the State Gaming Agency that the information will remain confidential.
- (d) In lieu of obtaining summary criminal history information from the NIGC, the Tribal Gaming Agency may, pursuant to the provisions in subdivisions (d) through (j), obtain such information from the California Department of Justice. If the Tribe adopts an ordinance confirming that article 6 (commencing with section 11140) of chapter 1 of title 1 of part 4 of the California Penal Code is applicable to Tribal Gaming Agency members, investigators, and staff, and those members, investigators, and staff thereafter comply with that

- ordinance, then, for purposes of carrying out its obligations under this section, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall be eligible to be considered an entity entitled to request and receive state summary criminal history information, within the meaning of subdivision (b)(13) of section 11105 of the California Penal Code.
- (e) The information received shall be used by the Tribal Gaming Agency solely for the purpose for which it was requested and shall not be reproduced for secondary dissemination to any other employment or licensing agency. Any person intentionally disclosing information obtained from personal or confidential records maintained by a state agency or from records within a system of records maintained by a government agency may be subject to prosecution.
- (f) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall submit to the California Department of Justice fingerprint images and related information required by the California Department of Justice of all Gaming Employees, as defined by section 2.11, for the purposes of obtaining information as to the existence and content of a record of state or federal convictions and state or federal arrests and also information as to the existence and content of a record of state or federal arrests for which the Department of Justice establishes that the person is free on bail or on his or her recognizance pending trial or appeal.
- (g) When received, the California Department of Justice shall forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation requests for federal summary criminal history information received pursuant to this section. The California Department of Justice shall review the information returned from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and compile and disseminate a response to the Tribal Gaming Agency.
- (h) The California Department of Justice shall provide a state or federal level response to the Tribal Gaming Agency pursuant to California Penal Code section 11105, subdivision (p)(1).
- (i) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall request from the California Department of Justice subsequent notification service, as provided pursuant to section 11105.2 of the California Penal Code, for persons described in subdivision (f) above.

(j) The Department of Justice shall charge a fee sufficient to cover the cost of processing the request described in this section.

### Sec. 6.4.9. Temporary Licensing.

- (a) If the Applicant has completed a license application in a manner satisfactory to the Tribal Gaming Agency, and that agency has conducted a preliminary background investigation, and the investigation or other information held by that agency does not indicate that the Applicant has a criminal history or other information in his or her background that would either automatically disqualify the Applicant from obtaining a tribal gaming license or cause a reasonable person to investigate further before issuing a license, or that the Applicant is otherwise unsuitable for licensing, the Tribal Gaming Agency may issue a temporary tribal gaming license and may impose such specific conditions thereon pending completion of the Applicant's background investigation, as the Tribal Gaming Agency in its sole discretion shall determine.
- (b) Special fees may be required by the Tribal Gaming Agency to issue or maintain a temporary tribal gaming license.
- (c) A temporary tribal gaming license shall remain in effect until suspended or revoked, or a final determination is made on the application, or for a period of up to one (1) year, whichever comes first.
- (d) At any time after issuance of a temporary tribal gaming license, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall or may, as the case may be, suspend or revoke it in accordance with the provisions of sections 6.5.1 or 6.5.5, and the State Gaming Agency may request suspension or revocation before making a determination of unsuitability.
- (e) Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve the Tribe of any obligation under part 558 of title 25 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

## Sec. 6.5. Tribal Gaming License Issuance.

Upon completion of the necessary background investigation, the Tribal Gaming Agency may issue a tribal gaming license on a conditional or unconditional basis. Nothing herein shall create a property or other right of an

Applicant in an opportunity to be licensed, or in a tribal gaming license itself, both of which shall be considered to be privileges granted to the Applicant in the sole discretion of the Tribal Gaming Agency.

#### Sec. 6.5.1. Denial, Suspension, or Revocation of Licenses.

- (a) Any Applicant's application for a tribal gaming license may be denied, and any license issued may be revoked, if the Tribal Gaming Agency determines that the application is incomplete or deficient, or if the Applicant is determined to be unsuitable or otherwise unqualified for a tribal gaming license.
- (b) Pending consideration of revocation, the Tribal Gaming Agency may suspend a tribal gaming license in accordance with section 6.5.5.
- (c) All rights to notice and hearing shall be governed by tribal law, providing the employee with notice reasonably calculated to apprise the employee of the pendency of the determination, an opportunity to review materials upon which the charge is based in such a manner that does not compromise security or regulation of the Gaming Operation, and an opportunity to be heard.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, upon receipt of notice that the State Gaming Agency has determined that a person would be unsuitable for licensure in a gambling establishment subject to the jurisdiction of the State Gaming Agency, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall deny that person a tribal gaming license and promptly, and in no event more than thirty (30) days from the State Gaming Agency notification, suspend and initiate revocation of any tribal gaming license that has theretofore been issued to that person; provided that the Tribal Gaming Agency may, in its discretion, reissue a tribal gaming license to the person following entry of a final judgment reversing the determination of the State Gaming Agency in a proceeding between the Applicant and the State Gaming Agency in state court conducted pursuant to section 1085 of the California Code of Civil Procedure.

#### Sec. 6.5.2. Renewal of Licenses; Extensions; Further Investigation.

(a) The term of a tribal gaming license shall not exceed two (2) years, and application for renewal of a license must be made prior to its expiration. Applicants for renewal of a license shall provide updated

material, as requested, on the appropriate renewal forms, but, at the discretion of the Tribal Gaming Agency, may not be required to resubmit historical data previously submitted or that is otherwise available to the Tribal Gaming Agency. At the discretion of the Tribal Gaming Agency, an additional background investigation may be required at any time if the Tribal Gaming Agency determines the need for further information concerning the Applicant's continuing suitability or eligibility for a license.

- (b) Prior to renewing a tribal gaming license for an Applicant for a position identified on the Compact Key Employee Position List or for any other individual or entity required by this Compact to submit an application for a finding of suitability to the State Gaming Agency, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide to the State Gaming Agency copies of summary reports, including any derogatory information, of the background investigations conducted by the Tribal Gaming Agency and written statements by the Applicant received in connection with the application for renewal of the tribal gaming license.
- (c) At the discretion of the State Gaming Agency, an additional background investigation may be required if the State Gaming Agency determines the need for further information concerning the Applicant's continuing suitability for a license.

#### Sec. 6.5.3. Identification Cards.

- (a) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall require that all persons who are required to be licensed wear, in plain view at all times while in the Gaming Facility, identification badges issued by the Tribal Gaming Agency. The Tribal Gaming Agency may allow temporary exceptions to this provision for the purposes of authorizing investigators who are actively investigating a matter within the Gaming Facility to monitor Gaming Activities.
- (b) Identification badges must display information, including, but not limited to, a photograph and the person's name, which is adequate to enable members of the public and agents of the Tribal Gaming Agency to readily identify the person and determine the validity and date of expiration of his or her license.

(c) Upon request, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide the State Gaming Agency with the name, badge identification number (if any), and job title of all Gaming Employees.

#### Sec. 6.5.4. Fees for Tribal Gaming License.

The fees for all tribal gaming licenses shall be set by the Tribal Gaming Agency.

### Sec. 6.5.5. Summary Suspension of Tribal Gaming License.

The Tribal Gaming Agency shall summarily suspend the tribal gaming license of any licensee if the Tribal Gaming Agency determines that the continued licensing of the person or entity could constitute a threat to the public health or safety or may summarily suspend the license of any licensee if the Tribal Gaming Agency determines that the continued licensing of the person or entity may violate the Tribal Gaming Agency's licensing or other standards. All rights to notice and hearing shall be governed by tribal law, providing the employee with notice reasonably calculated to apprise the employee of the pendency of the determination, an opportunity to review materials upon which the charge is based in such a manner that does not compromise security or regulation of the Gaming Operation, and an opportunity to be heard.

### Sec. 6.5.6. State Determination of Suitability Process.

- (a) With respect to Applicants for licensing for a position identified on the Compact Key Employee Position List, the Applicant shall also file an application with the State Gaming Agency, prior to the Tribal Gaming Agency's issuance of a tribal gaming license, for a determination of suitability for licensure under the California Gambling Control Act; provided that in accordance with section 6.4.9, those persons may be employed on a temporary or conditional basis pending completion of the licensing process.
- (b) Upon receipt of an Applicant's completed license application and a determination by the Tribal Gaming Agency to issue either a temporary or permanent license, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit within twenty-one (21) days to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability for licensure under the California Gambling Control Act a notice of intent to license the Applicant, together with all of the following:

- (1) A copy of all tribal license application materials and information received by the Tribal Gaming Agency from the Applicant which is not otherwise prohibited or restricted from disclosure under applicable federal law or regulation.
- (2) An original complete set of fingerprint impressions, rolled by a state-certified fingerprint roller, or by a person exempt from state certification pursuant to California Penal Code section 11102.1, subdivision (a)(2), and which may be on a fingerprint card or obtained and transmitted electronically.
- (3) A current photograph.
- (4) Except to the extent waived by the State Gaming Agency, such releases of information, waivers, and other completed and executed forms as have been obtained by the Tribal Gaming Agency.
- (c) Upon receipt of a written request from a Gaming Resource Supplier or a Financial Source for a determination of suitability, the State Gaming Agency shall transmit an application package to the Applicant to be completed and returned to the State Gaming Agency for purposes of allowing it to make a determination of suitability for licensure.
- (d) Investigation and disposition of applications for a determination of suitability shall be governed entirely by State law, and the State Gaming Agency shall determine whether the Applicant would be found suitable for licensure in a gambling establishment subject to the State Gaming Agency's jurisdiction. Additional information may be required by the State Gaming Agency to assist it in its background investigation, to the extent permitted under State law for licensure in a gambling establishment subject to the State Gaming Agency's jurisdiction.
- (e) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall require a licensee to apply for renewal of a determination of suitability by the State Gaming Agency at such time as the licensee applies for renewal of a tribal gaming license.
- (f) Upon receipt of completed license or license renewal application information from the Tribal Gaming Agency, the State Gaming Agency may conduct a background investigation pursuant to state law

to determine whether the Applicant is suitable to be licensed for association with Class III Gaming operations. While the Tribal Gaming Agency shall ordinarily be the primary source of application information, the State Gaming Agency is authorized to directly seek application information from the Applicant. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide to the State Gaming Agency summary reports, including any derogatory information, of the background investigations conducted by the Tribal Gaming Agency and the NIGC, and written statements by the Applicant, and related applications, if any, for Gaming Employees, Gaming Resource Suppliers, and Financial Sources. If further investigation is required to supplement the investigation conducted by the Tribal Gaming Agency, the Applicant will be required to pay the application fee charged by the State Gaming Agency pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 19951, subdivision (a), but any deposit requested by the State Gaming Agency pursuant to section 19867 of that Code shall take into account reports of the background investigation already conducted by the Tribal Gaming Agency and the NIGC, if any. Failure to provide information reasonably required by the State Gaming Agency to complete its investigation under State law or failure to pay the application fee or deposit can constitute grounds for denial of the application by the State Gaming Agency. The State Gaming Agency and Tribal Gaming Agency shall cooperate in sharing as much background information as possible, both to maximize investigative efficiency and thoroughness, and to minimize investigative costs.

(g) Upon completion of the necessary background investigation or other verification of suitability, the State Gaming Agency shall issue a notice to the Tribal Gaming Agency certifying that the State has determined that the Applicant is suitable, or that the Applicant is unsuitable, for licensure in a Gaming Operation and, if unsuitable, stating the reasons therefore. Issuance of a determination of suitability does not preclude the State Gaming Agency from a subsequent determination based on newly discovered information that a person or entity is unsuitable for the purpose for which the person or entity is licensed. Upon receipt of notice that the State Gaming Agency has determined that a person or entity is or would be unsuitable for licensure, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall deny that person or entity a license and promptly, and in no event more than

- thirty (30) days from the issuance of the State Gaming Agency notification, revoke any tribal gaming license that has theretofore been issued to that person or entity; provided that the Tribal Gaming Agency may, in its discretion, reissue a tribal gaming license to the person or entity following entry of a final judgment reversing the determination of the State Gaming Agency in a proceeding in state court between the Applicant and the State Gaming Agency conducted pursuant to section 1085 of the California Code of Civil Procedure.
- (h) Prior to denying an application for a determination of suitability, or to issuing notice to the Tribal Gaming Agency that a person or entity previously determined to be suitable had been determined unsuitable for licensure, the State Gaming Agency shall notify the Tribal Gaming Agency and afford the Tribe an opportunity to be heard. If the State Gaming Agency denies an application for a determination of suitability, or issues notice that a person or entity previously determined suitable has been determined unsuitable for licensure, the State Gaming Agency shall provide that person or entity with written notice of all appeal rights available under state law.
- (i) The Commission, or its successor, shall maintain a roster of Gaming Resource Suppliers and Financial Sources that it has determined to be suitable pursuant to the provisions of this section, or through separate procedures to be adopted by the Commission. Upon application to the Tribal Gaming Agency for a tribal gaming license, a Gaming Resource Supplier or Financial Source that appears on the Commission's suitability roster may be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency in the same manner as a Gaming Resource Supplier under subdivision (d) of section 6.4.4, subject to any later determination by the State Gaming Agency that the Gaming Resource Supplier or Financial Source is not suitable or to a tribal gaming license suspension or revocation pursuant to section 6.5.1 or 6.5.5; provided that nothing in this subdivision exempts the Gaming Resource Supplier or Financial Source from applying for a renewal of a State Gaming Agency determination of suitability.

# Sec. 6.6. Submission of New Application.

Except as otherwise provided, nothing in section 6.0 shall be construed to preclude an Applicant who has been determined to be unsuitable for licensure by the State Gaming Agency, or the Tribe on behalf of such Applicant, from later

submitting a new application for a determination of suitability by the State Gaming Agency in accordance with section 6.0, provided that the Applicant may not commence duties or activities until found suitable by the State Gaming Agency.

### SECTION 7.0. APPROVAL AND TESTING OF GAMING DEVICES.

### Sec. 7.1. Gaming Device Approval.

- (a) No Gaming Device may be offered for play unless all the following occurs:
  - (1) The manufacturer or distributor which sells, leases, or distributes such Gaming Device (i) has applied for a determination of suitability by the State Gaming Agency at least fifteen (15) days before it is offered for play, (ii) has not been found to be unsuitable by the State Gaming Agency, and (iii) has been licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency;
  - (2) The software for the game authorized for play on the Gaming Device has been tested, approved and certified by the Gaming Test Laboratory, as defined in section 7.2, subdivision (a), as operating in accordance with either the technical standards of Gaming Laboratories International, Inc. known as GLI-11, GLI-12, GLI-13, GLI-21, and GLI-26, or the technical standards approved by the State of Nevada, the State of New Jersey, or such other technical standards as the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency shall agree upon (Technical Standards), which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld;
  - (3) A copy of the certification by the Gaming Test Laboratory, specified in subdivision (a)(2), is provided to the State Gaming Agency by electronic transmission or by mail, unless the State Gaming Agency waives receipt of copies of the certification;
  - (4) The software for the game authorized for play on the Gaming Device is tested by the Tribal Gaming Agency to ensure each game authorized for play on the Gaming Device has the correct electronic signature prior to operation of the Gaming Device by the public, or if already inserted, tested prior to being made available for patron play on the gaming floor;

- (5) The hardware and associated equipment for each type of Gaming Device has been tested by the Gaming Test Laboratory prior to operation by the public to ensure operation in accordance with the applicable Gaming Test Laboratory standards; and
- (6) The hardware and associated equipment for the Gaming Device has been verified or tested by the Tribal Gaming Agency to ensure operation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
- (b) Where either the Tribal Gaming Agency or the State Gaming Agency requests new standards for testing, approval, and certification of the software for the game authorized for play on the Gaming Device pursuant to subdivision (a)(2), the party requesting the new standards shall provide the other party with a detailed explanation of the reason(s) for the request. If the party to which the request is made disagrees with the request, the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency shall meet and confer in a good faith effort to resolve the disagreement, which meeting and conferring shall include consultation with an independent Gaming Test Laboratory. If the disagreement is not resolved within ninety (90) days of the request, either party may submit the matter to dispute resolution under section 13.0 of this Compact.

# Sec. 7.2. Gaming Test Laboratory Selection.

(a) The Gaming Test Laboratory shall be an independent or state governmental gaming test laboratory recognized in the gaming industry which (i) is competent and qualified to conduct scientific tests and evaluations of Gaming Devices, and (ii) is licensed or approved by any of the following states: Arizona, California, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, or Wisconsin. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall submit to the State Gaming Agency documentation that demonstrates the Gaming Test Laboratory satisfies (i) and (ii) herein at least thirty (30) days before the commencement of Gaming Activities pursuant to this Compact, or if such use follows the commencement of Gaming Activities, within fifteen (15) days prior to reliance thereon. If, at any time, the Gaming Test Laboratory license and/or approval required by (ii) herein is suspended or revoked by any of those states or the

Gaming Test Laboratory is found unsuitable by the State Gaming Agency, then the State Gaming Agency may reject the use of such Gaming Test Laboratory, and upon such rejection, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall ensure that such Gaming Test Laboratory discontinues its responsibilities under this Compact.

(b) The Tribe and the State Gaming Agency shall inform the Gaming Test Laboratory in writing that irrespective of the source of payment of its fees, the Gaming Test Laboratory's duty of loyalty runs equally to the State and the Tribe.

### Sec. 7.3. Maintenance of Records of Testing Compliance.

The Tribal Gaming Agency shall prepare and maintain records of its compliance with section 7.1 while any Gaming Device is on the gaming floor and for a period of one (1) year after the Gaming Device is removed from the gaming floor, and shall make those records available for inspection by the State Gaming Agency upon request.

#### Sec. 7.4. State Gaming Agency Inspections.

(a) The State Gaming Agency may inspect the Gaming Devices in operation at the Gaming Facility on a random basis not to exceed four (4) times annually to confirm that they operate and play properly pursuant to applicable technical standards. The inspections may be conducted onsite or remotely as a desk audit and include all Gaming Device software, hardware, associated equipment, software maintenance records, and components critical to the operation of the Gaming Device. The State Gaming Agency shall make a good-faith effort to work with the Tribal Gaming Agency to minimize unnecessary disruption to the Gaming Operation including, where appropriate, performing desk audits rather than onsite physical inspections. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall cooperate with the State Gaming Agency's reasonable efforts to obtain information that facilitates the conduct of remote but effective inspections that minimize disruption to Gaming Activities. If the State Gaming Agency determines that more than one (1) annual onsite inspection is necessary or appropriate, it will provide the Tribal Gaming Agency with the basis for its determination that additional onsite inspections are justified. If the State Gaming Agency requires more than one (1) annual onsite inspection in successive years, the State and Tribe may

meet and confer to discuss the basis for such determinations. During each random inspection, the State Gaming Agency may not remove from play more than five percent (5%) of the Gaming Devices in operation at the Gaming Facility, and may not remove a Gaming Device from play, except during inspection or testing, or remove a Gaming Device from the Gaming Facility at any time, unless it obtains the concurrence of the Tribal Gaming Agency, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. The five percent (5%) limitation on removal from play shall not apply if a Gaming Device's connection to other Gaming Devices, a progressive controller, or similar linked system, makes limiting removal from play of no more than five percent (5%) infeasible or impossible. Whenever practicable, the State Gaming Agency shall not require removal from play any Gaming Device that the State Gaming Agency determines may be fully and adequately tested while still in play. The State Gaming Agency shall return any Gaming Device removed from a Gaming Facility to the Gaming Facility as soon as reasonably possible. The inspections may include all Gaming Device software, hardware, associated equipment, software and hardware maintenance and testing records, and components critical to the operation of the Gaming Device. The random inspections conducted pursuant to this section shall occur during normal business hours outside of weekends and holidays.

To minimize unnecessary disruption to the Gaming Operation, rather (b) than conducting on-site inspections, the State Gaming Agency may perform "desk audits" of the Tribe's Gaming Devices currently in operation. Upon receipt of notice from the State Gaming Agency of the intent to conduct a desk audit, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide the State Gaming Agency with a list of all of the Tribe's Gaming Devices currently in operation, together with the information for each such Gaming Device that supports a desk audit. This information includes: 1) Manufacturer; 2) Game Name/Theme; 3) Serial Number; 4) Machine/Asset Number; 5) Manufacturer; 6) Location; 7) Denomination; 8) Slot Type (e.g., video, reel); 9) Progressive Type (e.g. stand alone, linked, WAP); 10) Software ID number for all certified software in the Gaming Device, including Game, Base/System, Boot Chips and Communication Chip; and 11) any other information deemed relevant and appropriate by the State Gaming Agency and Tribal Gaming Agency. The State Gaming

- Agency promptly shall consult with the Tribal Gaming Agency concerning any material discrepancies noted and whether those discrepancies continue to exist.
- (c) The State Gaming Agency shall notify the Tribal Gaming Agency of its intent to conduct any on-site Gaming Device inspection with prior notice sufficient to afford the presence of proper staffing and, where applicable, manufacturer's representatives, to ensure the overall efficiency of the inspection process. The inspection shall not be unreasonably delayed and must take place within thirty (30) days of notification unless the Tribal Gaming Agency and State Gaming Agency agree otherwise. The Tribal Gaming Agency may accompany the State Gaming Agency inspector(s).
- (d) The State Gaming Agency may retain and use qualified consultants to perform the functions authorized or specified herein but any such consultants shall be bound by the confidentiality and information use and disclosure provisions applicable to the State Gaming Agency and its employees. The State Gaming Agency shall ensure that any consultants retained by it have met the standards and requirements, including any background investigations, established by applicable regulations governing contract employees prior to participating in any matter under this Compact. The State Gaming Agency shall also take all reasonable steps to ensure that consultants are free from conflicting interests in the conduct of their duties under this Compact. The Tribal Gaming Agency, in its sole discretion, may require a member or staff of the Tribal Gaming Agency or a representative of the State Gaming Agency to accompany any consultant at all times that the consultant is in a non-public area of the Gaming Facility.
- (e) The State Gaming Agency promptly shall consult with the Tribal Gaming Agency concerning any material discrepancies noted and whether those discrepancies continue to exist. Should the State fail to provide a report of its findings to the Tribal Gaming Agency within sixty (60) days of the inspection, such inspection shall be deemed to be clear of any material discrepancies or findings.

#### Sec. 7.5. Technical Standards.

The Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide to the State Gaming Agency copies of its regulations for Technical Standards applicable to the Tribe's Gaming

Devices within thirty (30) days after the effective date of this Compact if not previously provided and at least thirty (30) days before the effective date of any material revisions to the regulations, unless exigent circumstances require that any revisions to the regulations take effect sooner in order to ensure game integrity or otherwise to protect the public or the Gaming Operation, in which event the revisions to the regulations shall be provided to the State Gaming Agency as soon as reasonably practicable.

### Sec. 7.6. Transportation of Gaming Devices.

- (a) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (b), the Tribal Gaming Agency shall not permit any Gaming Device to be transported to or from the Tribe's Indian lands except in accordance with procedures established by agreement between the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency and upon at least ten (10) days' notice to the Sheriff's Department for the County.
- (b) Transportation of a Gaming Device from a Gaming Facility within California is permissible only if:
  - (1) The final destination of the Gaming Device is a gaming facility of any tribe in California that has a compact with the State which makes lawful the receipt of such Gaming Device;
  - (2) The final destination of the Gaming Device is any other state in which possession of the Gaming Device is made lawful by state law or by tribal-state compact;
  - (3) The final destination of the Gaming Device is another country, or any state or province of another country, wherein possession of the Gaming Device is lawful; or
  - (4) The final destination is a location within California for testing, repair, maintenance, or storage by a person or entity that has been licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency and has been found suitable for licensure by the State Gaming Agency.
- (c) Any Gaming Device transported from or to the Tribe's Indian lands in violation of this section 7.6, or in violation of any permit issued pursuant thereto, is subject to summary seizure by California peace officers in accordance with California law.

#### **SECTION 8.0. INSPECTIONS.**

#### Sec. 8.1. Investigation and Sanctions.

- (a) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall investigate any reported violation of this Compact and shall require the Gaming Operation to correct the violation upon such terms and conditions as the Tribal Gaming Agency determines are necessary.
- Ordinance to impose fines or other sanctions within the jurisdiction of the Tribe against gaming licensees who interfere with or violate the Tribe's gaming regulatory requirements and obligations under IGRA, NIGC gaming regulations, the Gaming Ordinance, or this Compact as long as the fines or sanctions comport with federal due process by, for instance, providing the employee with notice reasonably calculated to apprise the employee of the pendency of the determination, an opportunity to review materials upon which the charge is based in such a manner that does not compromise security or regulation of the Gaming Operation, and an opportunity to be heard.
- (c) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall report violations of this Compact that on an individual or a continuing basis pose a threat to gaming integrity or public health and safety, and any failures to comply with the Tribal Gaming Agency's orders, to the Commission and the Bureau of Gambling Control in the California Department of Justice within ten (10) days of discovery.

#### Sec. 8.2. Assistance by State Gaming Agency.

The Tribe may request the assistance of the State Gaming Agency whenever it reasonably appears that such assistance may be necessary to carry out the purposes described in section 8.1, or otherwise to protect public health, safety, or welfare.

# Sec. 8.3. Access to Premises by State Gaming Agency; Notification; Inspections.

(a) Notwithstanding that the Tribe and the Tribal Gaming Agency have the primary responsibility to administer and enforce the regulatory requirements of this Compact, the State Gaming Agency, including but not limited to any qualified consultants retained by it, shall have the right to inspect the Tribe's Gaming Facility, and all Gaming Operation or Facility records relating to Class III Gaming as is reasonably necessary to ensure Compact compliance, including such records located in off-site facilities dedicated to their storage subject to the conditions in subdivisions (b), (c), and (d), provided that the State Gaming Agency inspections shall not unreasonably interfere with the normal functioning of the Gaming Facility, Gaming Operations or Gaming Activity.

- (b) Except as provided in section 7.4, the State Gaming Agency may inspect public areas of the Gaming Facility at any time without prior notice during normal Gaming Facility business hours.
- Inspection of areas of the Gaming Facility not normally accessible to (c) the public may be made at any time the Gaming Facility is open to the public, immediately after the State Gaming Agency's authorized inspector notifies the Tribal Gaming Agency of his or her presence on the premises, presents proper identification and documentation establishing his or her authorization to inspect, and requests access to the non-public areas of the Gaming Facility. The Tribal Gaming Agency, in its sole discretion, may require a member of the Tribal Gaming Agency to accompany the State Gaming Agency inspector at all times that the State Gaming Agency inspector is in a non-public area of the Gaming Facility. If the Tribal Gaming Agency imposes such a requirement, it shall require such member to be available at all times for those purposes and shall ensure that the member has the ability to gain immediate access to all non-public areas of the Gaming Facility.
- (d) Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to limit the State Gaming Agency to one inspector during inspections.

# Sec. 8.4. Inspection, Copying and Confidentiality of Documents.

(a) Inspection and copying of Gaming Operation papers, books, and records, that the State Gaming Agency reasonably deems necessary to ensure compliance with the terms of this Compact, may occur at any time, immediately after the State Gaming Agency gives notice to the Tribal Gaming Agency, during the normal business hours of the Tribal Gaming Agency. The Tribe shall cooperate with the inspection and copying, provided that the State Gaming Agency inspectors

- cannot require copies of papers, books, or records: (1) that are unrelated to Gaming Activities, or any matters beyond the scope of authority under this Compact; or (2) in such volume it unreasonably interferes with the normal functioning of the Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility, or with the operation of the Tribal Gaming Agency.
- In lieu of on-site inspection and copying of Gaming Operation papers, (b) books, and records by its inspectors, the State Gaming Agency may request in writing that the Tribal Gaming Agency provide copies of such papers, books, and records as the State Gaming Agency reasonably deems necessary to ensure compliance with the terms of this Compact; provided, the State Gaming Agency inspectors cannot require copies of papers, books, or records: (1) that are unrelated to Gaming Activities, or any matters beyond the scope of authority under this Compact; or (2) in such volume it unreasonably interferes with the normal functioning of the Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility, or with the operation of the Tribal Gaming Agency. The State Gaming Agency's written request shall describe those papers, books, and records requested to be copied with sufficient specificity to reasonably identify the requested documents. Within ten (10) days after it receives the request, or such other time as the State Gaming Agency may agree in writing, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide one (1) copy of the requested papers, books, and records to the requesting State Gaming Agency. An electronic version of the requested papers, books, and records may be submitted to the State Gaming Agency in lieu of a paper copy so long as the software required to access the electronic version is reasonably available to the State Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency does not object.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of California law, any confidential information and records, as defined in subdivision (d), that the State Gaming Agency obtains or copies pursuant to this Compact shall be, and remain, the property solely of the Tribe; provided that such confidential information and records and copies may be retained by the State Gaming Agency as is reasonably necessary to assure the Tribe's compliance with this Compact or to conduct or complete any investigation of suspected criminal activity; and provided further that the State Gaming Agency may provide such confidential information and records and copies to federal law enforcement and other state agencies or qualified consultants that the

State deems reasonably necessary in order to assure the Tribe's compliance with this Compact, in order to renegotiate any provision thereof, or in order to conduct or complete any investigation of suspected criminal activity in connection with the Gaming Activities or the operation of the Gaming Facility or the Gaming Operation.

- (d) For the purposes of this section 8.4, "confidential information and records" means any and all information and records received from the Tribe pursuant to the Compact, except for information and records that are in the public domain.
- The State Gaming Agency and all other state agencies and consultants (e) to which it provides information and records obtained pursuant to subdivisions (a) or (b) of this section, which are confidential pursuant to subdivision (d), will exercise care in the preservation of the confidentiality of such information and records and will apply the highest standards of confidentiality provided under California state law to preserve such information and records from disclosure until such time as the information or record is no longer confidential or disclosure is authorized by the Tribe, by mutual agreement of the Tribe and the State, or pursuant to the arbitration procedures under section 13.2. The State Gaming Agency and all other state agencies and consultants may disclose confidential information or records as necessary to fully adjudicate or resolve a dispute arising pursuant to the Compact, in which case the State Gaming Agency and all other state agencies and consultants agree to preserve confidentiality to the greatest extent feasible and available. Before the State Gaming Agency provides confidential information and records to a consultant as authorized under subdivision (c), it shall enter into a confidentiality agreement with that consultant that meets the standards of this subdivision.
- (f) The Tribe may avail itself of any and all remedies under State law for the improper disclosure of confidential information and records. In the case of any disclosure of confidential information and records compelled by judicial process, the State Gaming Agency will endeavor to give the Tribe prompt notice of the order compelling disclosure and a reasonable opportunity to interpose an objection thereto with the court.

- (g) The Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency shall confer regarding protocols for the release to law enforcement agencies of information obtained during the course of background investigations.
- (h) Confidential information and records received by the State Gaming Agency from the Tribe in compliance with this Compact, or information compiled by the State Gaming Agency from those confidential records, shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act, California Government Code section 6250 et seq.
- (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact, the State Gaming Agency shall not be denied access to papers, books, records, equipment, or places where such access is reasonably necessary to ensure compliance with this Compact or to conduct or complete an investigation of suspected criminal activity in connection with the Gaming Activities or the operation of the Gaming Facility or the Gaming Operation.

## Sec. 8.5. NIGC Audit Reports.

The Tribe shall make available to the State Gaming Agency while the State Gaming Agency is at the Gaming Facility, copies of the audited financial statements of Class III Gaming and management letter(s), if any, provided to the NIGC. Information received by the State Gaming Agency pursuant to this section 8.5 shall be subject to the confidentiality protections and assurances set forth in section 8.4, subdivision (h) of this Compact.

## Sec. 8.6. Cooperation with Tribal Gaming Agency.

The State Gaming Agency shall meet periodically with the Tribal Gaming Agency and cooperate in all matters relating to the enforcement of the provisions of this Compact and its appendices.

#### Sec. 8.7. Compact Compliance Review.

The State Gaming Agency is authorized to conduct an annual comprehensive Compact compliance review of the Gaming Operation, Gaming Facility, and Gaming Activities to ensure compliance with all provisions of this Compact, any appendices hereto, and with all laws, ordinances, codes, rules, regulations, policies, internal controls, standards, and procedures that are required to be adopted, implemented, or complied with pursuant to this Compact. The

Agency shall cooperate with the Tribe to avoid disruption of the Gaming Operation's business as a result of the compliance review. Upon the discovery of an irregularity that the State Gaming Agency reasonably determines may be a threat to gaming integrity or public safety, and after consultation with the Tribal Gaming Agency, the State Gaming Agency may conduct additional periodic reviews of any part of the Gaming Operation, Gaming Facility, and Gaming Activities and other activities subject to this Compact in order to ensure compliance with all provisions of this Compact and its appendices. Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede any other audits, inspections, investigations, and monitoring authorized by this Compact.

#### Sec. 8.8. Waiver of Materials.

The State Gaming Agency shall retain the discretion to waive, in whole or in part, receipt of materials otherwise required by this Compact to be provided to the State Gaming Agency by the Tribal Gaming Agency or the Tribe.

# SECTION 9.0. RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT OF THE GAMING OPERATION AND FACILITY.

# Sec. 9.1. Adoption of Regulations for Operation and Management; Minimum Standards.

It is the responsibility of the Tribal Gaming Agency to conduct on-site gaming regulation and control in order to enforce the terms of this Compact, of IGRA, of NIGC gaming regulations, of State Gaming Agency regulations, and of the Gaming Ordinance, to protect the integrity of the Gaming Activities and the Gaming Operation for honesty and fairness, and to maintain the confidence of patrons that tribal governmental gaming in California meets the highest standards of fairness and internal controls. To meet those responsibilities, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall be vested with the authority to promulgate, and shall promulgate, rules and regulations governing, at a minimum, the following subjects pursuant to the standards and conditions set forth therein:

- (a) The enforcement of all relevant laws and rules with respect to the Gaming Activities, Gaming Operation and Gaming Facility, and the conduct of investigations and hearings with respect thereto, and to any other subject within its jurisdiction.
- (b) The physical safety of Gaming Facility patrons and employees, and any other persons while in the Gaming Facility. Except as provided in

- section 12.2, nothing herein shall be construed, however, to make applicable to the Tribe any State laws, regulations, or standards governing the use of tobacco.
- (c) The physical safeguarding of assets transported to, within, and from the Gaming Facility.
- (d) The prevention of illegal activity within the Gaming Facility or with regard to the Gaming Operation or Gaming Activities, including, but not limited to, requiring the Gaming Operation to maintain employee procedures, which procedures shall be approved by, and may not be modified without the approval of, the Tribal Gaming Agency, and a surveillance system as provided in subdivision (e).
- (e) Maintenance of a closed-circuit television surveillance system consistent with industry standards for gaming facilities of the type and scale operated by the Tribe, which system shall be approved by, and may not be modified without the approval of, the Tribal Gaming Agency. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall have current copies of the Gaming Facility floor plan and closed-circuit television system at all times.
- (f) The recording of any and all occurrences within the Gaming Facility that deviate from normal operating policies and procedures (hereinafter "incidents"). The regulations shall provide that the Tribal Gaming Agency shall promptly notify the State Gaming Agency of incidents that the Tribal Gaming Agency reasonably determines concern a significant or continued threat to public safety or gaming integrity. The procedure for recording incidents pursuant to the regulations shall also do all of the following:
  - (1) Specify that security personnel record all incidents, regardless of an employee's determination that the incident may be immaterial (all incidents shall be identified in writing).
  - (2) Require the assignment of a sequential number to each report.
  - (3) Provide for permanent reporting in indelible ink in a bound notebook from which pages cannot be removed and in which entries are made on each side of each page and/or in electronic form, provided the information is recorded in a manner so that, once the information is entered, it cannot be deleted or altered

- and is available to the State Gaming Agency pursuant to sections 8.3 and 8.4.
- (4) Require that each report include, at a minimum, all of the following:
  - (A) The record number.
  - (B) The date.
  - (C) The time.
  - (D) The location of the incident.
  - (E) A detailed description of the incident.
  - (F) The persons involved in the incident.
  - (G) The security department employee assigned to the incident.
- (g) Requiring the Gaming Operation to establish and maintain employee procedures, which procedures shall be approved by, and may not be modified without the approval of, the Tribal Gaming Agency, designed to permit detection of any irregularities, theft, cheating, fraud, or the like, consistent with industry practice.
- (h) Maintenance of a list of persons permanently excluded from the Gaming Facility who, because of their past behavior, criminal history, or association with persons or organizations, pose a threat to the integrity of the Gaming Activities of the Tribe or to the integrity of regulated gambling within the State. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit a copy of the list to the State Gaming Agency quarterly and shall make a copy of the current list available to the State Gaming Agency upon request. Notwithstanding anything in this Compact to the contrary, the State Gaming Agency is authorized to make the copies of the list available to other tribal gaming agencies, gambling establishments licensed by the Commission, the California Horse Racing Board, and other law enforcement agencies. To the extent permissible under law, the State Gaming Agency may share information about individuals permanently excluded from other tribal

- gaming facilities or other gaming establishments within California with the Tribal Gaming Agency.
- (i) The conduct of an audit, at the Tribe's expense, of the annual financial statements of the Gaming Operation.
- (j) Submission to, and prior approval by, the Tribal Gaming Agency of the rules and regulations of each Class III Gaming Activity to be operated by the Tribe, and of any changes in those rules and regulations. No Class III Gaming Activity may be played that has not received Tribal Gaming Agency approval.
- (k) The obligation of the Gaming Facility and the Gaming Operation to maintain a copy of the rules, regulations, and procedures for each game as played, including, but not limited to, the method of play and the odds and method of determining amounts paid to winners.
- (l) Specifications and standards to ensure that information regarding the method of play, odds, and payoff determinations is visibly displayed or available to patrons in written form in the Gaming Facility and to ensure that betting limits applicable to any gaming station is displayed at that gaming station.
- (m) Maintenance of a cashier's cage in accordance with industry standards for such facilities.
- (n) Specification of minimum staff and supervisory requirements for each Gaming Activity to be conducted.
- (o) Technical standards and specifications in conformity with the requirements of this Compact for the operation of Gaming Devices and other games authorized herein to be conducted by the Tribe.

## Sec. 9.1.1. Minimum Internal Control Standards (MICS).

(a) The Tribe shall conduct its Gaming Activities pursuant to an internal control system that implements minimum internal control standards for Class III Gaming that are no less stringent than those contained in the Minimum Internal Control Standards of the NIGC (25 C.F.R. § 542), as they existed on October 19, 2006, and as they may thereafter be amended, without regard to the NIGC's authority to promulgate, enforce, or audit the standards. These standards are

- posted on the State Gaming Agency website(s) and are referred to herein as the "Compact MICS." This requirement is met through compliance with the provisions set forth in this section and in section 9.1 or in the alternative by compliance with the statewide uniform regulation CGCC-8, as it exists currently and as it may hereafter be amended.
- (b) Before commencement of Gaming Operations under this Compact, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall, in accordance with the Gaming Ordinance, establish written internal control standards for the Gaming Facility that shall: (i) provide a level of control that equals or exceeds the minimum internal control standards set forth in the Compact MICS, as they exist currently and as they may be revised; (ii) contain standards for currency transaction reporting that comply with title 31 Code of Federal Regulations part 103, as it exists currently and as it may hereafter be amended; (iii) satisfy the requirements of section 9.1; (iv) be consistent with this Compact; and (v) require the Gaming Operation to comply with the internal control standards.
- The Gaming Operation shall operate the Gaming Facility pursuant to a (c) written internal control system. The internal control system shall comply with and implement the internal control standards established by the Tribal Gaming Agency pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section 9.1.1. The internal control system, and any proposed changes to the system, must be approved by the Tribal Gaming Agency prior to implementation. The internal control system shall be designed to reasonably assure that: (i) assets are safeguarded and accountability over assets is maintained; (ii) liabilities are properly recorded and contingent liabilities are properly disclosed; (iii) financial records including records relating to revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, and equity/fund balances are accurate and reliable; (iv) transactions are performed in accordance with the Tribal Gaming Agency's general or specific authorization; (v) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with the Tribal Gaming Agency's approved procedures; (vi) recorded accountability for assets is compared with actual assets at frequent intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any discrepancies; and (vii) functions, duties and responsibilities are appropriately segregated and performed in accordance with sound practices by qualified personnel.

- (d) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide a copy of its written internal control standards and any material changes to those control standards to the State Gaming Agency within sixty (60) days of approval by the Tribal Gaming Agency. The State Gaming Agency will review and submit to the Tribal Gaming Agency written comments or objections, if any, to the internal control standards and any material changes to the standards, within thirty (30) days of receiving them, or by another date agreed upon by the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency. The State Gaming Agency's review shall be for the purpose of determining whether the internal control standards and any material changes to the standards provide a level of control which equals or exceeds the level of control required by the minimum internal control standards set forth in the Compact MICS, as they exist currently and as they may be revised, and are consistent with this Compact.
- (e) The Compact MICS shall apply to all Gaming Activities, the Gaming Facilities and the Gaming Operation; however, the Compact MICS are not applicable to any activities not expressly permitted in this Compact. Should the terms in the Compact MICS be inconsistent with this Compact, the terms in this Compact shall prevail.
- (f) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall provide the State Gaming Agency with a copy of the "Agreed-Upon Procedures" report prepared annually pursuant to part 542.3(f) of the Compact MICS, as they may be revised, within sixty (60) days after the Tribal Gaming Agency's receipt of the report. The Agreed-Upon Procedures report shall be prepared by an independent auditor, who for the purposes of this section, shall be a certified public accountant who is licensed in the state of California to practice as an independent certified public accountant or who holds a California practice privilege, as provided in the California Accountancy Act, California Business and Professions Code, section 5000 et seq., who is not employed by the Tribe, the Tribal Gaming Agency, the Management Contractor, or the Gaming Operation, has no financial interest in any of these entities, and is only otherwise retained by any of these entities to conduct regulatory audits, independent audits of the Gaming Operation, or audits under this section.

### Sec. 9.2. Program to Mitigate Problem Gambling.

The Gaming Operation shall establish a program, approved by the Tribal Gaming Agency, to mitigate pathological and problem gambling by implementing the following measures:

- (a) It shall train Gaming Facility supervisors and gaming floor employees on responsible gaming and to identify and manage problem gambling.
- (b) It shall make available to patrons at conspicuous locations and ATMs in the Gaming Facility educational and informational materials which aim at the prevention of problem gambling and that specify where to find assistance.
- (c) It shall establish self-exclusion programs whereby a self-identified problem gambler may request the halt of promotional mailings, the revocation of privileges for casino services, the denial or restraint on the issuance of credit and check-cashing services, and exclusion from the Gaming Facility.
- (d) It shall establish an involuntary exclusion program that allows the Gaming Operation to halt promotional mailings, deny or restrain the issuance of credit and check-cashing services, and deny access to the Gaming Facility to patrons who have exhibited signs of problem gambling.
- (e) It shall display at conspicuous locations and at ATMs within the Gaming Facility signage bearing a toll-free help-line number where patrons may obtain assistance for gambling problems.
- (f) It shall make diligent efforts to prevent underage individuals from loitering in the area of the Gaming Facility where the Gaming Activities take place.
- (g) It shall assure that advertising and marketing of the Gaming Activities at the Gaming Facility contain a responsible gambling message and a toll-free help-line number for problem gamblers, where practical, and that it makes no false or misleading claims.
- (h) It shall adopt a code of conduct that addresses responsible gambling and responsible advertising.

(i) Nothing herein is intended to (a) grant any third party the right to sue based on a violation of these standards, or (b) waive the sovereign immunity of the Tribe, or any of its subdivisions, enterprises, agencies, officers, employees or agents with respect to any self-excluded person for any of the activities required of the Tribe under this section 9.2.

## Sec. 9.3. Enforcement of Regulations.

The Tribal Gaming Agency shall ensure the enforcement of the rules, regulations, and specifications promulgated under this Compact, including under section 9.1.

#### Sec. 9.4. State Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction.

Nothing in this Compact expands, modifies, or impairs the civil or criminal jurisdiction of the State, local law enforcement agencies and state courts under Public Law 280 (18 U.S.C. § 1162; 28 U.S.C. § 1360) or IGRA, to the extent applicable. Except for such Gaming Activity conducted pursuant to this Compact, criminal jurisdiction to enforce State gambling laws on the Tribe's Indian lands, and to adjudicate alleged violations thereof, is hereby transferred to the State pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1166(d). No Gaming Activity conducted by the Tribe pursuant to this Compact may be deemed to be a civil or criminal violation of any law of the State.

## Sec. 9.5. Tribal Gaming Agency Members.

- (a) The Tribe shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that members of the Tribal Gaming Agency are free from corruption, undue influence, compromise, and conflicting interests in the conduct of their duties under this Compact; shall adopt a conflict-of-interest code to that end and shall ensure its enforcement; and shall ensure the prompt removal of any member of the Tribal Gaming Agency who is found to have acted in a corrupt or compromised manner or to have a conflict of interest.
- (b) The Tribe shall conduct a background investigation on each prospective member of the Tribal Gaming Agency, who shall meet the background requirements of a management contractor under IGRA; provided that if such member is elected through a tribal election process, that member may not participate in any Tribal Gaming Agency matters under this Compact unless a background investigation

has been concluded and the member has been found to be suitable. If requested by the Tribe or the Tribal Gaming Agency, the State Gaming Agency may assist in the conduct of such a background investigation and may assist in the investigation of any possible corruption or compromise of a member of the Tribal Gaming Agency.

(c) The Tribe shall conduct a background investigation on all prospective employees of the Tribal Gaming Agency to ensure that they satisfy the requirements of section 6.4.3.

## Sec. 9.6. Uniform Statewide Tribal Gaming Regulations.

- (a) In order to foster statewide uniformity of regulation of Class III Gaming operations throughout the State, the Uniform Statewide Tribal Gaming Regulations CGCC-1, CGCC-2, CGCC-7, and CGCC-8 (as in effect on the date the parties execute this Compact), adopted by the State Gaming Agency and approved by the Association, shall apply to the Gaming Operation until amended or repealed, without further action by the State Gaming Agency, the Tribe, the Tribal Gaming Agency or the Association.
- (b) Any subsequent Uniform Statewide Tribal Gaming Regulations adopted by the State Gaming Agency and approved by the Association shall apply to the Gaming Operation until amended or repealed.
- (c) Except as provided in subdivision (d), no State Gaming Agency regulation adopted pursuant to this section 9.6 shall be effective with respect to the Tribe's Gaming Operation unless both of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) The Association has approved the proposed regulation through a vote taken pursuant to the Association's protocols; and
  - (2) Following approval by the Association, the State Gaming Agency has submitted the proposed regulation to the Tribe for comment. The State Gaming Agency shall not adopt a proposed regulation as final and effective with respect to the Tribe's Gaming Operation before the expiration of thirty (30) days after submission of the proposed regulation to the Tribe for comment as a proposed regulation, and after consideration of the Tribe's comments, if any.

- (d) In exigent circumstances (e.g., imminent threat to public health and safety), the State Gaming Agency may adopt a regulation that becomes effective immediately. Any such regulation shall be accompanied by a detailed, written description of the exigent circumstances, and shall be submitted to the Association for consideration at the next regularly scheduled Association meeting. If the Association disapproves the regulation at the Association meeting, it shall cease to be effective, but the State Gaming Agency may readopt it as a proposed regulation, in its original or amended form, with a detailed, written response to the Association's objections, and, if approved by the Association, thereafter submitted to the Tribe for comment as provided in subdivision (c).
- (e) The Tribe may object to a State Gaming Agency regulation adopted pursuant to this section 9.6 on the ground that it is unnecessary, unduly burdensome, or unfairly discriminatory, and may seek repeal or amendment of the regulation through the dispute resolution process of section 13.0.
- (f) Chapter 3.5 (commencing with section 11340) of part 1 of division 3 of title 2 of the California Government Code does not apply to regulations adopted by the State Gaming Agency pursuant to this section.

### SECTION 10.0. PATRON DISPUTES.

The Tribal Gaming Agency shall promulgate regulations governing patron disputes over the play or operation of any game, including any refusal to pay to a patron any alleged winnings from any Gaming Activities, which regulations must meet the following minimum standards:

(a) A patron who makes an oral or written complaint to personnel of the Gaming Operation over the play or operation of any game within three (3) days of the play or operation at issue shall be notified in writing of the patron's right to request in writing, within fifteen (15) days of the Gaming Operation's written notification to the patron of that right, resolution of the dispute by the Tribal Gaming Agency, and if dissatisfied with the Tribal Gaming Agency's resolution of the dispute, the right to seek resolution in either the Tribe's Tribal Court, once a Tribal Court is established, or through the Tribal Claims Commission pursuant to the terms and provisions in subdivision (c).

If the patron is not provided with the aforesaid notification within thirty (30) days of the patron's complaint, the deadlines herein shall be removed, leaving only the relevant statutes of limitations under California law that would otherwise apply.

- (b) Upon receipt of the patron's written request for a resolution of the patron's complaint pursuant to subdivision (a), the Tribal Gaming Agency shall conduct an appropriate investigation, shall provide to the patron a copy of its regulations concerning patron complaints, and shall render a decision in accordance with industry practice. The decision shall be issued within sixty (60) days of the patron's written request, shall be in writing, shall be based on the facts surrounding the dispute, and shall set forth the reasons for the decision.
- If the patron is dissatisfied with the decision of the Tribal Gaming (c) Agency issued pursuant to subdivision (b), or no decision is issued within the sixty (60)-day period, the patron may request that the dispute be resolved either in the Tribe's tribal court, once a tribal court is established (hereafter, "Tribal Court"), or by a three (3)member tribal claims commission consisting of a representative of the tribal government and at least one (1) commissioner who is not a member of the Tribe (Tribal Claims Commission). The Tribal Court or the Tribal Claims Commission must afford the patron with a dispute resolution process that incorporates the essential elements of fairness and due process. No member of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission may be employed by the Gaming Facility or Gaming Operation. Resolution of the dispute before the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission shall be at no cost to the patron (excluding patron's attorney's fees and court filing fees).
- (d) Consistent with industry practice, if any alleged winnings are found to be a result of a mechanical, electronic or electromechanical failure and not due to the intentional acts or gross negligence of the Tribe or its agents, the patron's claim for the winnings shall be denied but the patron shall be awarded reimbursements of the amount wagered by the patron that were lost as a result of any mechanical, electronic or electromechanical failure.
- (e) Any party dissatisfied with the award of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission may invoke either the jurisdiction of the applicable tribal appellate court, if one is established, or the JAMS

- Optional Arbitration Appeal Procedure (and if those rules no longer exist, the closest equivalent) (hereafter defined as "JAMS Appeal").
- (f) If there is no tribal appellate court, the cost and expenses of the JAMS Appeal shall be initially borne equally by the Tribe and the patron (for purposes of this section, the "parties") and both parties shall pay their share of the JAMS Appeal costs at the time the JAMS Appeal option is elected, but the JAMS arbitrator shall award costs and expenses to the prevailing party (but not attorney's fees); provided if there is a tribal appellate court, the party making the election of JAMS must bear all costs and expenses of JAMS and the JAMS arbitrators associated with the JAMS Appeal, regardless of the outcome. The JAMS Appeal shall take place in Tulare County, California, shall use one (1) arbitrator and shall not be a de novo review, but shall be based solely upon the record developed in the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission. The JAMS Appeal arbitrator shall review all determinations of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission on matters of law, but shall not set aside any factual determinations of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission if the determination is supported by substantial evidence. The JAMS Appeal arbitrator will review the decision of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission under the substantial evidence standard. The JAMS Appeal arbitrator does not take new evidence but reviews the record of the decision below to make sure there is substantial evidence that reasonably supports that decision. The JAMS Appeal arbitrator's appellate function is not to decide whether he or she would have reached the same factual conclusions but to decide whether a reasonable factfinder could have come to the same conclusion based on the facts in the record. If there is a conflict in the evidence and a reasonable factfinder could have resolved the conflict either way, the decision of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission will not be overturned on appeal.
- (g) To effectuate its consent to the Tribal Court, Tribal Claims
  Commission, tribal appellate court and the JAMS Appeal in this
  section 10.0, the Tribe shall, in the exercise of its sovereignty, waive
  its right to assert sovereign immunity in connection with the
  jurisdiction of the Tribal Court, the Tribal Claims Commission, tribal
  appellate court and the JAMS Appeal, and in any action to (i) enforce
  the Tribe's or the patron's obligation under this section 10.0, or (ii)

enforce or execute a judgment based upon the award of the Tribal Court, Tribal Claims Commission, tribal appellate court and the JAMS Appeal arbitrator, to the extent of the amount of winnings in controversy.

## SECTION 11.0. TRIBAL DISTRIBUTIONS TO MITIGATE IMPACTS OF GAMING ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

#### Sec. 11.1. Distributions by Tribe to Local Governments.

- (a) The Tribe recognizes that activities associated with operation of its Gaming Activities may impact law enforcement, emergency services, and other public services, including tribal public services, and place an increased burden on them. The State recognizes that the Tribe provides primary emergency services to the Gaming Operation.
- (b) The Tribe agrees to make a good faith effort to assess impacts of the Tribe's Gaming Activities on public services serving the Gaming Operation, to consult with non-tribal law enforcement, emergency services, and service agencies providing such public services regarding any impacts, and to mitigate those impacts.
- If the Tribe operates three hundred fifty (350) or more Gaming (c) Devices, the Tribe agrees to establish an Impact Mitigation Fund for purposes of providing assistance to non-tribal law enforcement, emergency services, and other service agencies, including, but not limited to, the Porterville Area Development Authority, and local charitable organizations with demonstrated impacts from the Gaming Facilities resulting from the increase in the operation of Gaming Devices above one thousand seven hundred fifty (1,750). Commencing on the date on which the Tribe operates three hundred fifty (350) or more Gaming Devices, the Tribe shall withhold one-half of one percent (0.5%) of Net Win for deposit into the Impact Mitigation Fund and distribute those funds to law enforcement. emergency services, or other service agencies or local charitable organizations to mitigate demonstrated impacts on such entities resulting from the operation of the Tribe's Gaming Activities, or other purposes as the Tribe and a non-tribal law enforcement, emergency services, or other service agency may agree.

## Sec. 11.2. Tracking of Tribal Distributions from the Impact Mitigation Fund.

- (a) Upon establishment of the Impact Mitigation Fund, the Tribe on or before April 1 of each year shall prepare a report for the State for distributions made pursuant to section 11.1, subdivision (c), stating for the prior calendar year the Impact Mitigation Fund's starting and ending balance, the total amount distributed to eligible entities receiving funds, and the purposes for which the Tribe made those distributions.
- (b) The Tribe will manage the Impact Mitigation Fund to ensure that the balance does not exceed the total amount contributed by the Tribe to the Impact Mitigation Fund for the prior three (3) years.
- (c) In recognition that the Tribe may make large one-time payments to adequately fund road improvements, the construction and operation of a fire station to serve the community, or other mitigation previously identified for the Relocation Project, the Tribe may credit payments that otherwise meet the requirements of section 11.1, subdivision (a) towards future obligations for a period up to five (5) years from the date of the payment. The Tribe shall track the application of any credited payment until it is exhausted in the report provided under subdivision (a).

# SECTION 12.0. PUBLIC AND WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY, AND LIABILITY.

#### Sec. 12.1. General Requirements.

The Tribe shall not conduct Class III Gaming in a manner that endangers the public health, safety, or welfare, provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed to make applicable to the Tribe any State laws or regulations governing the use of tobacco.

#### Sec. 12.2. Tobacco Smoke.

Notwithstanding section 12.1, the Tribe agrees to provide a non-smoking area in the Gaming Facility and to utilize a ventilation system throughout the Gaming Facility that exhausts tobacco smoke to the extent reasonably feasible

under state-of-the-art technology existing as of the date of the construction or significant renovation of the Gaming Facility.

### Sec. 12.3. Health and Safety Standards.

To protect the health and safety of patrons and employees of the Gaming Facility, the Tribe shall, for the Gaming Facility:

- Adopt and comply with, as a matter of tribal law, standards no less (a) stringent than State public health standards for food and beverage handling. The Gaming Operation will allow, during normal hours of operation, inspection of food and beverage services in the Gaming Facility by State or County health inspectors, whichever inspector would have jurisdiction but for the Gaming Facility being on Indian lands, to assess compliance with these standards, unless inspections are routinely made by an agency of the United States government to ensure compliance with equivalent standards of the United States Public Health Service. Any report subsequent to an inspection or visit by the State, County, or federal health inspectors shall be transmitted within seventy-two (72) hours of its receipt by the Tribe to the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency. This includes any document that includes a citation or finding. Nothing herein shall be construed as submission of the Tribe to the jurisdiction of those State or County health inspectors, but any violations of the standards may be the subject of dispute resolution pursuant to section 13.0.
- (b) Adopt and comply with, as a matter of tribal law, federal water quality and safe drinking water standards applicable in California. The Tribe will allow, during normal hours of operation, inspection and testing of water quality at the Gaming Facility by State or County health inspectors, whichever inspector would have jurisdiction but for the Gaming Facility being on Indian lands, to assess compliance with these standards, unless inspections and testing are routinely made by an agency of the United States pursuant to federal law to ensure compliance with federal water quality and safe drinking water standards. Any report or other writings by the State, County, or federal health inspectors shall be transmitted within seventy-two (72) hours of its receipt by the Tribe to the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency. Nothing herein shall be construed as submission of the Tribe to the jurisdiction of any State, or County

- health inspectors, but any violations of the standards may be the subject of dispute resolution pursuant to section 13.0.
- (c) Comply with the building and safety standards set forth in section 6.4.2.
- (d) Adopt and comply with federal workplace and occupational health and safety standards. The Tribe will allow inspection of Gaming Facility workplaces by State inspectors, during normal hours of operation, to assess compliance with these standards; provided that there is no right to inspection by State inspectors where an inspection has been conducted by an agency of the United States pursuant to federal law during the previous calendar quarter and the Tribe has provided a copy of the federal agency's report to the State Gaming Agency within ten (10) days of the federal inspection.
- (e) Adopt and comply with, as a matter of tribal law, tribal codes to the extent consistent with the provisions of this Compact and other applicable federal law regarding public health and safety.
- (f) Adopt and comply with, as a matter of tribal law, federal laws and state laws forbidding harassment, including sexual harassment, in the workplace, forbidding employers from discrimination in connection with the employment of persons to work or working for the Gaming Operation or in the Gaming Facility on the basis of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, marital status, medical condition, sexual orientation, age, or disability, and forbidding employers from retaliation against persons who oppose discrimination or participate in employment discrimination proceedings (hereinafter "harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination"); provided that nothing herein shall preclude the Tribe from giving a preference in employment to members of federally recognized Indian tribes pursuant to a duly adopted tribal ordinance.
  - (1) The Tribe shall obtain and maintain an employment practices liability insurance policy consistent with industry standards for non-tribal casinos and underwritten by an insurer with an A.M. Best rating of A or higher which provides coverage of at least three million dollars (\$3,000,000) per occurrence for unlawful harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination arising out of the claimant's employment in, in connection with, or

relating to the operation of, the Gaming Operation, Gaming Facility or Gaming Activities. To effectuate the insurance coverage, the Tribe, in the exercise of its sovereignty, shall expressly waive, and also waive its right to assert, sovereign immunity and any and all defenses based thereon up to the greater of three million dollars (\$3,000,000) or the limits of the employment practices liability insurance policy, in accordance with the tribal ordinance referenced in subdivision (f)(2) below, in connection with any claim for harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination arising out of the claimant's employment in, in connection with, or relating to the operation of, the Gaming Operation, Gaming Facility or Gaming Activities; provided, however, that nothing herein requires the Tribe to agree to liability for punitive damages or to waive its right to assert sovereign immunity in connection therewith. The employment practices liability insurance policy shall acknowledge in writing that the Tribe has expressly waived. and also waived its right to assert, sovereign immunity and any and all defenses based thereon for the purpose of resolution of those claims for harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination up to the limits of such policy and for the purpose of enforcement of any ensuing award or judgment and shall include an endorsement providing that the insurer shall not invoke tribal sovereign immunity up to the limits of such policy; however, such endorsement or acknowledgement shall not be deemed to waive or otherwise limit the Tribe's sovereign immunity for any portion of the claim that exceeds such policy limits or three million dollars (\$3,000,000), whichever is greater. Nothing in this provision shall be interpreted to supersede any requirement in the Tribe's employment discrimination complaint ordinance that a claimant must exhaust administrative remedies as a prerequisite to pursuing the employment discrimination complaint resolution process in subdivision (f)(2)(D).

(2) The Tribe's harassment, retaliation, and employment discrimination standards shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to an employment discrimination complaint ordinance which shall be adopted by the Tribe as set forth in subdivision (f)(8) below and made available to all employees and their legal

representatives. The ordinance shall continuously provide at least the following:

- (A) That tribal law provisions that are no less stringent than those required under this subdivision (f) shall govern all claims of harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination arising out of the claimant's employment in, in connection with, or relating to the operation of, the Gaming Operation, Gaming Facility or Gaming Activities; provided that California law governing punitive damages need not be a part of the ordinance. Nothing in this provision shall be construed as a submission of the Tribe to the jurisdiction of the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing or the California Fair Employment and Housing Commission or any successor agencies thereto.
- (B) That a claimant shall have one hundred eighty (180) days from the date that an alleged discriminatory act occurred to file a written notice with the Tribe that he or she has suffered prohibited harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination.
- (C) That, in the exercise of its sovereignty, the Tribe expressly waives, and also waives its right to assert, sovereign immunity with respect to the dispute resolution processes expressly authorized in this section 12.3, subdivision (f) relating to claims harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination as described in subdivision (f)(2)(G), below up to three million dollars (\$3,000,000); provided, however, such waiver shall not be deemed to waive or otherwise limit the Tribe's sovereign immunity for any portion of the claim that exceeds three million dollars (\$3,000,000) and provided further that such waiver shall not apply to claims made against individual Tribal officials or employees.
- (D) The ordinance shall allow for the claim to be resolved by at least one of the following processes: (i) in the Tribe's Tribal Court, or (ii) by the Tribal Claims Commission.
   Resolution of the dispute before the Tribal Court or the

- Tribal Claims Commission shall be at no cost to the claimant (excluding claimant's attorney's fees and court filing fees).
- (E) Discovery in Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission proceedings shall be governed by procedures comparable to section 1283.05 of the California Code of Civil Procedure.
- (F) Any party dissatisfied with the award of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission may, at the party's election, appeal the matter to a tribal court of appeal, if one is established, or invoke the JAMS Appeal (or if those rules no longer exist, the closest equivalent). If there is no tribal court of appeal, the cost and expenses of the JAMS Appeal shall be initially borne equally by the Tribe and the claimant (for purposes of this subdivision. the "parties") and both shall pay their share of JAMS Appeal costs at the time the JAMS Appeal option is elected, but the JAMS arbitrator shall award costs and expenses to the prevailing party (but not attorney's fees). If a tribal court of appeal is available, the party electing the JAMS Appeal option shall bear all costs and expenses of the JAMS Appeal, regardless of outcome, and each party shall bear their own attorney's fees. The JAMS Appeal shall take place in the County and shall use one (1) arbitrator, agreed upon by the parties, and shall not be a de novo review, but shall be based solely upon the record developed in the Tribal Court or the Tribal Claims Commission proceeding. The JAMS Appeal shall review all determinations of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission on matters of law, but shall not set aside any factual determinations of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission if such determination is supported by substantial evidence. If there is a conflict in the evidence and a reasonable fact-finder could have found for either party, the decision of the Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission will not be overturned on appeal.
- (G) To effectuate its consent to the Tribal Court, Tribal Claims Commission, tribal court of appeal, and JAMS

Appeal, the Tribe shall, in the exercise of its sovereignty, expressly waive, and also waive its right to assert, sovereign immunity in connection with the jurisdiction of the Tribal Court, Tribal Claims Commission, tribal court of appeal or JAMS Appeal and in any suit to (i) enforce an obligation under this section 12.3 or (ii) enforce or execute a judgment based upon the award of the Tribal Court, Tribal Claims Commission, or JAMS Appeal process. However, such waiver shall not apply to claims made against individual tribal officials or employees.

- (3) The employment discrimination complaint ordinance required under subdivision (f)(2) may require, as a prerequisite to pursuing the employment discrimination complaint resolution process described under subdivision (f)(2)(D), that the claimant exhaust the Tribe's administrative remedies, if any exist, in the form of a tribal employment discrimination complaint resolution process, for resolving the claim in accordance with the following standards:
  - (A) Upon notice that the claimant alleges that he or she has suffered prohibited harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination, the Tribe or its designee shall provide notice by personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested, that the claimant is required to proceed with the Tribe's employment discrimination complaint resolution process in the event that the claimant wishes to pursue his or her claim.
  - (B) The claimant must bring his or her claim within one hundred eighty (180) days of receipt of the written notice (limitation period) of the Tribe's employment discrimination complaint resolution process as long as the notice thereof is served personally on the claimant or by certified mail with an executed return receipt by the claimant and the one hundred eighty (180)-day limitation period is prominently displayed on the front page of the notice.
  - (C) The Tribal Court or Tribal Claims Commission proceedings may be stayed until the completion of the

- Tribe's employment discrimination complaint resolution process or one hundred eighty (180) days from the date the claim was filed, whichever first occurs, unless the parties mutually agree upon a longer period.
- (D) The decision of the Tribe's employment discrimination complaint resolution process shall be in writing, shall be based on the facts surrounding the dispute, shall be a reasoned decision, and shall be rendered within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date the claim was filed, unless the parties mutually agree upon a longer period.
- (4) Within fourteen (14) days following notification that a claimant claims that he or she has suffered harassment, retaliation, or employment discrimination, the Tribe shall provide notice by personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested, that the claimant is required within the specified limitation period to first exhaust the Tribe's employment discrimination complaint resolution process, if any exists, and if dissatisfied with the resolution, is entitled to pursue his or her claim pursuant to the employment discrimination complaint resolution process described under subdivision (f)(2)(D).
- (5) Unless otherwise agreed to by the Tribe and the State, the Tribe shall adopt the ordinance specified in subdivision (f)(2) within thirty days after the Effective Date. Failure to do so shall constitute a breach of this Compact.
- (6) The Tribe shall provide written notice of the employment discrimination complaint ordinance and the procedures for bringing a complaint in its employee handbook. The Tribe also shall post and keep posted in prominent and accessible places in the Gaming Facility where notices to employees and applicants for employment are customarily posted, a notice setting forth the pertinent provisions of the employment discrimination complaint ordinance and information pertinent to the filing of a complaint.
- (g) Adopt and comply with, as a matter of tribal law, standards that are no less stringent than State laws prohibiting a gambling enterprise from

- cashing any check drawn against a federal, state, county, or city fund, including but not limited to, Social Security, unemployment insurance, disability payments, or public assistance payments.
- (h) Adopt and comply with, as a matter of tribal law, standards that are no less stringent than State laws, if any, prohibiting extensions of credit.
- (i) Comply with provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act, P.L. 91-508, October 26, 1970, 31 U.S.C. §§ 5311-5314, as amended, and all reporting requirements of the Internal Revenue Service, insofar as such provisions and reporting requirements are applicable to gambling establishments.
- Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq., the United States Department of Labor regulations implementing the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 C.F.R. § 500 et seq., the State's minimum wage law set forth in California Labor Code section 1182.12, and the State Department of Industrial Relations regulations implementing the State's minimum wage law, California Code of Regulations, title 8, section 1100 et seq. Notwithstanding the foregoing, only the federal minimum wage laws set forth in the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 Code of Federal Regulations, part 500 et seq., shall apply to tipped employees. Nothing herein shall make applicable state law concerning overtime.

### Sec. 12.4. Tribal Gaming Facility Standards Ordinance.

The Tribe shall adopt in the form of an ordinance the standards described in subdivisions (a) through (k) of section 12.3 to which the Gaming Operation and Gaming Facility are held, and shall transmit the ordinance to the State Gaming Agency not later than thirty (30) days after the effective date of this Compact. In the absence of a promulgated tribal standard in respect to a matter identified in those subdivisions, or the express adoption of an applicable federal and/or State statute or regulation, as the case may be, in respect of any such matter, the otherwise applicable federal and/or State statute or regulation shall be deemed to have been adopted by the Tribe as the applicable standard.

#### Sec. 12.5. Insurance Coverage and Claims.

(a) Not later than thirty (30) days after the effective date of this Compact, the Tribe shall establish written procedures for the disposition of tort claims arising from personal injury or property damage alleged to

have been suffered by any person who is a patron of the Gaming Facility or who is otherwise lawfully on the premises of the Gaming Facility (collectively, "Claimant"). The Tribe shall enact such tribal law as is necessary to implement these procedures. The procedures shall include all time limits applicable to the disposition of the tort claim and a provision that, upon request, the Claimant, or the Claimant's designated representative, shall be provided with a copy of the procedures as well as the name, address, and telephone number of the Gaming Operation and the appropriate contact information for the Claimant to provide any required document or materials to initiate or process the tort claim. The Tribe shall not be deemed to have waived its sovereign immunity from suit with respect to such claims by establishing such procedures or by any provision of this Compact, but agrees not to assert such immunity as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) During the term of this Compact, the Gaming Operation shall maintain a policy of commercial general liability insurance consistent with industry standards for non-tribal casinos in the United States underwritten by an insurer with an A.M. Best rating of A or higher that provides coverage of no less than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) per occurrence. The insurance policy shall include an endorsement providing that neither the insurer nor the Gaming Operation may invoke tribal sovereign immunity up to the limits of the policy set forth above with respect to any claim covered under the policy and disposed of in accordance with the Tribe's tort claims procedures, provided, that the policy shall not exclude all claims made by a Claimant for personal injury or property damage. Neither the insurer nor the Gaming Operation shall be precluded from asserting any other statutory or common law defense and provided further than any award or judgment rendered in favor of the Claimant shall be satisfied solely from insurance proceeds.

## Sec. 12.6. Participation in State Statutory Programs Related to Employment.

(a) The Tribe agrees that it will participate in the State's workers' compensation program with respect to employees employed at the Gaming Operation and the Gaming Facility. The workers' compensation program includes, but is not limited to, state laws

relating to the securing of payment of compensation through one or more insurers duly authorized to write workers' compensation insurance in this State or through self-insurance as permitted under the State's workers' compensation laws. If the Tribe participates in the State's workers' compensation program, it agrees that all disputes arising from the workers' compensation laws shall be heard by the State Workers' Compensation Appeals Board pursuant to the California Labor Code. The Tribe hereby consents to the jurisdiction of the State Workers' Compensation Appeals Board and the courts of the State of California for purposes of enforcement. The parties agree that independent contractors doing business with the Tribe are bound by all state workers' compensation laws and obligations.

(b) In lieu of participating in the State's statutory workers' compensation system, the Tribe may create and maintain a system that provides redress for Gaming Facility employees' work-related injuries through requiring insurance or self-insurance, which system must include a scope of coverage, provision of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) in medical treatment for an alleged injury until the date that liability for the claim is accepted or rejected, employee choice of physician (either after thirty (30) days from the date of the injury is reported or if a medical provider network has been established, within the medical provider network), quality and timely medical treatment provided comparable to the state's medical treatment utilization schedule, availability of an independent medical examination to resolve disagreements on appropriate treatment (by an Independent Medical Reviewer on the state's approved list, a Qualified Medical Evaluator on the state's approved list, or an Agreed Medical Examiner upon mutual agreement of the employer and employee), the right to notice, hearings before an independent tribunal, a means of enforcement against the employer, and benefits (including, but not limited to, disability, rehabilitation and return to work) comparable to those mandated for comparable employees under state law. Not later than the effective date of this Compact, or sixty (60) days prior to the commencement of Gaming Activities under this Compact, the Tribe will advise the State of its election to participate in the State's workers' compensation system or, alternatively, will forward to the State all relevant ordinances that have been adopted and all other documents establishing the system and demonstrating that the system is fully operational and compliant with the comparability standard set

- forth above. The parties agree that independent contractors doing business with the Tribe must comply with all state workers' compensation laws and obligations.
- (c) The Tribe agrees that it will participate in the State's program for providing unemployment compensation benefits and unemployment compensation disability benefits with respect to employees employed at the Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility, which participation shall include compliance with the provisions of the California Unemployment Insurance Code, and the Tribe consents to the jurisdiction of the State agencies charged with the enforcement of that code and of the courts of the State of California for purposes of enforcement.
- (d) As a matter of comity, with respect to persons, including nonresidents of California, employed at the Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility, the Tribe shall withhold all taxes due to the State as provided in the California Unemployment Insurance Code and shall forward such amounts to the State. The Tribe shall file with the Franchise Tax Board a copy of any information return filed with the Secretary of the Treasury, as provided in the California Revenue and Taxation Code and the regulations thereunder, except those pertaining to tribal members living on the Tribe's reservation. For purposes of this subdivision, "reservation" refers to the Tribe's Indian lands within the meaning of IGRA or lands otherwise held in trust for the Tribe by the United States, and "tribal members" refers to the enrolled members of the Tribe.

## Sec. 12.7. Emergency Services Accessibility.

The Tribe shall make reasonable provisions for adequate emergency fire, medical, and related relief and disaster services for patrons and employees of the Gaming Facility.

#### Sec. 12.8. Alcoholic Beverage Service.

Purchase, sale, and service of alcoholic beverages shall be subject to state alcoholic beverage laws.

#### Sec. 12.9. Possession of Firearms.

The possession of firearms by any person in the Gaming Facility is prohibited at all times, except for federal, state, or local law enforcement personnel, or tribal law enforcement or security personnel authorized by tribal law and federal or state law to possess firearms at the Gaming Facility.

#### Sec. 12.10. Labor Relations.

The Gaming Activities authorized by this Compact may only commence after the Tribe has adopted an ordinance identical to the Tribal Labor Relations Ordinance attached hereto as Appendix C, and the Gaming Activities may only continue as long as the Tribe maintains the ordinance. The Tribe shall provide written notice to the State that it has adopted the ordinance, along with a copy of the ordinance, on or before the effective date of this Compact

## SECTION 13.0. DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROVISIONS.

#### Sec. 13.1. Voluntary Resolution; Court Resolution.

In recognition of the government-to-government relationship of the Tribe and the State, the parties shall make their best efforts to resolve disputes that arise under this Compact by good faith negotiations whenever possible. Therefore, except for the right of either party to seek injunctive relief against the other when circumstances are deemed to require immediate relief, the Tribe and the State shall seek to resolve disputes by first meeting and conferring in good faith in order to foster a spirit of cooperation and efficiency in the administration and monitoring of the performance and compliance of the terms, provisions, and conditions of this Compact, as follows:

- (a) Either party shall give the other, as soon as possible after the event giving rise to the concern, a written notice setting forth the facts giving rise to the dispute and with specificity, the issues to be resolved.
- (b) The other party shall respond in writing to the facts and issues set forth in the notice within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the notice, unless both parties agree in writing to an extension of time.
- (c) The parties shall meet and confer in good faith by telephone or in person in an attempt to resolve the dispute through negotiation within

- thirty (30) days after receipt of the notice set forth in subdivision (a), unless both parties agree in writing to an extension of time.
- (d) If the dispute is not resolved to the satisfaction of the parties after the first meeting, either party may seek to have the dispute resolved by an arbitrator in accordance with this section, but neither party shall be required to agree to submit to arbitration.
- (e) Disputes that are not otherwise resolved by arbitration or other mutually agreed means may be resolved in the United States District Court in the judicial district and division where the Tribe's Gaming Facility is located, or if those federal courts lack jurisdiction, in any state court of competent jurisdiction in or over the County. The disputes to be submitted to court action include, but are not limited to, claims of breach of this Compact, provided that the remedies expressly provided in section 13.4, subdivision (a)(ii) are the sole and exclusive remedies available to either party for issues arising out of this Compact, and supersede any remedies otherwise available, whether at law, tort, contract, or in equity and, notwithstanding any other provision of law or this Compact, neither the State nor the Tribe shall be liable for damages or attorney fees in any action based in whole or in part on the fact that the parties have either entered into this Compact, or have obligations under this Compact. The parties are entitled to all rights of appeal permitted by law in the court system in which the action is brought.
- (f) In no event may the Tribe be precluded from pursuing any arbitration or judicial remedy against the State on the ground that the Tribe has failed to exhaust its State administrative remedies, and in no event may the State be precluded from pursuing any arbitration or judicial remedy against the Tribe on the ground that the State has failed to exhaust any tribal administrative remedies.

#### Sec. 13.2. Arbitration Rules for the Tribe and the State.

Arbitration between the Tribe and the State shall be conducted before a JAMS arbitrator in accordance with JAMS Comprehensive Arbitration. Discovery in the arbitration proceedings shall be governed by section 1283.05 of the California Code of Civil Procedure, provided that no discovery authorized by that section may be conducted without leave of the arbitrator. The parties shall equally bear the cost of JAMS and the JAMS arbitrator, but the arbitrator may award costs

to the prevailing party not to exceed those allowable in a suit in California superior court. Either party dissatisfied with the award of the arbitrator may at the party's election invoke the JAMS Appeal (or if those rules no longer exist, the closest equivalent). In any JAMS arbitration under this section 13.2, the cost and expenses of the JAMS Appeal shall be borne equally by the parties and the parties will bear their own attorney's fees. The arbitration shall take place within seventyfive (75) miles of the Gaming Facility, or as otherwise mutually agreed by the parties. To effectuate its consent to the foregoing arbitration procedure, the Tribe shall, in the exercise of its sovereignty, expressly waive, and also waive its right to assert, sovereign immunity in connection with the arbitrator's jurisdiction and in any state or federal court action to (i) enforce the parties' obligation to arbitrate. (ii) confirm, correct, or vacate the arbitral award rendered in the arbitration in accordance with section 1285 et seg. of the California Code of Civil Procedure, or (iii) enforce or execute a judgment based upon the award. In any such action brought with respect to the arbitration award, the parties agree that venue is proper in any state court located within the County or any federal court located in the Eastern District of California, Fresno Courthouse.

## Sec. 13.3. No Waiver or Preclusion of Other Means of Dispute Resolution.

This section 13.0 may not be construed to waive, limit, or restrict any remedy to address issues not arising out of this Compact that is otherwise available to either party, nor may this section 13.0 be construed to preclude, limit, or restrict the ability of the parties to pursue, by mutual agreement, any other method of Compact dispute resolution, including, but not limited to, mediation.

### Sec. 13.4. Limited Waiver of Sovereign Immunity.

(a) For the purpose of actions or arbitrations based on disputes between the State and the Tribe that arise under this Compact and the enforcement of any judgment or award resulting therefrom, the State and the Tribe expressly waive their right to assert their sovereign immunity from suit and enforcement of any ensuing judgment or arbitral award and consent to the arbitrator's jurisdiction and further consent to be sued in federal or state court, as the case may be, provided that (i) the dispute is limited solely to issues arising under this Compact, (ii) neither the Tribe nor the State makes any claim for restitution or monetary damages, except that payment of any money expressly required by the terms of this Compact may be sought, and solely injunctive relief, specific performance (including enforcement

of a provision of this Compact expressly requiring the payment of money to one or another of the parties), and declaratory relief (limited to a determination of the respective obligations of the parties under the Compact) may be sought, and (iii) nothing herein shall be construed to constitute a waiver of the sovereign immunity of either the Tribe or the State with respect to any third party that is made a party or intervenes as a party to the action.

- (b) In the event that intervention, joinder, or other participation by any additional party in any action between the State and the Tribe would result in the waiver of the Tribe's or the State's sovereign immunity as to that additional party, the waivers of either the Tribe or the State provided herein may be revoked, except where joinder is required, as determined by the court, to preserve the court's jurisdiction, in which case the State and the Tribe may not revoke their waivers of sovereign immunity as to each other.
- (c) The waivers and consents to jurisdiction expressly provided for under this section 13.0 and elsewhere in the Compact shall extend to all arbitrations and civil actions expressly authorized by this Compact, including actions to compel arbitration, any arbitration proceeding herein, any action to confirm, modify, or vacate any arbitral award or to enforce any judgment, and any appellate proceeding emanating from any such proceedings, whether in state or federal court.
- (d) Except as stated herein or elsewhere in this Compact, no other waivers or consents to be sued, either express or implied, are granted by either party, whether in state statute or otherwise, including but not limited to Government Code section 98005. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and provided that all conditions of the respective section or sections within section 15.0 have been met, should the State either refuse to negotiate for an amended or new compact, or fail to conduct those negotiations in good faith, nothing in this section shall prevent the Tribe from pursuing a bad faith negotiation claim against the State under 25 U.S.C. § 2710(d)(7). The Tribe agrees that its conduct of negotiations shall also be subject to a standard of good faith.

## SECTION 14.0. EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERM OF COMPACT.

#### Sec. 14.1. Effective Date.

This Compact shall not be effective unless and until all of the following have occurred:

- (a) The Compact is ratified in accordance with State law; and
- (b) Notice of approval or constructive approval is published in the Federal Register as provided in 25 U.S.C. § 2710(d)(3)(B).

## Sec. 14.2. Term of Compact; Termination.

- (a) Once effective, this Compact shall be in full force and effect for State law purposes for twenty-five (25) years following the effective date of the 2020 Compact.
- (b) Either party may bring an action in federal court, after providing a thirty (30)-day written notice of an opportunity to cure any alleged breach of this Compact, for a declaration that the other party has materially breached this Compact or that a material part of this Compact has been invalidated. Unless the declaratory judgment is stayed, upon issuance of a final, non-appealable declaratory judgment by the court, the complaining party may unilaterally terminate this Compact upon service of written notice on the other party. In the event a federal court determines that it lacks jurisdiction over such an action, the action may be brought in the Superior Court for Tulare County. The parties expressly waive, and also waive their right to assert, sovereign immunity from suit for purposes of an action under this subdivision, subject to the qualifications stated in section 13.1, subdivision (e) and section 13.4.

#### SECTION 15.0. AMENDMENTS; RENEGOTIATIONS.

#### Sec. 15.1. Amendment by Agreement.

The terms and conditions of this Compact may be amended at any time by the mutual and written agreement of both parties during the term of this Compact set forth in section 14.2, including the scope of such negotiations, provided that each party voluntarily consents to such negotiations in writing. Any amendments to this Compact shall be deemed to supersede, supplant and extinguish all previous understandings and agreements on the subject.

#### Sec. 15.2. Negotiations for a New Compact.

No sooner than eighteen (18) months before the termination date of this Compact set forth in section 14.2, either party may request the other party to enter into negotiations to extend the term of this Compact or to enter into a new Class III Gaming compact. If the parties have not agreed to extend the term of this Compact or have not entered into a new compact by the termination date in section 14.2, this Compact shall automatically be extended for eighteen (18) months. If the parties are engaged in negotiations that both parties agree in writing is proceeding towards conclusion of a new or amended compact, this Compact shall automatically extend for an additional two (2) years.

#### Sec. 15.3. Changes in the Law.

If a federal or state court decides that, as a result of a change in the law, a provision of the Compact is invalid or inoperable, but also decides that the Compact remains valid, and the court's judgment is not stayed pending appeal, the parties shall meet within thirty (30) days after the ruling of invalidity or inoperability becomes effective to negotiate in good faith a replacement for that Compact provision and other appropriate related Compact amendments. If the court's judgment is stayed pending appeal, the parties shall meet within thirty (30) days after the ruling of invalidity or inoperability is entered on appeal to negotiate in good faith a replacement for that Compact provision and other appropriate related Compact amendments.

## Sec. 15.4. Entitlement to Renegotiate Compact Based on Changed Market Conditions.

Notwithstanding sections 15.1 through 15.3, the State shall, within forty-five (45) days of the Tribe's written request, participate in good-faith negotiations with the Tribe to amend its Compact where the stated basis for the Tribe's request is changed market conditions that either (i) materially and adversely affect the Tribe's Gaming Operation such that the Tribe no longer enjoys the benefits otherwise provided by this Compact and the Tribe's obligations under this Compact therefore become unduly onerous or (ii) create new opportunities to expand its gaming operation beyond the limitations on Gaming Devices or Gaming Facilities of this Compact. The State's obligation to enter into negotiations shall

not be triggered unless the Tribe provides information adequate to prove that its request meets the required basis for negotiations pursuant to this section.

## Sec. 15.5. Entitlement to Renegotiate Compact Based on State Authorization of New Forms of Class III Gaming.

If the State authorizes Class III Gaming activities not expressly authorized in this Compact, the parties shall, at the Tribe's request, enter into good-faith negotiations pursuant to IGRA to amend section 3.0 of this Compact for the purpose of adding the newly authorized Class III Gaming activity and making other appropriate related Compact amendments.

## Sec. 15.6. Requests to Amend or to Negotiate a New Compact.

All requests to amend this Compact or to negotiate to extend the term of this Compact or to negotiate for a new Class III Gaming compact shall be in writing, addressed to the Tribal Chair or the Governor, as the case may be, and shall include the activities or circumstances to be negotiated, together with a statement of the basis supporting the request. If the request meets both the requirements of this section and sections 15.1, 15.2, 15.3, 15.4, or 15.5, the parties shall confer promptly and determine within forty-five (45) days of the request to determine (i) whether the request meets the requirements of the respective section or sections within section 15.0 and, if so, (ii) the scope of negotiations, and (iii) a schedule for commencing negotiations, and thereafter both parties shall negotiate in good faith. The Tribal Chair and the Governor of the State are hereby authorized to designate the person or agency responsible for conducting the negotiations, and shall execute any documents necessary to do so.

#### SECTION 16.0. NOTICES.

Unless otherwise indicated by this Compact, all notices required or authorized to be served shall be served by first-class mail or facsimile transmission to the following addresses, or to such other address as either party may designate by written notice to the other:

Governor Governor's Office State Capitol Sacramento, CA 95814 Tribal Chairperson Tule River Indian Tribe of California 340 N. Reservation Rd. Porterville, CA 93257

#### **SECTION 17.0. CHANGES TO IGRA.**

This Compact is intended to meet the requirements of IGRA as it reads on the effective date of this Compact, and, when reference is made to IGRA or to an implementing regulation thereof, the referenced provision is deemed to have been incorporated into this Compact as if set out in full. Subsequent changes to IGRA that diminish the rights of the State or the Tribe may not be applied retroactively to alter the terms of this Compact, except to the extent that federal law validly mandates retroactive application without the State's or the Tribe's respective consent.

#### SECTION 18.0. MISCELLANEOUS.

## Sec. 18.1. Third-Party Beneficiaries.

Notwithstanding any provision of law, this Compact is not intended to, and shall not be construed to, create any third-party beneficiary rights or interests, including without limitation any right on the part of a third party to bring an action to enforce any of its terms.

### Sec. 18.2. Complete Agreement.

This Compact, together with all appendices, sets forth the full and complete agreement of the parties and shall replace and supersede any prior compacts, amended compacts, agreements or understandings with respect to the subject matter hereof.

#### Sec. 18.3. Construction.

Neither the presence in another tribal-state Class III Gaming compact of language that is not included in this Compact, nor the absence in another tribal-state Class III Gaming compact of language that is present in this Compact shall be a factor in construing the terms of this Compact. In the event of a dispute between the parties as to the language of this Compact or the construction or meaning of any term hereof, this Compact will be deemed to have been drafted by the parties in equal parts so that no presumptions or inferences concerning its terms or interpretation may be construed against any party to this Compact.

#### Sec. 18.4. Successor Provisions.

Wherever this Compact makes reference to a specific statutory provision, regulation, or set of rules, it also applies to the provision, regulation, or rules, as

they may be amended from time to time, and any successor provision, regulation or set of rules.

### Sec. 18.5. Ordinances and Regulations.

Whenever the Tribe adopts or materially amends any ordinance or regulations required to be adopted and/or maintained under this Compact, in addition to any other Compact obligations to provide a copy to others, the Tribe shall provide a copy of such adopted or materially amended ordinance or regulations to the State Gaming Agency within thirty (30) days of the effective date of such ordinance or regulations.

#### Sec. 18.6. Calculation of Time.

In computing any period of time prescribed by this Compact, the day of the event from which the designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last day of the period so computed shall be included, unless it is a Saturday, a Sunday, or a legal holiday under the Tribe's laws, State law, or federal law. Unless otherwise specifically provided herein, the term "days" shall be construed as calendar days.

#### Sec. 18.7. Force Majeure.

In the event of a force majeure event, including but not limited to: an act of God; accident; fire; flood; earthquake; or other natural disaster; strike or other labor dispute; riot or civil commotion; act of public enemy; enactment of any rule; order or act of a government or governmental instrumentality; effects of an extended restriction of energy use; epidemics or pandemics; or other causes of a similar nature beyond the Tribe's control that causes the Tribe's Gaming Operation or Facility to be inoperable or operate at significantly less capacity; the parties agree to meet and confer for the purpose of discussing the event and appropriate actions, if any, given the circumstances. In the instance that a force majeure event impacts more than fifty percent (50%) of tribal gaming operations located in the California, the State and the Tribe agree to allow the State to elect to meet and confer with several or all tribes that have been impacted by the force majeure event for the purpose of discussing the event and appropriate actions, if any, given the circumstances.

#### Sec. 18.8. Representations.

(a) The Tribe expressly represents that as of the date of the undersigned's execution of this Compact the undersigned has the authority to

execute this Compact on behalf of the Tribe, including any waiver of sovereign immunity and the right to assert sovereign immunity therein, and will provide written proof of such authority and of the ratification of this Compact by the tribal governing body to the Governor before the Governor executes this Compact.

- (b) The Tribe further represents that it is (i) recognized as eligible by the Secretary of the Interior for special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians, and (ii) recognized by the Secretary of the Interior as possessing powers of self-government.
- (c) In entering into this Compact, the State expressly relies upon the foregoing representations by the Tribe, and the State's entry into the Compact is expressly made contingent upon the truth of those representations as of the date of the Tribe's execution of this Compact through the undersigned.
- (d) In the event the Tribe (i) asserts that the undersigned lacked the authority to execute this Compact, or (ii) in any Compact-related dispute in the limited contexts set forth in this Compact, whether or not involving the State, asserts that its waiver of sovereign immunity is not valid based upon a claim by the Tribe that the representations regarding the authority to waive or the waiver did not comply with the Tribe's laws, then the State and the Tribe agree that the Tribe shall lose all rights to conduct Class III Gaming under the terms of this Compact.

(e) The Tribe shall give notice to the State of its intent to assert that its wavier of sovereign immunity is not valid for the reasons stated in subdivision (d) at least fourteen (14) days before making that assertion and shall cease conducting Class III Gaming within thirty (30) days of making the assertion.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned sign this Compact on behalf of the State of California and the Tule River Indian Tribe of California.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

TULE RIVER INDIAN TRIBE OF

By Gavin Newsom/ Governor of the State of California

a Chairwoman of the Tule River Indian Tribe of California

By Charmaine McDarment

**CALIFORNIA** 

Executed this **25** day of **June**, 2024, at Sacramento, California

Executed this 14 day of June, 2024, at Portwille, California

ATTEST:

Shirley N. Weber, Ph.D. Secretary of State, State of California

## **APPENDICES**

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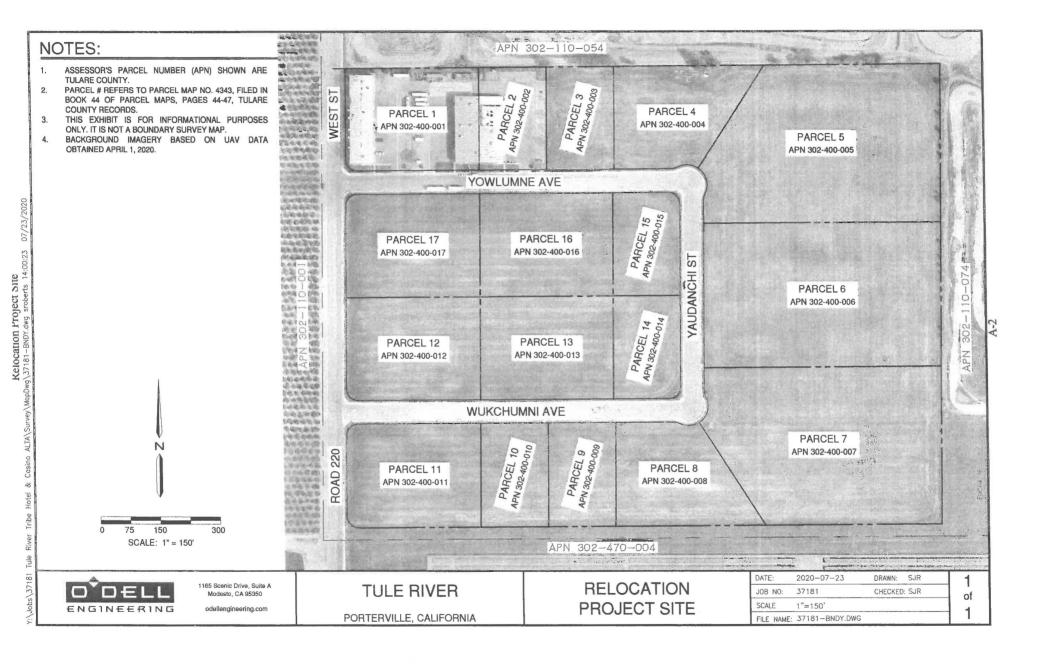
## APPENDIX A

Description and Map of the Tule River Indian Tribe of California's Gaming Eligible Land

The following parcels of land are held in trust by the United States of America for the Tule River Indian Tribe of California, in the County of Tulare, State of California and are eligible for gaming:

Bureau of Indian Affairs Tract Numbers: T5554, T5555, ST5556, T5165, T5166, T5167, T5168, T5169, T5170, T5171, T5172, T5173, T5174, T5175, T5176, T5177, T5178, T5179, T5180, T5181, T5182, T5183, T5184, T5185, T5186, T5187, T5188, T5189, T5190, T5191, T5192, T5193, T5194, and T5195.

[MAP REFLECTING LAND ON NEXT PAGE]



# APPENDIX B

# **RESERVED**

#### APPENDIX C

#### **Tribal Labor Relations Ordinance**

# Section 1: Threshold of Applicability

- (a) If the Tribe employs 250 or more persons in a tribal casino and related facility, it shall adopt this Tribal Labor Relations Ordinance ("TLRO" or "Ordinance"). For purposes of this Ordinance, a "tribal casino" is one in which class III gaming is conducted pursuant to the tribal-state compact. A "related facility" is one for which the only significant purpose is to facilitate patronage of the class III gaming operations.
- (b) Upon the request of a labor union or organization which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, or conditions of work, the Tribal Gaming Commission shall certify the number of employees in a tribal casino or other related facility as defined in subsection (a) of this Section 1. Either party may dispute the certification of the Tribal Gaming Commission to the Tribal Labor Panel, which is defined in Section 13 herein.

# **Section 2: Definition of Eligible Employees**

- (a) The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to any person (hereinafter "Eligible Employee") who is employed within a tribal casino in which class III gaming is conducted pursuant to a tribal-state compact, or other related facility, the only significant purpose of which is to facilitate patronage of the class III gaming operations, except for any of the following:
  - (1) any employee who is a supervisor, defined as any individual having authority, in the interest of the Tribe and/or employer, to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, or discipline other employees, or responsibility to direct them or to adjust their grievances, or effectively to recommend such action, if in connection with the foregoing the exercise of such authority is not of a merely routine or clerical nature, but requires the use of independent judgment;

- (2) any employee of the Tribal Gaming Commission;
- (3) any employee of the security or surveillance department, other than those who are responsible for the technical repair and maintenance of equipment;
- (4) any cash operations employee who is a "cage" employee or money counter; or
- (5) any dealer.
- (b) On [month] 1 of each year, the Tribal Gaming Commission shall certify the number of Eligible Employees employed by the Tribe to the administrator of the Tribal Labor Panel.

# Section 3: Non-Interference with Regulatory or Security Activities

Operation of this Ordinance shall not interfere in any way with the duty of the Tribal Gaming Commission to regulate the gaming operation in accordance with the Tribe's National Indian Gaming Commission- approved gaming ordinance. Furthermore, the exercise of rights hereunder shall in no way interfere with the tribal casino's surveillance/security systems, or any other internal controls system designed to protect the integrity of the Tribe's gaming operations. The Tribal Gaming Commission is specifically excluded from the definition of Eligible Employees.

# **Section 4: Eligible Employees Free to Engage in or Refrain From Concerted Activity**

Eligible Employees shall have the right to self-organization, to form, to join, or assist employee organizations, to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, to engage in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection, and shall also have the right to refrain from any or all such activities.

## **Section 5: Unfair Labor Practices for the Tribe**

It shall be an unfair labor practice for the Tribe and/or employer or their agents:

- (a) to interfere with, restrain or coerce Eligible Employees in the exercise of the rights guaranteed herein;
- (b) to dominate or interfere with the formation or administration of any labor organization or contribute financial or other support to it, but this does not restrict the Tribe and/or employer and a certified union from agreeing to union security or dues check off;
- (c) to discharge or otherwise discriminate against an Eligible Employee because s/he has filed charges or given testimony under this Ordinance; or
- (d) after certification of the labor organization pursuant to Section 10, to refuse to bargain collectively with the representatives of Eligible Employees.

#### Section 6: Unfair Labor Practices for the Union

It shall be an unfair labor practice for a labor organization or its agents:

- (a) to interfere, restrain or coerce Eligible Employees in the exercise of the rights guaranteed herein;
- (b) to engage in, or to induce or encourage any individual employed by any person engaged in commerce or in an industry affecting commerce to engage in, a strike or a primary or secondary boycott or a refusal in the course of his employment to use, manufacture, process, transport or otherwise handle or work on any goods, articles, materials, or commodities or to perform any services; or to threaten, coerce, or restrain any person engaged in commerce or in an industry affecting commerce or other terms and conditions of employment. This section does not apply to Section 11;
- (c) to force or require the Tribe and/or employer to recognize or bargain with a particular labor organization as the representative of Eligible

Employees if another labor organization has been certified as the representative of such Eligible Employees under the provisions of this TLRO;

- (d) to refuse to bargain collectively with the Tribe and/or employer, provided it is the representative of Eligible Employees subject to the provisions herein; or
- (e) to attempt to influence the outcome of a tribal governmental election, provided, however, that this section does not apply to tribal members.

# Section 7: Tribe and Union Right to Free Speech

- (a) The Tribe's and union's expression of any view, argument or opinion or the dissemination thereof, whether in written, printed, graphic or visual form, shall not constitute or be evidence of interference with, restraint, or coercion if such expression contains no threat of reprisal or force or promise of benefit.
- (b) The Tribe agrees that if a union first offers in writing that it and its local affiliates will comply with (b)(1) and (b)(2), the Tribe shall comply with the provisions of (c) and (d).
  - (1) For a period of three hundred sixty-five (365) days following delivery of a notice of intent to organize ("NOIO") to the Tribe:
    - (A) not engage in strikes, picketing, boycotts, attack websites, or other economic activity at or in relation to the tribal casino or related facility; and refrain from engaging in strike-related picketing on Indian lands as defined in 25 U.S.C. § 2703(4);
    - (B) not disparage the Tribe for purposes of organizing Eligible Employees;
    - (C) not attempt to influence the outcome of a tribal government election; and
    - (D) during the three hundred sixty-five (365) days after the Tribe receives the NOIO, the union must collect dated

and signed authorization cards pursuant to Section 10 herein and complete the secret ballot election also in Section 10 herein. Failure to complete the secret ballot election within the three hundred sixty-five (365) days after the Tribe receives the NOIO shall mean that the union shall not be permitted to deliver another NOIO for a period of two years (730 days).

- (2) Resolve all issues, including collective bargaining impasses, through the binding dispute resolution mechanisms set forth in Section 13 herein.
- (c) Upon receipt of a NOIO, the Tribe shall:
  - (1) within two (2) days provide to the union an election eligibility list containing the full first and last names of the Eligible Employees within the sought-after bargaining unit and the Eligible Employees' last known addresses and telephone numbers and email addresses;
  - (2) for period of three hundred sixty-five (365) days thereafter, the Tribe will not do any action nor make any statement that directly or indirectly states or implies any opposition by the Tribe to the selection by such employees of a collective bargaining agent, or preference for or opposition to any particular union as a bargaining agent. This includes refraining from making derisive comments about unions; publishing or posting pamphlets, fliers, letters, posters, or any other communication which could reasonably be interpreted as criticizing the union or advising Eligible Employees to vote "no" against the union. However, the Tribe shall be free at all times to fully inform Eligible Employees about the terms and conditions of employment it provides to employees and the advantages of working for the Tribe; and
  - (3) resolve all issues, including collective bargaining impasses, through the binding dispute resolution mechanisms set forth in Section 13 herein.

- (d) The union's offer in subsection (b) of this Section 7 shall be deemed an offer to accept the entirety of this Ordinance as a bilateral contract between the Tribe and the union, and the Tribe agrees to accept such offer. By entering into such bilateral contract, the union and the Tribe mutually waive any right to file any form of action or proceeding with the National Labor Relations Board for the three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period following the NOIO.
- (e) The Tribe shall mandate that any entity responsible for all or part of the operation of the casino and related facility shall assume the obligations of the Tribe under this Ordinance. If at the time of the management contract, the Tribe recognizes a labor organization as the representative of its employees, certified pursuant to this Ordinance, the labor organization will provide the contractor, upon request, the election officer's certification which constitutes evidence that the labor organization has been determined to be the majority representative of the Tribe's Eligible Employees.

## **Section 8: Access to Eligible Employees**

- (a) Access shall be granted to the union for the purposes of organizing Eligible Employees, provided that such organizing activity shall not interfere with patronage of the casino or related facility or with the normal work routine of the Eligible Employees and shall be done on non-work time in non-work areas that are designated as employee break rooms or locker rooms that are not open to the public. The Tribe may require the union and or union organizers to be subject to the same licensing rules applied to individuals or entities with similar levels of access to the casino or related facility, provided that such licensing shall not be unreasonable, discriminatory, or designed to impede access.
- (b) The Tribe, in its discretion, may also designate additional voluntary access to the union in such areas as employee parking lots and non-casino facilities located on tribal lands.
- (c) In determining whether organizing activities potentially interfere with normal tribal work routines, the union's activities shall not be permitted if the Tribal Labor Panel determines that they compromise the operation of the casino:

- (1) security and surveillance systems throughout the casino, and reservation;
- (2) access limitations designed to ensure security;
- (3) internal controls designed to ensure security; or
- (4) other systems designed to protect the integrity of the Tribe's gaming operations, tribal property and/or safety of casino personnel, patrons, employees or tribal members, residents, guests or invitees.
- (d) The Tribe agrees to facilitate the dissemination of information from the union to Eligible Employees at the tribal casino by allowing posters, leaflets and other written materials to be posted in non-public employee break areas where the Tribe already posts announcements pertaining to Eligible Employees. Actual posting of such posters, notices, and other materials shall be by employees desiring to post such materials.

## Section 9: Indian Preference Explicitly Permitted

Nothing herein shall preclude the Tribe from giving Indian preference in employment, promotion, seniority, lay-offs or retention to members of any federally recognized Indian tribe or shall in any way affect the Tribe's right to follow tribal law, ordinances, personnel policies or the Tribe's customs or traditions regarding Indian preference in employment, promotion, seniority, lay-offs or retention. Moreover, in the event of a conflict between tribal law, tribal ordinance or the Tribe's customs and traditions regarding Indian preference and this Ordinance, the tribal law, tribal ordinance, or the Tribe's customs and traditions shall govern.

#### Section 10: Secret Ballot Elections

(a) The election officer shall be chosen within three (3) business days of notification by the labor organization to the Tribe of its intention to present authorization cards, and the same election officer shall preside thereafter for all proceedings under the request for recognition; provided, however, that if the election officer resigns, dies, or is

incapacitated for any other reason from performing the functions of this office, a substitute election officer shall be selected in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions herein. Dated and signed authorization cards from thirty percent (30%) or more of the Eligible Employees within the bargaining unit verified by the election officer will result in a secret ballot election. The election officer shall make a determination as to whether the required thirty percent (30%) showing has been made within one (1) working day after the submission of authorization cards. If the election officer determines the required thirty percent (30%) showing of interest has been made, the election officer shall issue a notice of election. The election shall be concluded within thirty (30) calendar days of the issuance of the notice of election.

- (b) Upon the showing of interest to the election officer pursuant to subsection (a), within two (2) working days the Tribe shall provide to the union an election eligibility list containing the full first and last names of the Eligible Employees within the sought after bargaining unit and the Eligible Employees' last known addresses and telephone numbers and email addresses. Nothing herein shall preclude the Tribe from voluntarily providing an election eligibility list at an earlier point of a union organizing campaign with or without an election. The election shall be conducted by the election officer by secret ballot pursuant to procedures set forth in a consent election agreement in substantially the same form as Attachment 1. In the event either that a party refuses to enter into the consent election agreement or that the parties do not agree on the terms, the election officer shall issue an order that conforms to the terms of the form consent election agreement and shall have authority to decide any terms upon which the parties have not agreed, after giving the parties the opportunity to present their views in writing or in a telephonic conference call. The election officer shall be a member of the Tribal Labor Panel chosen in the same manner as a single arbitrator pursuant to the dispute resolution provisions herein at Section 13(b)(2). All questions concerning representation of the Tribe and/or Eligible Employees by a labor organization shall be resolved by the election officer.
- (c) The election officer shall certify the labor organization as the exclusive collective bargaining representative of a unit of employees if the labor organization has received the support of a majority of the

Eligible Employees in a secret ballot election that the election officer determines to have been conducted fairly. The numerical threshold for certification is fifty percent (50%) of the Eligible Employees plus one. If the election officer determines that the election was conducted unfairly due to misconduct by the Tribe and/or employer or union, the election officer may order a re-run election. If the election officer determines that there was the commission of serious Unfair Labor Practices by the Tribe, or in the event the union made the offer provided for in Section 7(b) that the Tribe violated its obligations under Section 7(c), that interferes with the election process and precludes the holding of a fair election, and the labor organization is able to demonstrate that it had the support of a majority of the employees in the unit at any time before or during the course of the Tribe's misconduct, the election officer shall certify the labor organization as the exclusive bargaining representative.

- (d) The Tribe or the union may appeal within five (5) days any decision rendered after the date of the election by the election officer to a three (3) member panel of the Tribal Labor Panel mutually chosen by both parties, provided that the Tribal Labor Panel must issue a decision within thirty (30) days after receiving the appeal.
- (e) A union which loses an election and has exhausted all dispute remedies related to the election may not invoke any provisions of this Ordinance at that particular casino or related facility until one (1) year after the election was lost.

# **Section 11: Collective Bargaining Impasse**

- (a) Upon recognition, the Tribe and the union will negotiate in good faith for a collective bargaining agreement covering bargaining unit employees represented by the union.
- (b) Except where the union has made the written offer set forth in Section 7(b), if collective bargaining negotiations result in impasse, the union shall have the right to strike. Strike-related picketing shall not be conducted on Indian lands as defined in 25 U.S.C. § 2703(4).

(c) Where the union makes the offer set forth in Section 7(b), if collective bargaining negotiations result in impasse, the matter shall be resolved as set forth in Section 13(c).

# Section 12: Decertification of Bargaining Agent

- (a) The filing of a petition signed by thirty percent (30%) or more of the Eligible Employees in a bargaining unit seeking the decertification of a certified union will result in a secret ballot election. The election officer shall make a determination as to whether the required thirty percent (30%) showing has been made within one (1) working day after the submission of authorization cards. If the election officer determines the required thirty percent (30%) showing of interest has been made, the election officer shall issue a notice of election. The election shall be concluded within thirty (30) calendar days of the issuance of the notice of election.
- (b) The election shall be conducted by an election officer by secret ballot pursuant to procedures set forth in a consent election agreement in substantially the same form as Attachment 1. The election officer shall be a member of the Tribal Labor Panel chosen in the same manner as a single arbitrator pursuant to the dispute resolution provisions herein at Section 13(b)(2). All questions concerning the decertification of the union shall be resolved by an election officer. The election officer shall be chosen upon notification to the Tribe and the union of the intent of the Eligible Employees to present a decertification petition, and the same election officer shall preside thereafter for all proceedings under the request for decertification; provided however that if the election officer resigns, dies or is incapacitated for any other reason from performing the functions of this office, a substitute election officer shall be selected in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions herein.
- (c) The election officer shall order the labor organization decertified as the exclusive collective bargaining representative if a majority of the Eligible Employees support decertification of the labor organization in a secret ballot election that the election officer determines to have been conducted fairly. The numerical threshold for decertification is fifty percent (50%) of the Eligible Employees plus one (1). If the election officer determines that the election was conducted unfairly

- due to misconduct by the Tribe and/or employer or the union the election officer may order a re-run election or dismiss the decertification petition.
- (d) A decertification proceeding may not begin until one (1) year after the certification of a labor union if there is no collective bargaining agreement. Where there is a collective bargaining agreement, a decertification petition may only be filed no more than ninety (90) days and no less than sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of a collective bargaining agreement. A decertification petition may be filed any time after the expiration of a collective bargaining agreement.
- (e) The Tribe or the union may appeal within five (5) days any decision rendered after the date of the election by the election officer to a three (3) member panel of the Tribal Labor Panel chosen in accordance with Section 13(c), provided that the Tribal Labor Panel must issue a decision within thirty (30) days after receiving the appeal.

## **Section 13: Binding Dispute Resolution Mechanism**

- (a) All issues shall be resolved exclusively through the binding dispute resolution mechanisms herein.
- (b) The method of binding dispute resolution shall be a resolution by the Tribal Labor Panel, consisting of ten (10) arbitrators appointed by mutual selection of the parties which panel shall serve all tribes that have adopted this Ordinance. The Tribal Labor Panel shall have authority to hire staff and take other actions necessary to conduct elections, determine units, determine the scope of negotiations, hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, take testimony, and conduct all other activities needed to fulfill its obligations under this Ordinance.
  - (1) Each member of the Tribal Labor Panel shall have relevant experience in federal labor law and/or federal Indian law with preference given to those with experience in both. Names of individuals may be provided by such sources as, but not limited to, Indian Dispute Services, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, and the American Academy of Arbitrators.

- (2) Unless either party objects, one (1) arbitrator from the Tribal Labor Panel will render a binding decision on the dispute under this Ordinance. If either party objects, the dispute will be decided by a three (3)-member panel, unless arbitrator scheduling conflicts prevent the arbitration from occurring within thirty (30) days of selection of the arbitrators, in which case a single arbitrator shall render a decision. If one (1) arbitrator will be rendering a decision, five (5) Tribal Labor Panel names shall be submitted to the parties and each party may strike no more than two (2) names. If the dispute will be decided by a three (3)-member panel, seven (7) Tribal Labor Panel names will be submitted and each party can strike no more than two (2) names. A coin toss shall determine which party may strike the first name. The arbitrator will generally follow the American Arbitration Association's procedural rules relating to labor dispute resolution. The arbitrator must render a written, binding decision that complies in all respects with the provisions of this Ordinance within thirty (30) days after a hearing.
- (c) Upon certification of a union in accordance with Section 10 of this Ordinance, the Tribe and union shall negotiate for a period of ninety (90) days after certification. If, at the conclusion of the ninety (90)-day period, no collective bargaining agreement is reached and either the union and/or the Tribe believes negotiations are at an impasse, at the request of either party, the matter shall be submitted to mediation with the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service. The costs of mediation and conciliation shall be borne equally by the parties.
  - (2) Upon appointment, the mediator shall immediately schedule meetings at a time and location reasonably accessible to the parties. Mediation shall proceed for a period of thirty (30) days. Upon expiration of the thirty (30)-day period, if the parties do not resolve the issues to their mutual satisfaction, the mediator shall certify that the mediation process has been exhausted. Upon mutual agreement of the parties, the mediator may extend the mediation period.

- (3) Within twenty-one (21) days after the conclusion of mediation, the mediator shall file a report that resolves all of the issues between the parties and establishes the final terms of a collective bargaining agreement, including all issues subject to mediation and all issues resolved by the parties prior to the certification of the exhaustion of the mediation process. With respect to any issues in dispute between the parties, the report shall include the basis for the mediator's determination. The mediator's determination shall be supported by the record.
- (d) In resolving the issues in dispute, the mediator may consider those factors commonly considered in similar proceedings.
- (e) Either party may seek a motion to compel arbitration or a motion to confirm or vacate an arbitration award, under this Section 13, in the appropriate state superior court, unless a bilateral contract has been created in accordance with Section 7, in which case either party may proceed in federal court. The Tribe agrees to a limited waiver of its sovereign immunity for the sole purpose of compelling arbitration or confirming or vacating an arbitration award issued pursuant to this Ordinance in the appropriate state superior court or in federal court. The parties are free to put at issue whether or not the arbitration award exceeds the authority of the Tribal Labor Panel.

## Attachment 1

### CONSENT ELECTION AGREEMENT PROCEDURES

Pursuant to the Tribal Labor Relations Ordinance adopted pursuant to section 12.10 of the compact, the undersigned parties hereby agree as follows:

- 1. Jurisdiction. The Tribe is a federally recognized Indian tribal government subject to the Ordinance; and each employee organization named on the ballot is an employee organization within the meaning of the Ordinance; and the employees described in the voting unit are Eligible Employees within the meaning of the Ordinance.
- 2. Election. An election by secret ballot shall be held under the supervision of the election officer among the Eligible Employees as defined in Section 2 of the Ordinance of the Tribe named above, and in the manner described below, to determine which employee organization, if any, shall be certified to represent such employees pursuant to the Ordinance.
- 3. Voter Eligibility. Unless otherwise indicated below, the eligible voters shall be all Eligible Employees who were employed on the eligibility cutoff date indicated below, and who are still employed on the date they cast their ballots in the election, i.e., the date the voted ballot is received by the election officer. Eligible Employees who are ill, on vacation, on leave of absence or sabbatical, temporarily laid off, and employees who are in the military service of the United States shall be eligible to vote.
- 4. Voter Lists. The Tribe shall electronically file with the election officer a list of eligible voters within two (2) business days after receipt of notice of election.
- 5. Notice of Election. The election officer shall serve a notice of election on the Tribe and on each party to the election. The notice of election shall contain a sample ballot, a description of the voting unit and information regarding the balloting process. Upon receipt, the Tribe shall post such notice of election conspicuously on all employee bulletin boards in each facility of the employer in which members of the voting unit are employed. Once a notice of election is posted, where the union has made the written offer set forth in Section 7(b) of the Tribal Labor Relations Ordinance, the Tribe shall continue to refrain from

publishing or posting pamphlets, fliers, letters, posters or any other communication which should be interpreted as criticism of the union or advises employees to vote "no" against the union. The Tribe shall be free at all times to fully inform employees about the terms and conditions of employment it provides to employees and the advantages of working for the Tribe.

- 6. Challenges. The election officer or an authorized agent of any party to the election may challenge, for good cause, the eligibility of a voter. Any challenges shall be made prior to the tally of the ballots.
- 7. Tally of Ballots. At the time and place indicated below, ballots shall be co-mingled and tabulated by the election officer. Each party shall be allowed to station an authorized agent at the ballot count to verify the tally of ballots. At the conclusion of the counting, the election officer shall serve a Tally of Ballots on each party.
- 8. Objections and Post-election Procedures. Objections to the conduct of the election may be filed with the election officer within five (5) calendar days following the service of the Tally of Ballots. Service and proof of service is required.
- 9. Runoff Election. In the event a runoff election is necessary, it shall be conducted at the direction of the election officer.
- 10. Wording on Ballot. The choices on the ballot shall appear in the wording and order enumerated below.

FIRST: [\*\*\*]
SECOND: [\*\*\*]
THIRD: [\*\*\*]

- 11. Cutoff Date for Voter Eligibility. [\*\*\*]
- 12. Description of the Balloting Process. A secret ballot election will take place within thirty (30) days after delivery of the voter list referenced in paragraph 4. The employer will determine the location or locations of the polling places for the election. There must be at least one (1) neutral location (such as a high school, senior center, or similar facility) which is not within the gaming facility and employees must also be afforded the option of voting by mail through procedures established by the election officer. Such procedures must include

provisions that provide meaningful protection for each employee's ability to make an informed and voluntary individual choice on the issue of whether to accept or reject a union. Such procedures must also ensure that neither employer nor union representatives shall observe employees personally marking, signing, and placing their ballot in the envelope. Only voters, designated observers and the election officer or supporting staff can be present in the polling area. Neither employer nor union representatives may campaign in or near the polling area. If the election officer or supporting staff questions an employee's eligibility to vote in the election, the ballot will be placed in a sealed envelope until eligibility is determined. The box will be opened under the supervision of the election officer when voting is finished. Ballots submitted by mail must be received by the election officer no later than the day of the election in order to be counted in the official tally of ballots.

13. Voter List Format and Filing Deadline. Not later than two (2) business days after receipt of the notice of election, the Tribe shall file with the election officer, at [\*\*address\*\*], an alphabetical list of all eligible voters including their job titles, work locations and home addresses.

Copies of the list shall be served concurrently on the designated representative for the [\*\*\*]; proof of service must be concurrently filed with the election officer.

In addition, the Tribe shall submit to the election officer on or before [\*\*\*], by electronic mail, a copy of the voter list in an Excel spreadsheet format, with columns labeled as follows: First Name, Last Name, Street Address, City, State, and Zip Code. Work locations and job titles need not be included in the electronic file. The file shall be sent to [\*\*\*].

- 14. Notice of Election. The notice of election shall be posted by the Tribe no later than [\*\*\*].
- 15. Date, Time and Location of Counting of Ballots. The counting of ballots shall begin at [\*\*time\*\*] on [\*\*date\*\*], at the [\*\*address\*\*].

16. Each signatory to this Agreement hereby declares under penalty of perjury that s/he is a duly authorized agent empowered to enter into this Consent Election Agreement.

(Name of Party)	(Name of Party)
Ву	Ву
(Title) (Date)	(Title) (Date)

(Name of Party)	(Name of Party)
Ву	Ву
(Title) (Date)	(Title) (Date)

Date approved:

[\*\*Author\*\*]
Election Officer

#### APPENDIX D

## **Off-Track Satellite Wagering**

WHEREAS, the State of California (State) permits and regulates parimutuel wagering on horse racing (also known as off-track wagering) at authorized satellite wagering facilities (also known as simulcast wagering facilities) at various locations within the State, under the terms of California Business and Professions Code section 19400 et seq. (California Horse Racing Law); and

WHEREAS, the California Horse Racing Board (Board) is the agency established under California law to administer and enforce all laws, rules, and regulations affecting horse racing and pari-mutuel wagering within the State and has enacted regulations that appear at title 4, division 4 of the California Code of Regulations, regulating the conduct of pari-mutuel and simulcast wagering on the results of horse races (Board Rules and Regulations); and

WHEREAS, operation of a satellite wagering facility is a Class III Gaming activity under IGRA; and

WHEREAS, the Tule River Indian Tribe of California (Tribe) has duly enacted its Gaming Ordinance, which permits Class III Gaming activities on and within the Tule River Indian Reservation if conducted in conformity with an applicable tribal-state compact (Compact); and

WHEREAS, section 3.0, subdivision (a)(4), of the Tribe's Compact authorizes and permits the Tribe to offer off-track wagering on horse races at a satellite wagering facility pursuant to the requirements of this Appendix; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe and the State each recognize the sovereign authority and interests of the other in regulating gaming activities within their respective areas of jurisdiction and in ensuring that off-track wagering on horse races is conducted fairly, honestly, professionally and in a manner that promotes the California horse racing industry.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth herein, the Tribe and the State agree as follows:

## Sec. 1.0. Definitions.

Except where the context otherwise requires, the terms employed in this Appendix shall have the same meanings ascribed to them in the California Horse

Racing Law, the Board Rules and Regulations, and in the Compact, as they may be modified or amended from time to time during the term of the Compact. Whenever reference to the Compact is made in this Appendix, that reference shall be understood to also include any Class III Gaming compact between the Tribe and the State to amend or replace the Compact that may hereafter be entered into and that is in effect. A satellite wagering machine is a device used solely to conduct off-track wagering on horse races authorized by this Appendix, and such a machine shall not be treated as a Gaming Device as defined in the Compact, including for the purpose of calculating the number of Gaming Devices operated by the Tribe under the Compact.

## Sec. 2.0. Purpose.

The purpose of this Appendix is to establish and declare the terms upon which off-track wagering in a satellite wagering facility may be established and operated by the Tribe in its Gaming Facility as a means of developing self-sufficiency and generating additional revenues necessary to provide tribal services and programs, while providing the State and the Tribe with an effective means of regulating such activities in accordance with IGRA.

# Sec. 3.0. Authorization to Operate Satellite Wagering Facility.

The Tribe is authorized to establish and operate off-track wagering on horse races in a satellite wagering facility (Satellite Facility) upon the Tule River Indian Reservation within its Gaming Facility, provided that the Tribe completes and submits to the Board an Application for Authorization to Operate a Simulcast Wagering Facility (Form CHRB-25, or such form as may be revised), and such Satellite Facility is operated in conformity with IGRA, this Appendix, and the Compact. To the extent there may be provisions in the Compact that are in conflict with provisions in the California Horse Racing Law or the Board Rules and Regulations that are specific to the conduct of off-track wagering on horse races at a satellite wagering facility, the California Horse Racing Law and the Board Rules and Regulations, and the terms of this Appendix, shall control.

(a) Satellite Facility. For purposes of this Appendix, a site within a Gaming Facility authorized under Compact section 4.2, which shall be clearly demarcated, shall be approved as the Tribe's Satellite Facility, provided that, upon inspection by the Board, the Board finds that the Satellite Facility complies with the substantive requirements of the California Horse Racing Law and the Board Rules and Regulations. References to the Satellite Facility in this Appendix shall refer only to

the portion of the Gaming Facility that has been demarcated as the Satellite Facility and shall not refer to any other portion of the Gaming Facility.

- (b) <u>Continuing Obligation to Maintain Satellite Facility</u>. The Tribe agrees to maintain its Satellite Facility in a manner that complies with all applicable satellite wagering facility requirements made applicable by this Appendix at all times; provided, however, that the Tribe retains sole discretion to cease operation of the Satellite Facility.
- (c) Except as provided in this Appendix, no prohibition upon, or regulation of, the establishment or operation of the Satellite Facility will be imposed upon the Tribe by the State.

# Sec. 4.0. Agreements with Satellite Operating Organizations.

In order to permit the conduct of off-track wagering on horse races through intrastate satellite wagering and out-of-state satellite wagering at the Satellite Facility, the Tribe is hereby authorized to enter into agreements with any satellite operating organization that is established pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 19608.2, subdivision (a) or other provision of the California Horse Racing Law or the Board's Rules and Regulations, and which organization provides the audiovisual signal of, and operates satellite wagering on, racing events authorized to be received in the northern zone. No such satellite operating organization shall refuse to enter into such an agreement with the Tribe on the ground that the Tribe is not an entity eligible to be authorized to operate a satellite wagering facility under state law, or that the proposed agreement with the Tribe is otherwise inconsistent with any other provision of state law, or with the Board Rules and Regulations, as long as the proposed agreement between the Tribe and the satellite operating organization complies with federal law and with the terms of this Appendix. A copy of any such agreement entered into by the Tribe shall be provided to the Board at the location of the Board's headquarters within thirty (30) days after its execution. Except as herein provided, nothing in this Appendix is intended to alter in any way the rights of the satellite operating organization under state law.

#### Sec. 5.0. Distribution of Handle.

(a) (1) <u>Generally</u>. The amounts deducted from pari-mutuel wagers at the Satellite Facility, and the distribution of such amounts, shall be the same as those provided for under the California Horse Racing Law

and the Board Rules and Regulations for satellite wagering facilities, other than fairs, in the northern zone.

(2) State License Fee. In the event that during the term of the Compact, California law is amended to authorize the State to collect a state license fee, or a fee equivalent thereto, from the wagers placed at the Satellite Facility, the Tribe and the State shall promptly meet and confer as to whether that state license fee may be imposed on the Tribe under federal law. Any dispute as to this issue shall be resolved under the dispute resolutions provisions of section 13.0 of the Compact.

# (b) <u>Additional Provisions for Purposes of Business and Professions Code</u> Section 19605.7.

- (1) The Tribe and the satellite operating organization may agree between them and may specify by incorporating into the agreement described in this Appendix, section 4.0, how the percentages of the handle specified in Business and Professions Code section 19605.7, subdivision (c), and designated for promotion of the program at the Satellite Facility, shall be distributed and expended; and
- (2) The Tribe shall be deemed to be the equivalent of the county, or city (as applicable), and entitled to the 0.33% of the handle distributed to the local government within which the Satellite Facility is located, as specified in Business and Professions Code section 19605.7, subdivision (d), and the Tribe shall receive that distribution instead of Tulare County or the City of Porterville (as applicable).

# Sec. 6.0. Right of Entry.

The Tribe hereby grants the Board a right of entry onto the Tule River Indian Reservation lands solely for purposes of inspecting its Satellite Facility and monitoring compliance with this Appendix. Such inspection or other site visits shall be conducted by the Board in accordance with the same schedules, policies, and procedures that the Board customarily applies to satellite wagering facilities licensed under state law. Except when entering, leaving, or remaining in the public areas of the Satellite Facility during normal operating hours, Board members or personnel shall notify the Tribal Gaming Agency, as defined in the Compact, when

they seek access to the restricted (i.e., non-public) areas of the Satellite Facility. Inspections of the non-public areas of the Satellite Facility and inspections, copying, and maintenance of papers, books and records, which shall remain the property of the Tribe, shall be conducted in accordance with the Compact. Nothing in this Appendix shall preclude the State Gaming Agency, as defined in the Compact, from entry into the Satellite Facility to carry out all activities, rights, and duties provided to the State Gaming Agency by the Compact.

# Sec. 7.0. Concurrent Tribal Authority.

Nothing contained herein shall operate to preclude the Tribe from exercising such additional and concurrent regulatory authority as it may otherwise possess over the Gaming Activities authorized under this Appendix; provided, however, that any regulatory authority exercised by the Tribe over the Gaming Activities authorized in this Appendix shall be no less stringent than that which the Board would exercise over off-track wagering on horse races at satellite wagering facilities approved under state law.

# Sec. 8.0. Consent Under Interstate Horse Racing Act.

To the extent that acceptance of interstate off-track wagers on horse races is authorized by California law and the Board, the execution of the Compact by the State shall constitute consent to acceptance of interstate off-track wagers by the satellite operating organization at the Satellite Facility, as required under 15 U.S.C. § 3004(a)(3). Either the State, or the Board or its successor, if requested, shall acknowledge in writing the consent given herein.

### Sec. 9.0. Licenses Generally.

Subject to compliance with the terms of this Appendix, the Tribe shall not be required to obtain or possess a license from the Board in order to establish and operate a satellite wagering facility within its Gaming Facility, and shall not be required to obtain any other license under state law in connection with its operation of its Satellite Facility, except as may be required under the Compact.

## Sec. 10.0. Licensing of Employees.

(a) Administrative and managerial personnel who exercise control over other persons licensed by the Board or the operation of satellite wagering, or whose duties routinely require access to restricted areas of the Satellite Facility, and clerical and other employees employed in a restricted area of the Satellite Facility, shall hold a valid license

issued by the Board, if the person is required to be licensed pursuant to section 1481 of the Board Rules and Regulations; provided that this requirement shall not apply to tribal public safety officers and security personnel of the Gaming Facility who regularly patrol the Satellite Facility in the course of performing their normal, assigned duties, but who are not assigned to remain therein continuously; and provided further that for the purposes of this Appendix, the restricted area of the Satellite Facility shall mean those areas within the Satellite Facility where admission can be obtained only upon presentation of authorized credentials or proper license, including those areas designated as the pari-mutuel department.

- (b) If required by any of the Tribe's ordinances, regulations, or rules, every person employed at the Satellite Facility on the Tule River Indian Reservation shall:
  - (1) hold a valid license issued by the Tribal Gaming Agency; or
  - (2) be approved by the Tribal Gaming Agency for such employment.

## Sec. 11.0. Security Control Over Satellite Facility.

The Tribe shall maintain such security controls over its Satellite Facility and premises, including the presence of licensed security personnel, as the Board's Chief Investigator shall direct; and shall remove, deny access to, eject, or exclude persons whose presence within the Satellite Facility is inimical to the interests of the State as provided by sections 1980 and 1989 of the Board Rules and Regulations, or to the interests of the Tribe in operating an honest, legitimate satellite facility. Persons prohibited from wagering or excluded from the Satellite Facility pursuant to sections 1980 through 1989 of the Rules and Regulations shall have the right to a hearing thereon pursuant to the Board Rules and Regulations, and the Tribe shall abide by the Board's decision following such hearing; however, nothing in this section shall affect the Tribe's power to exclude or remove persons from the Tule River Indian Reservation, Gaming Facility, or Satellite Facility pursuant to federal law and the Tribe's laws, regulations, rules, or policies.

## Sec. 12.0. Civil Regulation.

(a) <u>Generally</u>. Except as modified by this Appendix, and except to the extent that they are in conflict with federal law, all provisions of the California Constitution and all provisions of California Horse Racing

Law that specifically and directly pertain to the conduct of off-track wagering on horse races at a satellite wagering facility, and all rules, regulations, policies, and regulatory and enforcement practices of the Board or its successor, which are now in existence or which may hereafter be enacted, adopted or from time to time amended, and that apply generally to satellite wagering facilities within the State, are hereby incorporated into this Appendix and shall be applicable to the Satellite Facility authorized by this Appendix to the same extent and in the same manner as they apply to satellite wagering facilities in operation within the state generally.

(b) Non-Discrimination in Enforcement. In exercising the regulatory enforcement authority granted herein, such authority and the application of the Board Rules and Regulations and procedures shall not be exercised by the Board in a manner that discriminates against the Tribe or is more stringent than that applied to state-licensed satellite wagering facilities in operation within the State generally.

## Sec. 13.0. Suitability Standard Regarding Licensing.

It is the Tribe's and the State's intent that the licensing of persons, entities, and financial sources directly providing services or materials to the Tribe's Satellite Facility shall involve joint cooperation between the Tribal Gaming Agency and the Board. Except as modified by this Appendix, the Tribe agrees to comply with all licensing requirements, procedures, and standards relevant to satellite wagering facilities that are set forth in the California Horse Racing Law and the Board's Rules and Regulations.

## Sec. 14.0. Governing Law.

This Appendix shall be governed by and construed in accordance with federal law (including but not limited to IGRA) and the laws of the State to the extent those laws are not inconsistent with federal law; provided, however, that provisions of State law and regulations expressly incorporated into this Appendix shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State.